THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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"NO RESPITE WANTED HERE," SAYS WELLS

Condemned To Die, W. R. Wells Faces End Calmly and Says He Is Prepared.

"I DON'T EXPECT GOVERNOR TO COMMUTE SENTENCE"

In Discussing the Murder of Frederick Pearce, Wells States That He Acted Under the Influence of Blind Passion and Out of His Mind.

W. R. Wells, condemned to hang next Monday for the murder of Frederick Pearce, a blind man, declared yesterday afternoon that he does not desire his life prolonged by respite from Governor Candler. He states that he is prepared and ready to die and wants an end put to his suffering at the appointed time. Governor Candler is to act this morning on the petition for a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment.

"I do not expect the governor to take any action in my case unless it is to grant me a respite for twenty or thirty days," said the doomed man yesterday afternoon. "I do not want a respite, for this only makes a man linger and suffer more. I want the ordeal over with as soon as possible, so I will be out of my suffering. I can only hope that the governor will see fit to extend me clemency.

"I am ready to go," he continued. "I am putting my whole faith and trust in God and I know He will not forsake me. If I had only realized this fact ten years ago I would not be behind these prison bars and in this situation, but would be free and a different man. I realize the great mistake I have made in this respect. I have found out that our friends on earth will forsake us when we are in trouble, but I know that God will always love us and never forsake us."

Wells in Good Spirits.

Although he knew that the prison commission had declined to interfere with the execution of the death sentence, Wells was in good spirits yesterday and apparently greatly enjoyed carrying on a conversation. He said that he felt even better than he did the day previous. He appeared to believe there is little hope for him and seemed perfectly resigned to his fate. His nerve is holding up remarkable well, although he says that attacks of heart disease and asthma sometimes cause him nervousness.

The prisoner was removed yesterday from murderer's row to a cell on the fourth floor of the Tower and the death watch was placed over him. C. H. Bankston went on duty at noon and was relieved last night at midnight by Wiley Roberts. He will do duty until noon today. The two men will watch over Wells and remain near him alternately until he is led from his cell to the gallows.

At noon yesterday Wells was taken from his cell and given a bath, which he enjoyed very much. His wife visited him twice yesterday, once in the morning and again in the afternoon. The meetings between the husband and wife were affecting. Wells retains a good appetite and sleeps well.

Dr. W. C. Fisher, the county physician, has taken much interest in the condemned man and yesterday instructed Jailer Buran to order anything that Wells may desire and present the bill to him. A big piece of ice and some cool water was sent to the cell yesterday and the officials are endeavoring to render the last days of the prisoner as comfortable as possible.

Says He Was Crazy.

In conversation yesterday afternoon Wells talked freely of the killing of Pearce and declared that he was irresponsible for the act.

"I did not know what I was doing," said he, "and at that time I was as crazy as any person in the insane asylum. I would not have done it for anything in the world. When I was just two years old a grown relative struck me in the head with a rock and fractured my skull in three places.

"On the day of the difficulty Pearce hit me with a stick on the injured spot and this addled me considerably. I held him for a few minutes and begged him to let me alone. I then walked away and he followed me, striking me on the side of the head with the stick. The blow knocked me perfectly crazy and I did not know what I was doing. I do not even remember when I pulled my knife. This is the truth and nothing but the truth of the affair. It is the truth if it was ever told."

Son Goes with Soldiers.

Wells has a son 18 years of age, who belongs to the Fifth regiment state militia. Thursday the young man visited the Tower, bid his father an affectionate and last goodby and a short while later departed with the regiment for Wrightsville Beach, N. C., on a ten days' camping expedition. When the father goes on the gallows Monday and expiates his crime, the son will be miles away following the routine of soldier's duty on the seacoast. The prisoner has a wife and six children.

Wells has requested that Rev. Mr. Goodman, the Tower chaplain, be present at the hanging. The condemned man will be turned out of his cell and allowed to go down on the first floor and attend religious services tomorrow afternoon. He has been granted this privilege ever since his incarceration in jail and it will not be denied him his last Sunday on earth.

Governor Candler will today render his formal decision upon the Wells application for commutation of death sentence. The finding of the prison commission reached him yesterday. He took the papers home with him and today will announce his decision. There is every reason to expect that he will approve the finding of the commission, which is adverse to the application for commutation of the death sentence.

HOW GATES SQUEEZED OWNERS OF "ELLEN N"

Tells for First Time How He Outwitted Belmont.

New York, July 18.—In an interview today John W. Gates gave the following history of the Louisville and Nashville deal:

"We had the opinions of the best experts and auditors in the country that Louisville and Nashville was worth more per share than Illinois Central before we started in to it. We knew it had $25,000,000 of quick cash assets in its treasury. The public did not know that. When we obtained 306,000 shares of stock—the amount we started out to get—there was a short interest on the market of 150,000 shares. Of it 100,000 shares was foreign short interest; 50,000 was stock Mr. Belmont had sold under a resolution of the board authorizing its sale. These 50,000 shares were not good deliveries for thirty days and if we had called the stock and insisted upon the specific performance of contracts, as we had every right to do, we could have caused a panic greater than the May 9 panic.

"The proposition was made to me by a thoroughly responsible man, financially, that if I would call and insist upon delivery of Louisville he would sell 52,000 shares of stock and give me half of the profits for doing it. Mr. Morgan's people sent to my hotel and awakened me at 1:30 in the morning and stated that at a meeting of bankers it had been determined that we were the owners of Louisville and Nashville, and they wanted to know what we proposed to do about it, stating that it meant a panic probably greater than the May 9 panic. I told them the proposition that had been ma\



JOHN W. GATES.

to me, but that under no circumstances would we insist upon specific performance of the deliveries of Louisville and Nashville stock, as we had no wish whatever to cause any panic or to make any one lose money in stocks they held. We loaned Mr. Belmont's people all the stock they wanted without any premium charges."

BUMPER CROP IS PREDICTED

Vice President Morton Says Yield of Corn Will Be Tremendous.

FORMER HIGH WATER MARK WILL BE EASILY PASSED

He Thinks That the Yield Will Exceed 2,500,000,000 Bushels, and That Capacity of Railroads Will Be Heavily Taxed.

Chicago, July 18.—Paul Morton, first vice president of the Santa Fe road, predicts a bumper crop of corn for the west and the entire country this season. He estimates the total crop of the country at 2,500,000,000 bushels, and declares that the railroads of the west will have all they can do to take care of the increased traffic that will result therefrom.

Mr. Morton's estimate was made after a careful survey of the situation, supplemented by personal inspection of western states traversed by the lines of the Santa Fe, and by reports given him by agents of the company in nearly every corn-bearing state in the union.

"I am convinced," said Mr. Morton, "that this country will have the largest corn yield in its history, and that the high-water mark of 2,200,000,000 bushels will be exceeded by at least 300,000,000 bushels."

MRS. LUCILLE LANE DEAD.

Daughter of Senator Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky.

Washington, July 18.—Mrs. Lucille Blackburn Lane, daughter of Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, and widow of the late Thomas F. Lane, of this city, died today at her residence here of brain fever and nervous prostration. She had been unconscious for more than a week.

WAGES MAY BE REDUCED

To Capture Order from Standard Oil Company.

Anderson, Ind., July 18.—Tin plate workers tonight confirmed a report that they have been asked by the American Tin Plate Company to allow their wages to be reduced 25 per cent so that the company may accept an order from the Standard Oil Company for 1,500,000 boxes of American tin plate. The question is before all the tin plate workers throughout the country and especially those under the scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. They will decide on the proposition by vote the coming week.

The American Tin Plate Company represents that the Standard Oil Company has been buying from Wales and will renew its contract with Welsh manufacturers unless the American Tin Plate Company can meet them.

By taking the Standard's annual contract the American Tin Plate Company would get the last of the big American buyers of tin from Wales. It is also asserted that it would insure steady operation of the mills the year around.

PUT THREE BULLETS IN FOE.

Murder Marks the Republican Convention of Washington.

Spokane, Wash., July 18.—Without warning or apparent provocation, Gustave Anderson, a street railway employee, last night fired three shots at Edward Fagerstone, one of the proprietors of the Western house, killing him instantly.

Both men were delegates to the republican county convention, which meets here today. Anderson had been drinking. After committing the crime, Anderson fled to another hotel and when the police entered the room Anderson tried to fire upon them. He was taken, fighting desperately, to the city hall,

SHOT TO DEATH FROM AMBUSH

Two Women and a Man Are Killed While Returning from Church.

CRIME PROBABLY DUE TO SOME ONE'S JEALOUSY

One of the Women Was Separated from Her Husband, and the Man Slain Had Been Paying Her Attention.

Atoka, Ind. Ter., July 18.—Near Strongtown tonight, Mrs. Daniel Grant, her daughter, Mrs. Jack Reeves, and a man named Nuckles were waylaid and killed while returning from church.

Mrs. Reeves had been separated from her husband about eight months and prior to that time the couple had lived with the Grant family. Last night Nuckles, who had been paying attention to Mrs. Reeves, accompanied her to church.

As they were returning to the Grant home they were halted. Nuckles was made to get out of the wagon and was shot. Mrs. Grant was shot while she was sitting in the wagon. Then as the team bolted, Mrs. Reeves was shot. Mrs. Grant and Nuckles were killed instantly and Mrs. Reeves lived only a few minutes.

The murderer's name is not given.

ARRESTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

Harlem Officers Accused of Conniving at Gambling.

Chicago, July 18.—Ten members of the village board of Harlem, as well as Harlem's chief of police, were arrested last night on charges of conspiracy, preferred by C. A. McCarroll, president of the South Harlem Protective Association. Warrants were also taken out for the presidents and secretaries of the Harlem and Hawthorne tracks.

The charge of conspiracy is made on the allegation that members of the village board agreed with the officials of the Harlem and Hawthorne race tracks to allow promiscuous gambling to continue at the former track after the officials of both board and race track had been notified that the village ordinances prohibited gambling.

All of the men arrested were released on their own recognizance and will appear before Justice Martin on Monday for a hearing.

TRACY GIVES THEM THE SLIP.

Nothing Has Been Heard of the Escaped Convict.

Seattle, Wash., July 18.—Not a word has been heard of Harry Tracy, the escaped convict, since he left the cabin on Sawyer lake early yesterday morning. Sheriff Cudihee, who returned to Seattle shortly before noon with most of his posse, refused absolutely to give out any information.

It is believed he has received some news from his men and that he will go out again himself. A few guards were left on duty at Ravensdale, Covington and Auburndale.

"STOGIE" TRUST VERY LATEST.

Combine Will Have a Capital of $7,500,000.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 18.—The stogie manufacturers of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, with but one exception, have formed a combination and have been granted a charter by the state of Delaware. The concern will be known as the United States Cigar Company and is capitalized at $7,500,000, of which $2,500,000 will be cumulative preferred stock.

Steam Launch Wrecked.

Lewes, Del., July 18.—The 40-foot steam launch Maine, of New York, was blown ashore on Lewes Beach in a northeast gale this afternoon. She is a total wreck.

GEORGIAN FOILS BUNCO SHARPS

Hanson, of Fitzgerald, Saves Money in New York.

He Is Played for a Sucker, but the Bunco Men Fail To Land Him. One of the Would-Be Robbers Is Now Under Arrest.

New York, July 18.—(Special.)—The shrewdness of Frederick Hanson, a prosperous business man of Fitzgerald, Ga., saved him from being robbed of several thousand dollars today.

As he went into the Cunard Steamship Company's office at Broadway and Thirtieth street to buy a ticket for Europe he was accosted by a good looking fellow, who tapped him on the shoulder and exclaimed:

"Hello, Hanson; how are you?"

Hanson stopped suddenly, looked at the man and said in reply:

"No, I don't know you. Who are you?"

"Why, I know you," replied the stranger.

"You're Fred Hanson, from Fitzgerald, Ga. My name is Davis. I know nearly everybody in your town."

Davis then invited Hanson over to No. 237 East Twenty-seventh street, where he said there was a man who knew everybody in Fitzgerald. Hanson went with his friend to a room on the second floor, where he met two men who knew all about Fitzgerald.

One of the trio suggested a game of cards, saying he had won several thousand dollars which he did not know what to do with. Hanson, suspicious, started to leave the room, when, he says, the three men tried to rob him, but after a lively tussel he got to the street.

At the East Thirty-fifth street station the prisoner described himself as William H. Davis, 28 years old, of No. 98 West Seventy-sixth street. Hanson said he would press the charge against Davis, who was caught.

HE MURDERED HIS WIFE AND THEN TOOK POISON

New York, July 18.—Hyman Hoffman, a Russian tailor, shot his wife, Sophia, through the mouth early today and then killed himself by swallowing carbolic acid.

Mrs. Hoffman is dying in a hospital. Hoffman had been drinking heavily of late and his wife had caused his arrest for disorderly conduct. He was sentenced to sixty days and had only recently been released. The couple had four children.

WOUNDED UNTO DEATH HE SHOOTS HIS SLAYER

Paducah, Ky., July 18.—Samuel Faughan, a lineman, was shot and killed at Metropolis, Ills., this morning by a man named Jack Abbott, of Pope county, Ills. After being shot Faughan knocked Abbott down, took his pistol and shot him in the side, and threw it at him, striking him in the face. Abbott is in jail.

DUEL TO THE DEATH FOUGHT IN A SALOON

Wichita, Kans., July 18.—Dr. H. G. Greenland and Ben Barman fought a duel in a saloon at Okarche, O. T., early this morning. Dr. Greenland was shot through the heart and died instantly. Barman was shot in the head, but not fatally. The cause of the quarrel is unknown.

ORDER OF THE HIBERNIANS.

President Keating Refers to Death of Archbishop Feehan.

Denver, Colo., July 18.—President Keating, of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, in his annual report, referred feelingly to the death of Archbishop Feehan, of Chicago.

Of the progress and standing of the order, President Keating said:

"We are today the strongest Catholic body organized in the United States. We can go further, and proudly claim we are the largest body in the world comprised of one nationality and belonging to one religion. Our labors in the fields of benevolence have carried peace and happiness to many bereaved homes."

President Keating reported the finances in good condition, notwithstanding the heavy expenses due to the charitable work at Galveston. He spoke also of the fund for the aid of the Boers.

President Keating recommended that more officers be provided by the organization of the country into sixty districts, each to be under the charge of a national director. A generous tribute was paid to the work of the ladies' auxiliary, but the president refrained from making any recommendation of separation.

He urged that Irish history be taught in parochial schools and spoke at length on the subject of Catholic education. In closing his address he urged a dignified neutrality of the order as regards other orders of Irishmen.

The anger of the delegates was aroused somewhat today by a statement contained in a printed circular distributed at the door of the convention hall to the effect that the order had not kept its promise to Ireland. It was said freely that the circular was the product of the head officials of the United Irish League.

A resolution indorsing the United Irish League is now in the resolution committee's hands.

Wages Are Increased.

Johnstown, Pa., July 18.—From an official of the Cambria Steel Company it is learned that about one-half of the company's 12,000 employees will participate in an advance of wages, which will average 10 per cent to date from July 1.

DESTROYING FLOOD SWEEPING DOWN ON MISSOURI FARMERS

Hundreds of Square Miles Will Be Turned Into an Inland Sea.

LOSSES WILL REACH FAR INTO MILLIONS

Grain Men Estimate That Damage Amounting to $4,000,000 Will Be Inflicted—Inhabitants in Threatened District Are Fleeing.

Keokuk, Iowa, July 18.—Heavy rains in central Iowa yesterday and today are sending a flood down upon prosperous Missouri farmers which will ruin many of them and cause losses aggregating at a conservative estimate two and a half million dollars. There seems to be no hope tonight for the country between the Mississippi and the Missouri bluffs between Keokuk and Hannibal, 300 square miles. The Des Moines river began to rise 3 inches an hour at its mouth here today, continuing until hope of safety was abandoned this afternoon.

A rise of 1 1-2 feet in a short time this morning at Ottumwa and a further rise throughout its length below the capital city was prevented from running out freely by a rise of a foot and a half at Davenport last night, increasing and coming down rapidly. This afternoon the observer of the weather bureau at Keokuk, in charge of this district, sent telegraphic warning to all points south to prepare for danger. The crest is expected here Saturday or Sunday.

The Egyptian levee, which stood the flood just receding after strenuous efforts to hold it, is only slightly above the water now, and the coming flood in the Des Moines will top it certainly. This lets the water into hundreds of square miles, including the town of Alexandria, Mo. The inhabitants there are preparing for an overflow of the entire town to a depth of several feet. This is the town which Mark Twain in his "Life on the Mississippi" said: "Sometimes comes up to blow."

Loss Will Be Four Millions.

The worst feature is the time of the year. The corn crop is all made, and wheat is in the shock, entailing a total loss of the year's work. Grain men put the figures of the loss from the overflow nearer four millions between Keokuk and Hannibal. It is believed the Illinois levees will hold, and the damage there is likely to be only $20,000 to $30,000 between Keokuk and Quincy.

Heavy rains are reported in southeastern Iowa today, and tonight indicates still higher water. Lowland farmers, river men and the weather bureau observer alike predict the greatest damage ever known from flood on the upper river.

Reports late this evening show tremendous rains along the Des Moines river and tributaries. These rains will reach the lower river and flooded districts by Sunday, with a still further rise and devastation. Both the Des Moines and Mississippi rivers are rising faster as night progresses. Late reports show half the country for a distance of 30 miles between LaGrange and Hannibal was already under water long before the crest of the flood arrived. Points up the

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT NOT YET CAUGHT BY CUPID



MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 18.—(Special.)—Miss Alice Roosevelt is "over-young to marry," according to her father. The president's attention was today called to the report that Miss Alice is engaged to Lieutenant Peter Sterling Clark, son of Mrs. Alfred Corning Clark, of New York, and that the wedding would take place at the white house some time next fall.

President Roosevelt denied the rumor in somewhat strenuous terms, stating that there was absolutely no foundation for it.

Lieutenant Clark, who has been assiduous in his attentions to Miss Roosevelt is a son of Mrs. Clark, whose engagement to Bishop Potter, of New York, was recently announced.

JEALOUSY AND HATE FIND VENT IN DEEDS OF BLOOD

SPURNED BY HIS WIFE EX-CONVICT KILLS HER

Chicago, July 18.—Because his wife gave evidence that her love for him had waned while he spent seventeen months in the state prison at Chester, Ills., William Nelson shot and instantly killed her at their home in Englewood today and then turned his revolver upon himself in an ineffectual attempt on his own life. Their baby, too young to realize that a crime was being committed, was the only witness to the tragedy. The man's wound was only superficial.

In a letter addressed to "The People of Englewood" Nelson tried to justify the crime he intended to commit. He had returned from prison only two weeks ago, and in spite of his life as a burglar, had professed great love for his wife. She, he said, no longer loved him and was not leading a good life.

WIFE KILLS HUSBAND AND BROTHER IN LAW

Carbondale, Ills., July 18.—The Jaubert brothers, who operate a small coal mine near Oraville, were both shot to death at their home early this morning by the wife of one of the men. They had returned about 11 o'clock intoxicated and the husband demanded his supper.

Mrs. Jaubert began its preparation and her husband began breaking the dishes and at last attacked her. Mrs. Jaubert and her sister fled to a back room and locked the door. Her husband followed, broke in the door and renewed the assault, whereupon the infuriated wife fired three shots into his body, one passing through his heart, causing almost instant death.

The brother, who was a witness to the tragedy, took up his brother's quarrel and attempted to strike the woman, whereupon Mrs. Jaubert emptied the two remaining chambers of the revolver into his body, inflicting a wound from which he died shortly afterwards. The woman gave the alarm and surrendered to the officers. The coroner's jury today exonorated the wife.

FOR FINDING A CORPSE WOMAN DEMANDS $1,500

Salem, Oreg., July 18.—The remains of David Merrill, escaped convict, have been delivered at the Oregon penitentiary after being brought here by Mrs. Mary Waggoner, who found the body near Chehalis. Warden James, of the Oregon penitentiary, and one of the prison guards readily identified the dead convict. The casket was interred in the prison cemetery without ceremony.

Mrs. Waggoner made a formal demand upon Sheriff Lee for the reward of $1,500. Mr. Lee declined to pay the same, offering her $500 for her trouble and expense, and explaining that the reward could only be paid for the capture of the convict, and that she had not captured Merrill, but merely found his dead body by accident. Mrs. Waggoner refused the amount offered and made a formal written demand for the full reward to be presented to Governor Geer.

HE WAS SHOT TO DEATH FOR CHIDING A CHILD

Houston, Tex., July 18.—D. B. Williams shot and killed Dr. Delipscy, an optician, today.

Williams' son had been an office boy for Delipscy and had been chided for inattention to business. Delipscy was warned not to come to the office as Williams and his two sons were waiting for him. He at once left home and met the three men near his office.

He was struck over the head with a club after a short conversation and then ran into his office, where he was shot once, the bullet tearing through the jugular vein and producing instant death. Williams surrendered and refused to make a statement.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Fair Saturday and Sunday. Sunday increasing cloudiness, probably showers and not so warm. Light, variable winds, mostly southwest.

Highest temperature	33	Precipitation for past 24 hours	.00
Lowest temperature	75	Deficiency since 1st of month	.60
Mean temperature	84	Deficiency since January 1	4.02
Normal temperature	79		

LOCAL

W. R. Wells, condemned to die on Monday for the murder of Franklin Pearce, tells a representative of The Constitution that he does not expect a commutation of his sentence and does not want a respite.

Troops of the Fifth regiment, G. S. T., reach Wrightsville Beach, N. C., and pitch their tents on Hammock's site.

Idumea Womack, a 7-year-old child of 537 Marietta street, gives a marvelous memory test.

GEORGIA.

In the primary in Butts county yesterday the candidate for the legislature running on the local option platform defeated his opponent, who favored the dispensary.

At a reunion of veterans at Statesburg, Bulloch county, Governor Candler made the oration and Sheriff Callaway prepared the barbecue. It was a great day for the old soldiers.

The date has been fixed for the reinterment of the remains of General Nathaniel Greene and his son.

SOUTHERN

Governor Johnston will probably challenge Governor Jelks for a joint discussion in their race for the governorship of Alabama.

The board of arbitration in the Richmond, Va., street railway strike have agreed, and this will end the trouble.

A Nashville, Tenn., policeman last night fatally shot Mr. Beaumont, a traveling salesman. The officer said Beaumont was advancing on him with a butcher knife.

The oil well at Jennings, Ala., is still furiously burning. Attempts to extinguish the fire with chemicals will be made today.

Earl Buntyn, a youth of Birmingham, Ala., dies from effects of an accidental pistol shot.

DOMESTIC.

A great flood is sweeping down on the farmers of Missouri. It is estimated that a loss of $4,000,000 will be entailed.

Frederick Hanson, of Fitzgerald, Ga., fell among bunco sharps in New York, but he succeeded in escaping with his money.

In the Greene-Gaynor hearing at Quebec the prisoners made affidavits that Marion Erwin offered to settle the case for $500,000. Mr. Erwin made affidavit denying the charge.

Vice President Morton, of the Santa Fe, predicts that a bumper crop of corn will be made this year.

FOREIGN.

An American barber named Tonetti is under arrest at Milan, Italy. It is alleged he was sent to Italy by Paterson anarchists to kill the king.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, has been swept by fire. The loss on buildings and merchandise is estimated at $5,000,000.

The pope is said to be displeased at the manner in which his agents conducted the negotiations in regard to the withdrawal of the friars.

GREAT FLOOD MOVING DOWN

Four Hundred Square Miles in Missouri Will Be Entirely Submerged.

FOUR MILLION DOLLARS WILL BE CARRIED AWAY

All the Corn and Wheat in a Large Area Will Be Ruined—People in Threatened District Moving to the Highlands.

Des Moines river report water flowing through the towns.

Damage at Joliet.

Joliet, Ills., July 18.—Rainfall of nearly 4 inches last night and today has caused another flood in Joliet, and considerable damage has been done.

Downpour in Nebraska.

Lincoln, Nebr., July 18.—A rainfall of nearly 3 inches last night and today caused another flood in the bottom lands in the western part of the city. The water is rising slowly tonight, and more rain is threatened. All of the eastern and central Nebraska received a downpour.

Denver Is Storm-Swept.

Denver Colo., July 18.—This city was swept by an unusually violent wind storm today, followed by a drenching rain. The wind blew at the rate of 40 miles an hour from the northwest.

W. P. Swallows, postmaster at Kokomo, Colo., was instantly killed by lightning.

River High at St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 18.—Only once since the flood of 1892 has the Mississippi river been so high as it is at present. On the Illinois shore between St. Louis and Altan many farms are under water. At the mouth of the Missouri river the overflow covers an area of 10 miles.

Conditions Alarming.

Hannibal, Mo., July 18.—The flood conditions on Bay Island and the bottoms between Hannibal and West Quincy are alarming. Bay Island contains about 10,000 acres of cultivated land, upon which was the finest crop of corn and wheat, and it is believed that the entire crop of corn is ruined, and the wheat, which was in shock, is a total loss. The estimated loss on this island alone is $25,000.

The stage of the river tonight is 14 feet 6 inches, 1 foot and 6 inches above the danger line, and according to the official report of the weather bureau there is to be a further rise of 2 feet, which will inundate all the lowland in the Mississippi bottom and will even test the levee.

COMMERCE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Report on Situation Made by United States Consul.

Washington, July 18.—A report treating in an interesting way the commercial situation in South Africa was made public at the state department today. It is from United States Consul General Bigham, at Cape Town, and is dated May 28. He says that all enterprises will be started anew, farms repaired and restocked and machinery bought, and that it will not be possible to get goods into the interior fast enough to meet the demand that will arise. All nations, Mr. Bigham says, are awaiting this coming trade and are preparing for it by establishing direct lines of ocean transportation, except the United States, which, barring an occasional freight steamer, has no direct communication with Cape Colony. The United States, he continues, ships to South Africa more than twice as much goods as any other country except Great Britain.

"As British subjects will have a great war debt to pay," says Mr. Bigham, "they very naturally think that the trade of South Africa belongs to them and will leave nothing undone to retain it. We cannot always depend solely on the superior quality of our goods, greater effort on our part is necessary."

BISHOP MOORE IS ATTACKED.

He and His Friends Suffer at Hands of Japanese.

Washington, July 18.—A report received here says that as Bishop Moore, of the Methodist Episcopal church, was en route to the town ow Soo Won, Corea, about June 15, to dedicate a church, his party was attacked by Japanese coolies who were building the railroad from Seol to Fiso. With the bishop were his young daughter and Messrs. Appenseller and Swearer, and all of the party suffered, the bishop's helmet alone saving his skull from a crushing blow, while Appenseller was struck down by a blow from a club, and Swearer, the other missionary, received a gash on the forehead.



Uncle Sam's Mail Service

requires physical and mental ability of a high degree to withstand its hard labors. The high tension to which the nervous system is constantly subjected, has a depressing effect, and soon headache, backache, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, etc., develop in severe form. Such was the case of Mail Carrier S. F. Sweinhart, of Huntsville, Ala., he says:

"An attack of pneumonia left me with muscular rheumatism, headache, and pains that seemed to be all over me. I was scarcely able to move for about a month when I decided to give

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

and Nerve Plasters a trial. In three days I was again on my route and in two weeks I was free from pain and gaining in flesh and strength."

Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GAYNOR AND GREENE MAKE FIGHT ON ERWIN

They Swear Georgian Offered To Settle Case for $500,000, But Erwin Says Statements Are Not True.

Quebec, July 18.—Today's proceedings in the Gaynor-Greene case consisted principally in the filing of affidavits and contra-affidavits and it was only a short time before the adjournment of the court that Mr. McMaster, for the prosecution, commenced his argument on his motions to quash the habeas corpus writs issued by Judge Caron on June 20 and 21 last.

The proceedings were opened by Mr. Taschereau, counsel for the prisoners, who produced the affidavit of Benjamin D. Greene that on May 17 Mr. Erwin called on him at the Windsor hotel, Montreal, when he said to Greene:

"If you will pay $500,000 to settle the whole matter I will go at once to Washington and advise its acceptance."

Greene replied that he could not stand that because he had not money enough to pay his half of the amount, but that Erwin said:

"Gaynor has enough. I don't know where it is, but he has it."

To this Greene said:

"If you will say $200,000 I will talk with Colonel Gaynor about it."

Erwin replied, the affidavit continued:

"That will not be enough."

$300,000 Not Enough.

Greene then added:

"What do you think of $300,000?" He said: "I don't think that is enough, but you don't want to go through the rest of your life hunted wherever you go, and you must remember that if you are extradited and are in Georgia it will be too late to make a settlement."

Greene finally replied:

"Well, anyway, I don't see how we can pay any money because that would be an admission on our part that we have received money wrongfully, and that we have not done."

Greene swore that this talk of a settlement for $500,000 referred to the criminal proceedings against them and not to any civil claim. This affidavit was supported by another from Gaynor.

Mr. McMaster read an affidavit signed by Marion Erwin completely denying the allegations contained in the affidavits of Mr. Greene and Mr. Gaynor. Regarding the interview between Greene and himself, Mr. Erwin stated that on his return to his room in the Windsor on the afternoon of May 17 he found a note there in which he recognized the handwriting of B. D. Greene, which note was as follows:

"If you can call to see me at any time today you will do me a great favor."

The original of this note is in possession of Mr. Erwin and was shown to Judge Caron.

In response to that request he went to Greene's room and the latter opened the conversation by saying that while he knew that Erwin had been prosecuting him vigorously for over two years, he wanted to thank him for having always treated him with personal consideration. He then said if the extradition proceedings at Montreal proceeded for any length of time it was probable he might desire to give bond.

Marion Erwin's Affidavit.

Erwin's affidavit continued:

"I called his attention to the fact that he and Gaynor had already forfeited bonds in the sum of $40,000 each. He replied that he had left the United States because he had resolved never to be put in jail as a convict; that he had come to Canada with the expectation that after a year or two his friends in the United States would effect a settlement of the civil claims of the government against him and then he could probably obtain a dismissal of the criminal prosecution. He said that he had not given his personal word that he would not run off from the prosecution in Georgia, but he pledged me his word of honor that if I would agree to his giving bond before Judge LaFontaine he would not run off. He then returned to the fact that the government had already tied up by civil proceeding $500,000 of assets, of what the government claimed was O. M. Carter's share of the fraud, and asked me what was the exact amount the government claimed that he and John F. Gaynor had received as their share. I replied that we claimed that he and Gaynor had received $1,400,000 as their share in the fraud. He replied that he was in no position, and had not sufficient means to meet such a claim, but that he and Gaynor would be willing to pay the government $300,000 in settlement of the entire litigation to include the $80,000 claimed on forfeited recognizances, which he said were secured by assets put up by Gaynor and himself with the sureties, but that if he settled the civil claims it must carry with it the dismissal of the criminal proceedings. I replied that I knew of no law for settling the criminal case, but that if he made restitution of the government's actual loss I did not know what view might be taken by the government; I had no authority in the matter and that the amount he offered in the settlement of the government's claim was not sufficiently large for me to report to the attorney general."

The other affidavit practically contains the same statement as that mentioned last week in Mr. Erwin's reply to Mr. Taschereau's statement.

Mr. McMaster also produced affidavits from Detectives O'Keefe and Sloan, of Montreal, who swear that when the interview took place between Gaynor and Greene only these two were in the room. Mr. McMaster, in conclusion, remarked that these affidavits were filed to contradict the utterances made by Mr. Taschereau on July 11.

Mr. McMaster then filed a new power of attorney signed by Attorney General Knox on July 11.

The question of affidavits was then dropped and Mr. McMaster began his argument upon his motion to quash the writs of habeas corpus.

AGENT OF MURPHY AND CO. GIVEN A HEAVY SENTENCE

Meridian, Miss., July 18.—Judge G. Q. Hall today sentenced a number of persons convicted at the present term of the circuit court. E. Blau, agent for Murphy & Co., who was convicted for dealing in futures, was fined $500 and sentenced to thirty days in jail.

F. A. Longshore and M. F. Turner, who pleaded guilty to the charge of dealing in futures, were each fined $250 and sentenced to thirty days, but imprisonment was suspended.

RICE DIES ON THE GALLOWS.

He Was Implicated in the Murder of Three Men.

Toronto, Ontario, July 18.—Lee Rice was hanged here today for the murder of Constable William Boyd on June 4, 1901. Rice, together with Frank Rutlidge and Charles Jones, were on trial for robbing the postoffice at Aurora. While being conveyed from the court house to the jail on the day of the murder, a package, in which were two revolvers, was thrown into the carriage.

County Constables William Boyd and Walter Stewart were in the cab with the prisoners. In the struggle which followed Rice got his revolver and shot Boyd. He then pointed it at Stewart, who gave up and told the prisoners to "get out." As soon as they left Stewart drew his revolver and fired after the prisoners as they were boarding a passing car. One of the shots struck Jones in the groin and the arm. The prisoners were overpowered and taken to the jail. Meanwhile Boyd had been taken to the hospital, where he died. A few days later Jones was also taken to the hospital, his arm amputated, and he, too, died.

The day after the fight Rice and Rutlidge were brought into court and their trial was continued, resulting in the conviction and sentence to Kingston penitentiary for twelve years. Rutlidge committed suicide by hurling himself from the balcony of the jail to the pavement.

A charge of murder was then laid against Rice, and he was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged.

Rice came from Campaign, Ills., where his people are highly respected. Every effort had been made to have the death sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

REBELS AIDED BY COLOMBIANS.

Two Attacks on Port of Nicaragua Are Reported.

Washington, July 18.—Senor Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, has received news of two attacks or attempted attacks upon Nicaraguan ports by revolutionists aided by the Colombian government. The advices say the first expedition of about one thousand men reached Monkey Point, near Bluefields, but owing to the heavy seas had to return to Columbian waters. About the first week of this month the revolutionists made a landing near Bluefields, but were routed by the government forces and routed with the losses of several lives. Many of the revolutionists were captured, including one Wilson, an American citizen. His condition is desperate unless the Nicaraguan government is disposed to clemency.

Cyclone in Ontario.

Chesterville, Ontario, July 18.—A cyclone of great fury passed within a mile of this town today and everything in its path, about sixty rods in width, was destroyed. Dwellings are overturned and dead cattle are lying at nearly every farm. Several persons were killed and a number injured. The damage will exceed $

NEWHOUSE FOUND IN AFRICA.

Young Man Who Mysteriously Disappeared from Baltimore.

Richmond, Va., July 18.—Charles Henry Newhouse, a young cattle broker of Culpepper county, who mysteriously disappeared from Baltimore Christmas eve, 1901, was heard from today. His father, S. M. Newhouse, member of the general assembly, was informed tonight that a letter had been received by Mrs. Newhouse in Culpepper today from Charles, saying that the young man was in Cape Colony, South Africa.

JUMPED THROUGH WINDOW.

Prisoner Escapes with His Handcuffs On.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Mark Howard, a convict, fro mthis county, who escaped in 1896 and who was captured the other day, escaped again at Calera while on his way to the mines. The car window was open and Mark went through it with his handcuffs on. He ran right through the town and got into the woods before his pursuers could overhaul him.

Farmers Are Fleeing.

Kansas City, July 18.—A downpour of rain amounting almost t oa cloudburst at Piper, Kans., 10 miles west of here, tonight caused the creeks in that vicinity to overflow their banks and flood the surrounding country. Many farmers with their families were forced to abandon their homes, leaving their hogs and poultry to drown. One house was washed from its foundation.

Third Alabama Regiment.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The First regiment goes into camp at Sans Souci, on Mobile bay, tomorrow. The southeast Alabama companies from Troy and Dothan, passed through today.



B. O. S.

WATCH IT!

and

save your money until tomorrow

HALF MILLION ASKED WEEKLY

It Will Take That Sum To Support the Strikers, So Mitchell Says.

DEMANDS OF MITCHELL ARE BEING CONSIDERED

It Seems Probable That the Convention Will Vote a Huge Assessment To Carry on the Fight in the Anthracite District.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 18.—At the conclusion of a secret session which lasted the entire afternoon the recommendations of President Mitchell for the management of the anthracite strike were referred to a special committee, which it to report back to the convention when it meets tomorrow. This committee consists of President Mitchell, Vice President Lewis, Secretary Wilson and the president of each district which is taking part in the convention. There is little doubt that the committee will urge the adoption of the recommendations and fixing the rate of assessment at 10 per cent or higher.

At the opening of the executive session Vice President Lewis took the floor and delivered an energetic speech on the amendment offered by Delegate Harkins in the morning, to the effect that the fund to be raised for the aid of the anthracite miners be extended to all of the striking miners where their strike has been sanctioned by the general organization. He declared that he thought all of the miners should be taken care of in a like manner. He also warned the convention that it would be necessary for the convention to so word its recommendations as to avoid the laws of Pennsylvania, which he said might cause trouble when an attempt was made to collect the assessments of the men through the check offices, by bringing about injunctions to restrain alleged conspiracy.

President Mitchell then took the floor to speak for the adoption of the recommendations made in his speech of yesterday. He told the convention that the strikes in West Virginia and elsewhere were being protected by the general organization under the regular assessments of the union, but that the assessment which was under discussion was necessary for the support of the anthracite strike alone and should not be diverted from its purpose.

Other Strikes May Come.

"It is possible that other strikes may come," he said, "and then, under the precedent which a general distribution of the fund to be raised would create, these later strikes could claim their share in the fund, and it would be so depleted as to fall entirely of its purpose."

He declared the cost of maintaining strikes varied according to places and conditions.

"In the anthracite region," he said, "the country is thickly settled. There are mills and factories and it is possible for the men on strike to secure employment. They are then no burden on the general organization, but are even able to help it. In West Virginia, for instance, there are but two vocations for the miners—mining or farming—and they then have no chance for employment on strike. It costs much more per capita to keep up a strike in West Virginia than in the anthracite regions. The anthracite strike is, in fact, the cheapest strike that we can make and we should not allow it to go down to defeat by diverting the funds necessary for it.

Mr. Mitchell assured the convention that the strike in the Pittsburg district and all other strikes would be looked after without splitting up the fund for the anthracite men and again urged the men to dismiss from their minds all thought of a general strike.

President Dolan, of district 5, Pittsburg, made a long explanation of the manner in which the fund provided for the Pittsburg district had been expended, and told of the conditions surrounding the strike there.

Several delegates then made short speeches, asking the convention to hasten matters, and the Harkins amendment was voted down by a decisive majority. This left before the convention the original motion for the adoption of the recommendations of the president. A number of amendments were then offered, all relating to the manner in which the assessment should be made. One by Secretary Wilson suggested that in some districts the assessment should be made on the percentage basis and in others on the basis of $1 per week. One by Mr. Hahn favored 10 per cent of the net earnings of the members of the union and another by Vice President Lewis 10 per cent of the gross earnings. These were all pending when Secretary Wilson offered an amendment that the matter be referred to a committee made up of the three highest officers of the national organization and the presidents of the districts represented in the convention. This prevailed, and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Half Million Needed Weekly.

At the conclusion of the session Secretary Wilson said:

"It will cost $500,000 weekly to support all the men now on strike in the various district. An assessment of $1 per week will bring in $250,000 a week; an assessment of 10 per cent upon each member of the union will result in about the same sum. This will leave us $250,000 to realize each week from outside sources and from the promises and offers that have been made us we are confident that we shall be able to do this."

At the morning session, after the report of the credentials committee showing 2,288 votes in the convention, had been accepted, the convention took up the recommendations of President Mitchell. President Harkins, of the Ohio district, offered an amendment that the proposed fund cover all existing strikes sanctioned by the executive board. President Mitchell urged that all existing strikes were being cared for and President Dolan, of the Pittsburg district, declared that the relief granted the Pittsburg district was insufficient. President Mitchell replied that in that case the relief must be increased.

Secretary Dempsey, of anthracite district No. 1, announced that the anthracite miners would support President Mitchell's recommendations provided that the fund should be increased according to the judgment of the officials of the order in case the assessment proposed proved inadequate. John P. Reese, of Iowa, supported Mr. Dempsey's argument.

A motion to limit the speeches to five minutes called for a protest from Delegate Fitzpatrick, who made a radical speech yesterday, and who declared that an attempt was being made to railroad the matter through the convention. Upon being offered the privilege of the floor, however, he declined.

Strike on Santa Fe.

Topeka, Kans., July 18.—George R. Henderson, superintendent of motive power of the Santa Fe, has returned from a trip to the gulf lines of that road, where he has been investigating the strike of the Santa Fe men. Mr. Henderson charges that the round house men tried to injure the engines just before he left.

Mr. Henderson said the company had sent a reserve force of men to Cleburne, Temple and Galveston to take the places made vacant by the machinists, boiler makers, blacksmiths and round house men, and that the demands of the strikers would not be granted under any conditions. He said that any of the old men who desired could return to work at the old scale of wages.

Another Strike Threatened.

Chicago, July 18.—Another strike of freight handlers of Chicago may be called Sunday night. President Curran, of the Freight Handlers' Union, has issued a call for a mass meeting of all the freight handlers in the city to be held at that time to take action on the refusal of four railroads to reinstate all the old men.

Mr. Curran said tonight that he regretted to have to take this step, but was compelled to do so. He declared that when the settlement was made it was agreed with Frederick W. Job, chairman of the state board of arbitration, that all the old men were to be taken back when the strike was declared off. This, he says, the Santa Fe, Pan Handle, Northwestern and Illinois Central railroads have not done, and unless they shall do so before the mass meeting Sunday another walk out will be ordered.

Baltimore Strike Grave.

Baltimore, July 18.—The strike situation in this city is assuming grave aspects. Structural iron workers and hod carriers, both of which are thoroughly organized, stand ready to join the striking carpenters whenever the word is passed. Should these craftsmen be called out, building operations, which have been hampered since the beginning of the strike two weeks ago, will be completely suspended. The Hod Carriers' Union is composed of 500 colored men. Should they walk out bricklayers and plasterers will be forced to cease work. The three unions of carpenters have formed a district council and have refused to accept the compromise offered by the contractors, but hold out for $3 a day of nine hours, with eight hours on Saturday.

General Debility

Day in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself.

Food does not strengthen.

Sleep does not refresh.

It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy,—vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers.

For this condition take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively unequalled for all run-down or debilitated conditions.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation. 25 cents.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

LOCKHART TRIAL CONTINUED.

Negro at Columbus Charged with Public Indecency.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Judge J. L. Willis, of the court, impaneled a special grand jury this morning to investigate the case of Barney Lockhart, a young negro charged with public indecency.

Several days ago he was arrested by the police charged with exposing his person to the view of two ladies who were passing the tailor shop at which he was employed. The ladies are members of the theatrical troupe at the North Highlands casino. In the recorder's court he was fined $100. His lawyers appealed the case by certiorari and Judge Butt set August 5 as the time for hearing argument.

Yesterday an accusation was returned against Lockhart in the city court, charging him with public indecency. His attorneys demanded indictment by a grand jury. Judge Willis immediately impaneled a grand jury, which met this morning and after investigating the case returned a true bill against the negro. His attorneys moved for a continuance of the case on the ground of an absent witness and the further fact that the wife of the leading lawyer for the defense was ill and his presence was required at her bedside.

Judge Willis was anxious to try the case and said that he would by all means try it at this term of court, Providence permitting. The main witness, Mrs. Brummidge, closes her engagement at North Highlands Saturday night. Judge Willis said, that if a continuance was necessary he wished to make it as short as possible, as he would have to place this witness, a non-resident, under bond and he did not wish to impose a hardship upon her. The case was continued until next Wednesday morning. Lockhart is still in jail, having failed to make bond.

Judge Willis assessed Mrs. Brummidge, the principal witness against Lockhart, a $150 bond, she being a non-resident. The bond was made.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS BANQUET.

Complimentary to the Grand Chancellor of the Order.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—A joint installation of the officers of Stonewall lodge, No. 25, and R. E. Lee lodge, No. 51, Knights of Pythias, was followed last night by a banquet at the Racine, complimentary to the grand chancellor of the order for the grand domain of Georgia, F. M. Sommerkamp, of Columbus. Nearly one hundred knights were present, a number of eloquent speeches were made, and the occasion was a most happy one. Grand Chancellor Sommerkamp made a graceful address, in which he expressed his appreciation of the honors conferred upon him by Pythians and spoke in optimistic terms of the rapid growth of the order in Georgia, referring to the noticeably large increase in membership this year. The two local lodges are growing rapidly, Stonewall having increased its membership 50 per cent during the past year. Max Banner acted as toastmaster last night.

FAVOR ELECTION BY PEOPLE.

Candidates on the Railroad Commission Question.

Anniston, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Calhoun county and Anniston on today inaugurated the fight for the election of railroad commissioners by the people and will push it to the end with the Louisville and Nashville railroad. J. Keith, of this city, announced as a candidate today for the legislature. He favors a railroad commission elected by the people. Mr. Keith is secretary and treasurer of the Woodstock cotton mills and is one of Anniston's best known and successful business men.

Hon. Joseph J. Arnold, of Jacksonville, who is a candidate for the legislature to succeed himself, was in the city today. He was asked by your representative how he stood on the issue of the election of the Alabama railroad commission by the people.

"I am unequivocally with the people on this issue," was the reply of the gentleman, "and am willing to go on the stump if necessary in defense of their rights."

GUSHERS STILL SPOUT FLAMES

Great Fire in the Louisiana Oil Fields Has Not Yet Been Subdued.

PERSONS ARE OFFERING TO CHECK FIRE FOR CASH

Report That the Sum of $10,000 Has Been Offered To Subdue the Fire Is Denied—To Try Novel Scheme.

Jennings, La., July 18.—To say that nothing has been done toward checking the fire at the oil field would be a great injustice to the owners and operators of the Jennings well, yet there has been no perceptible headway gained. The well continues to burn with all the fury that it did on last Tuesday night shortly after catching fire.

The novelty and the excitement that first attended the operations have now worn off and the men are now down to sober consideration of the project before them. Each day they receive telegrams from all parts of the United States asking what will be paid to the person that will be able to check the flames. In most instances the parties that write probably have never seen a gusher, much less one that is on fire.

The report that Heywood brothers offered $10,000 to the parties that would put out the fire was denied today by Alba Heywood, the president of the company. But little can be learned of just what they intend doing, as they are too much occupied by the magnitude of the work before them to listen to and answer questions. But from what can be learned they intend to try a combination of several of the schemes that have been advanced. At present two derricks are being erected on either side of the fire and will be connected with a large cable.

A huge cone is now being made and will be connected to the cable and slid along until directly over the fire. Then by means of a trip wire they intend letting the cone drop over the fire, permitting it to fall from sufficient height to bury itself in the ground to overcome the gas pressure of the well.

By means of pipes that extend from this cone they hope to control the pressure by permitting it to escape from these vents. The boilers will then be connected and a stream of water and steam will be turned on to the fire which will flood the inclosure and the oil and water will run off the drain ditches that have been prepared. The chemicals that have been taken out will be turned onto the fire and they expect will finally conquer it. The plan looks plausible and the experts from both Jennings and Beaumont are in favor of it.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

New York, July 18.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Weather, crop and industrial developments have been largely favorable and, coupled with the great ease of money make for an optimistic feeling in trade and speculation. The future seems more and more secure, but the immediate present does not in all instances present so satisfactory an appearance. Warmer weather has continued to help retail distribution, but has not in all cases made up for the disadvantages caused by the part of the backward season. Railway earnings are really flattering, June returns on nearly 100,000 miles of road showing an aggregate gain of 8 per cent on last year. In the matter of actual business, improvement is noted in the demand for finished products of iron and steel, and lumber seems to be recovering from the temporary depression noted at the beginning of July.

The shoe trade, and naturally hides and leather, heretofore backward, have begun to show a favorable side, and the strength of wool and woolen goods is also more noticeable.

The dry goods trade, taken as a whole, is rather quiet, but increased interest is shortly to be expected. The eastern fall jobbing trade in this line is not expected to set in quite as early as a year ago.

Good growing weather is reported the country over, and corn and cotton reports are generally more favorable. The southern peach yield has been large and fruits generally have done well.

Iron and steel trade conditions are surprisingly good, to none more so than the manufacturers themselves, who at the middle of July find their output for the last half of the year practically booked. The scarcity of pig iron amounts to something approaching a famine, owing to restricted supplies of fuel, causing shutdowns of numerous eastern furnaces. Numerous orders for pig iron for the first half of next year have been booked by northern and southern furnaces. The position of the latter has been much improved by the settlement of the coal miners' strike in the Birmingham district. Heavy sales of finished material are reported at Chicago and Pittsburg this week. Bar iron, structural material, rails and, in fact, all of the heavier forms note special activity. Implement manufacturers have been free buyers. Hardware has been exceptionally active, builders' material leading. Some western shovel manufacturers report an unprecedented output and sale of this class of material. Wire cloth is active and large orders for material are reported booked. Machinery, saws and stoves are active at the west. Prices are at the top in practically all lines.

Woolen goods are still quiet at the east, but the reports as to the clothing business received from western and southern manufacturers indicate a good business.

Wool is strengthened perceptibly, eastern quotations being ½c higher, and the tone is more optimistic in this trade.

It has been a waiting market for cotton, the crop position not being as yet clearly defined to induce new commitments. A better tone is noted in the manufacturing branch, particularly in print cloths, which are said to be in increased inquiry at Fall River.

The industrial situation is better than it has been for some time past.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending July 17 aggregate 8,755,222 bushels against 4,404,115 last week and 5,221,880 in this week last year. Exports since July 1 aggregate 9,784,337 bushels, against 12,763,121 last season.

Corn exports aggregate 130,679, against 185,131 last week and 1,714,081 last year. For the fiscal year corn exports are 379,794 bushels, against 6,008,767 last season.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending July 17 number 174, as against 195 last week, 208 in this week last year. Failures in Canada number 17, against 28 last week.

Dun's Review.

New York, July 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

Settlement of numerous labor controversies and prospect of early agreements as to other struggles have greatly improved the industrial outlook, while agricultural conditions steadily improved. As these have been the only unfavorable influences for some months, the prospects for active trade are decidedly encouraging. Preparations for unusually heavy fall sales are being made and confidence grows stronger. Mills and furnaces that have been idle on account of the usual overhauling, resumed as rapidly as needed repairs could be made. Financial conditions are sound, the mid-year dividend distributions producing no stringency and speculation has been heavy for the season, both in securities and staples.

Pig iron continues to command full prices, supplies falling below requirements and furnace deliveries failing to fill contracts. Scarcity of fuel is still the principal drawback, while car and motive power shortage are additional causes of delay. New orders are reported for distant delivery, running about a year ahead. Prices are fully maintained for the raw material, but billets weakened slightly because of foreign selling. Importations have reached a considerable aggregate, and more are expected. Structural material is still the feature, new business being offered in great bulk. Railway needs do not diminish, despite the enormous amount of work already placed, and agricultural implement makers are fully employed. A general advance in prices of machine tools has occurred, averaging nearly 10 per cent.

Manufacturers of cotton goods hold prices steady, and there has been a distinct increase in demand during the past week, although buying is only for imperative requirements, the disposition to delay purchases being still evident. No concessions are offered by holders, indicating the well-sold current condition and confidence as to the future. Some curtailment of spinning is reported at southern mills, the tendency being to wait until new cotton comes forward. Export trade increased through buying for India, but China is less of a factor than usual.

New lines of light weight woolens and worsteds have opened at unchanged prices, and the increased activity of mills have aroused more interest in the raw material, which tends to advance.

Eastern shoe shops receive more orders, some of the larger producers refusing contracts calling for delivery before October. Prices are firmly held.

Crop prospects have continued favorable, and with the removal of the speculative influence there was a gradual decline in prices.

Cotton rules steady, the outlook for a liberal yield being balanced by the strong statistical position.

Failures for the week numbered 213 in the United States, against 193 last year, and 20 in Canada, against 32 last year.

PRIMARY HAS BEEN ORDERED.

Will Nominate Candidate for Congress in Second District.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the second congressional district met here today and ordered a primary to nominate a candidate to succeed Colonel A. A. Wiley. A plurality will nominate. The date is the same with the state primary, August 25, and the rules in every way the same. After the meeting Colonel Wiley banquetted the committee at Fleming's. He has no opposition, but Terry Richardson occupies a threatening attitude on the subject of being a candidate. Former Congressman Stallings announces definitely that he will not be in the race.

To Visit Battlefields.

Carrollton, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—A party of ex-confederate soldiers of this county have assembled here to start on a trip to the battlefields of Virginia for an excursion of several days. It is their first return since the war to the scenes which still live so fresh in their memory. They will go over the Southern railway and return via the Seaboard Air Line.

OVERWORKED WOMEN

WHY SO MANY LOSE THEIR ATTRACTIVENESS.

Miss Mossey Tells How Headaches, Backaches, Weakness and Fitful Tempers May be Avoided or Overcome

Miss Georgiana J. Mossey, of No. 129 Lake street, St. Albans, Vt., is a bright, healthy young woman and from her appearance one would never think she had ever been sick for a day in her life. But there was a time, a few years ago, when she was very low, when physicians treated her without avail and hope for recovery was almost gone. But at last she was cured and now tells how in the following words:

"Overwork," she says, "was the cause of my illness. My system became all run down generally, my blood was poor and the doctors said I had anaemia. My appetite failed me, I became pale and sickly with no color at all in my face. I had dizzy spells and severe headache. My illness affected my limbs and I could not walk any distance without becoming very much fatigued and short of breath.

"I suffered for two years and twice was confined to my bed. I doctored with the local physician for over a year and received no benefit. Then I went to Montreal and took treatment from a physician there, but he did me no good and I began to fear I would never get well.

"While in Montreal, a friend of mine who had a niece who had been greatly benefited by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, advised me to try that medicine. I began taking them and soon saw a change for the better. I noticed that my lips and ears were beginning to look red and the pallor was fading away. My cheeks began to fill out, and my appetite returned. My friends noticed the change at once and asked me who was my doctor now. I told them that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were doing all this.

"Altogether I took twelve boxes and by that time I was a strong and healthy girl again.

"When I went to the store here to buy a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," Miss Mossey said, "the clerk told me I could buy them cheaper in bulk than in the package. But I remembered I had read a warning that the genuine pills were never sold in bulk and so I insisted upon being given the package with the wrapper on it bearing the full name—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People—and I got them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

MEN--BE STRONG



DR. HATHAWAY,

Recognized as the leading and most successful specialist.

Few men are absolutely free from some organic weakness. Spots before the eyes dizziness, bashfulness, weak back, loss of memory, aversion to society, etc., are symptoms which you cannot overlook. These conditions can be promptly overcome if the right treatment is given, but experiments with free samples, ready-made medicines, "quick cures," etc., will only aggravate your trouble and make a cure more difficult.

Before jeopardizing your future happiness by experimenting with unscientific treatment, I want you to investigate fully my superior equipment for curing you. I have cured thousands where others have failed.

My specialty includes all other chronic diseases, such as stricture, varicocele, blood poison, bladder and urinary diseases, etc., which I treat in the latest scientific manner, and my legal guarantee is backed by the leading banks and commercial agencies. Consultation free either at office or by mail. Send for complete symptom blanks, mailed free in plain envelope. Correspondence confidential. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., Suite 33, Inman Building, 23½ South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

HOLY FATHER NOT PLEASED BY FRIAR NEGOTIATIONS

Alleged That Pope Leo Thinks His Agents Have Mismanaged the Affair--Last Note of Vatican to Governor Taft.

London, July 19.—The Rome correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says the pope is intensely displeased at the way in which the commission of cardinals has conducted the negotiations with Judge Taft in the matter of friars in the Philippines.

"I learn from an authentic source," says the correspondent, "that, besides annulling the procedure of the commission of cardinals, the pope has summarily dissolved it, expressing his view that the American demands were reasonable and signifying his readiness to treat with Judge Taft personally."

Note to Taft.

Rome, July 18.—The following note from the vatican was presented to Governor Taft tonight:

"I hasten to acknowledge the receipts of the letter by which you kindly communicated to me the cablegram from Secretary Root, answering my note after July 9, which explained the counter-project of the vatican for the regulation of religious affairs in the Philippines. While thanking you for this important communication I am happy to assure you that the holy see has learned with the liveliest satisfaction the high consideration in which Mr. Root, in the name of the government of the United States, hold the fitness of the measures which the vatican, independently of the solution of any economic question, designed taking to ameliorate the religious situation in the archipelago and to cooperate in the pacification of the people under American sovereignty. The measures are indicated in my memorandum of June 21 and my letter of July 9.

Pontiff Is Pleased.

"With equal satisfaction the pontiff has taken into account the assurances of Secretary Root that the American authorities in the Philippines and at Washington will put forth all possible efforts to maintain the good understanding happily established with the authorities of the Catholic church. On his part, the pontiff will not fail to give the apostolic delegate soon to be sent to the Philippines the most precise instructions according to my former note.

"The main lines for future negotiations, indicated in the notes, having been accepted by Secretary Root, the representative of the vatican in the archipelago will enter into relations with the authorities in the Philippines on the four points indicated by Mr. Root at the end of his cablegram.

"The holy see does not doubt that mutual confidence, combined with the action of its representative and that the American government will easily produce a happy solution of the pending questions, inaugurating for that noble country a new era of peace and true progress.

Compliment to Taft.

"It is my agreeable duty in sending this letter, to be able to render homage to the very great courtesy and high capacity with which you have filled the delicate mission which the government and the president of the United States confided to you. Willingly I admit that the favorable result of the negotiations must be attributed in very large part to your high personal qualities.

"While flattering myself that this first success will be a guarantee of the happy issue of ulterior negotiations in Manila.

"I have the honor to be, etc.,

"RAMPOLLA."

Governor Taft was informed tonight that the pope had fixed July 21 for his farewell audience.

Governor Taft will start Saturday for Vallambrosia, near Florence, where he will stay with his family until Monday, when he will return for his audience with the pope.

PRINCE DE SAGAN PUNCHES FACE OF A PARIS LAWYER

Paris, July 18.—The personal encounter yesterday between Prince de Sagan and Maitre Barboux, the well known lawyer, is the leading topic of the day here.

Prince de Sagan is Helie de Talleyrand-Perigord, whose brother, Boson, married Miss Helen Morton, of New York. He declares he only struck Maitre Barboux lightly in order to provoke a duel because he is Mme. de Gast's fiance. He was summoned before a magistrate today to explain his conduct and probably will be punished for assaulting Maitre Barboux. The lawyer says Prince de Sagan punched him severely in the face, and he asked the court to take action. Two detectives were detailed to protect him from further aggression.

Mme. de Gast, with whom the press and public generally sympathize, says she carried a horse whip hidden in her sunshade yesterday and intended to whip Maitre Barboux, but that the latter left the court by a side door.

BALFOUR RECONSTRUCTING GREAT BRITAIN'S CABINET

London, July 18.—The duke of Devonshire, president of the council; the marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for foreign affairs; Joseph Chamberlain, the colonial secretary; the earl of Elborne, first lord of admiralty, and the marquis of Londonderry, postmaster general, it is understood, have consented to retain their present portfolios in the new cabinet.

Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India; C. T. Ritchie, the home secretary; R. W. Hanbury, president of the board of agriculture; W. St. John Brodrick, secretary of state for war; A. Ackers-Douglas, first commissioner of works, and Walter Long, prseident of the local government board, will remain in the cabinet, but their portfolios may be changed.

George Wyndham will remain chief secretary for Ireland, but with a seat in the cabinet, the new lord lieutenant having no seat in the cabinet and being rather a social representative of the sovereign than a political representative of the government.

AUGUST 9 FOR THE CORONATION

London Again Busy with Preparations for the Crowning.

London, July 18.—An official notification was issued this morning that, by the king's command, the coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra will take place August 9. Rehearsals of the procession from Buckingham palace to Westminster abbey took place this morning and the officials of the various state departments concerned in the abbey ceremony are again busy with preparations for the crowning.

THE EMPIRE BUSINESS BUREAU,

Grant Bldg. Phone 2244,

Will furnish you with competent office, store and mechanical help PROMPTLY WITHOUT CHARGE.

SENT TO MURDER KING OF ITALY

Anarchist from Paterson Is Arrested at Milan.

Papers Seized at His Room Indicate That He Was Sent to Italy To Assassinate the King. Confesses He Is an Anarchist.

London, July 18.—A dispatch from Milam, Italy, to The Daily Telegrap reports the arrest by the police at Bra, near Turin of a young barber who recently arrived there from Paterson, N. J. The prisoner gives his name as Tonetti, which is believed to be assumed, and confesses that he is an anarchist.

Papers which were seized at his lodging since includes correspondence with Paterson anarchists and a document indicating that it was Tonetti's intention to assassinate King Victor Emanuel, who frequently traverses Bra in a motor car on his way to private estates.

TO REBUILD THE CAMPANILE.

Work Has Already Been Commenced at Venice.

Venice, July 18.—The architect, Boni, to whom, with a committee, has been given the work of reconstructing the campanile, has been intrusted also with the examination of and care of all the other Venetian monuments. Signor Boni is a director of the excavations at the Roman forum. The recovery of the decorations of the Sansovino logetta is proceeding satisfactorily under Signor Boni's care In addition to the bronze gates which were found in tact, the whole front cornice, with three marbel bas reliefs, was found practically undamaged and the bronze Mercury was only slightly injured.

Among the bricks of which the campanile was built have been found Roman bricks from Aquileia, the birth place of the Venetians, evidently brought as relics of their old home. Portions of the tower prove to have been hollow and filled with rubbish.

GREAT FIRE AT GUAYAQUIL.

Loss on Buildings and Merchandise Will Reach $5,000,000.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, July 18.—The fire which broke out here at 9 o'clock Wednesday night was extinguished last night after having destroyed ninety blocks on some of the principal streets of the city. The loss on buildings and merchandise is estimated at $5,000,000. The burned buildings include the custom house and railway station. The city is without gas and the only water to be had is that taken from the River Guyas.

CYCLONE SWEEPS AUSTRIA.

Seven Are Killed and Great Damage Done.

London, July 19.—The correspondent at Vienna of The Daily Express reports that a devastating cyclone and tropical rainfall occurred in Austria-Hungary Thursday night. In the Tyrol floods destroyed a quarter of a mile of railway near Unzmarket and a train was derailed, the stoker killed and many persons injured. In many places houses were destroyed by lightning. A scaffolding around a church was blown down at Rovisoe and thirteen persons who were attending a funeral at the church were injured. The crops on an area of 20 square miles near Villach, Conrinthia, have been destroyed.

Marquis Sago Dead.

Yokohama, July 18.—The Marquis Sago, a distinguished statesman, died today of cancer. He commanded the Formosa punitive expedition, held many cabinet positions and was a brother of the hero of the Satsuma rebellion.

Earthquake in New York.

Malone, N. Y., July 18.—A distinct earthquake shock was felt here this morning at 5:25. It lasted ten seconds.

GEORGIA TROOPS HAVE TAKEN NORTH CAROLINA



CAPTAIN F. L. SMITH, Commanding Company A, Fifth Regiment, G. S. T.



CAPTAIN R. L. WILLIAMSON, Commanding Company I, Fifth Regiment, G. S. T.

A SPECIAL to The Constitution from Wilmington, N. C., tells of the arrival of the Fifth Georgia regiment state troops, at Wrightsville Beach yesterday.

The soldiers are very favorably impressed with the camping site and have already begun to have a glorious time. They are looking forward to a most enjoyable stay at the beach, as the Atlantans who are visiting there gave them an ovation and the North Carolinans have given them a hearty welcome.

The first dress parade was held yesterday afternoon and was witnessed by an immense throng. Hundreds from Wilmington went down to see the Georgia soldiers and were unstinted in their praise of the handsome appearance made by the troops.

Thousands attended the concert given last night by the regimental band.

It is hinted in the dispatch that Governor Candler is expected by the North Carolinans to make a trip with his staff to the beach while the soldiers are in camp, but the governor stated last night that he had no idea of going, that if the Georgia troops would hold their encampment on Georgia soil he would visit them, but he would not follow them into another state.

Troops Pitch Their Camp.

The special is as follows:

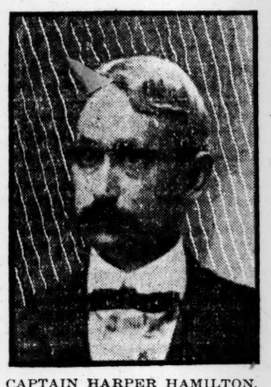
Wilmington, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The Fifth regiment, Georgia state troops, reached here this morning on two sections, the first with officers arriving at 8 o'clock, and the second section with the troops an hour later. Soon after arrival the regiment put up tents on Hammocks encampment site and is now under full military discipline.

The trip from Atlanta to Wilmington was uneventful. The soldiers are much impressed with the encampment site and all are looking forward to a pleasant sojourn at the ocean's brink.

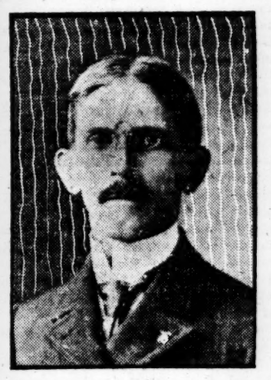
First dress parade was held this afternoon at the camp grounds and hundreds of Wilmington people went down to witness it. The Atlanta colony on Wrightsville Beach turned out in full force and loudly cheered the Georgia boys as they passed in review.

The civilians' excursion from Atlanta arrived this afternoon. Tonight the regimental band gave a concert at headquarters, which was heard by over a thousand people.

If Governor Candler and staff visit the regiment while in camp it is probable that Governor Aycock and staff will also come here in honor of the Georgians' visit to North Carolina.



CAPTAIN HARPER HAMILTON, Commanding Company H, Fifth Georgia Regiment, G. S. T.



CAPTAIN W. C. NUNEMACHER, Quartermaster of Regiment.

IMPRESSED WITH AMERICA.

but Japanese Statesman Predicts an Early Setback.

Vienna, July 18.—Count Matsukata, the former minister of finance of Japan, who recently returned from a month's visit to the United States, said to the correspondent of the Associated Press:

"While I was deeply impressed with the tremendous energy of the Americans and their wonderful commercial development, I fear that the too rapid progress of the United States is likely to experience a serious setback in the near future.

"The commercial energy of the Americans," he continued, "incomparably surpasses anything in Europe, but America's progress has been so exceedingly rapid that I fear some sudden disaster. In my opinion too much business has been done on borrowed capital."

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Juven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and one dollar. 32

This is $5 worth of medicine for $1.00. Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., prop. Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

Police Prevented Duel.

Stockholm, July 18.—It is now said that the police got wind of the proposed duel between Captain Arvid Westor, of the general staff of the Swedish army, and William Casper, an American, manager of the Grand Arena palace, and prevented the meeting.

Countess de la Warr Divorced.

London, July 18.—Countees de la Warr was granted a divorce today on the ground of the earl's desertion and misconduct. The countess was given costs and the custody of her children.



B. O. S.

THE GREATEST EVER

and

save your money until tomorrow

MAHER RIDES WINNING HORSE.

Pilots Cheers to Victory at the Sandowne Meeting.

London, July 18.—At the Sandowne second summer meeting today the fifteenth renewal of the Eclipse stakes of 10,000 sovereigns, the owner of the second horse to receive 500 sovereigns, and of the third 100 sovereigns for 4-year-olds, about one mile and a quarter, was won by the duke of Devonshire's Cheers, ridden by Maher. Rising Glass was second and Lancer was third. Twelve horses started.

BANK DIRECTORS CONVICTED.

They Are Heavily Fined and Sentenced to Prison.

Berlin, July 18.—After many weeks' trial the directors of the Prussian Mortgage bank and its allied concerns, charged with falsifying balance sheets, were sentenced as follows:

Edouard Sanden to six years imprisonment and a fine of 15,000 marks; Heinrich Schmidt, nine months and a fine of 2,000 marks; Puchmbeller, fifteen months and 4,000 marks; Edouard Schmidt, a year and 10,000 marks; Warsniki, a year and 5,000 marks; Otto Sanden, a year and 1,500 marks; Haenschke, nine months and 1,000 marks.

In the case of Edouard Sanden the year he has spent in prison will be to his term.

EARTH TREMBLES IN PERSIA.

Several Houses Collapse and People Are Panic-Stricken.

Bombay, July 18.—A severe earthquake shock was experienced at Bundar Abbas, Persia, at 7:30 in the morning of July 9. It lasted three or four minutes and was followed by lighter shocks. All the chief buildings suffered.

The governor's house partly collapsed and the custom house was destroyed. The whole population was panic-stricken and flocked to the sea beach for safety, but only one fatality was reported.

The shocks are believed to have originated at Kishm island, whence loud detonations were distinctly felt at Bunder Abbas. It was feared that the destruction at Kishm had been heavy. A few years ago an earthquake at Kishm killed hundreds of people.

FINED FOR HIGH TREASON.

Basuto Chief Must Pay 500 Head of Cattle.

Mazebu, Basutoland, July 18.—The trial of Chief Joel on the charges of high treason in fighting against his brother, Hlesen, and contempt of court has resulted in his sentence to a year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of five hundred head of cattle. The town was lively during the trial. The most important Basuto chiefs were present. Lerothodi, the paramount chief, walked to the prison with Joel

Rebels Asked To Yield.

Panama, Colombia, July 18.—General Aiapuru, former liberal president of the department of Panama, has issued a card advising the revolutionists to accept the terms of peace offered them by President Marroquin. He says the welfare of future generations demands that the transfer of the canal be considered immediately by the Colombian congress.

BUY TODAY.

WE CLOSE ON SUNDAYS.

We Meet All Advertised Cut Prices.

Frank Edmondson & Bro.

POPULAR PRICE DRUGGISTS.

14 South Broad Street.

No. 5 030.

Report of the condition of

THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK, AT ATLANTA,

In the State of Georgia, at the close of business, July 16, 1902.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$1,222,208 87	Capital stock paid in	$ 200,000 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	12,625 89	Surplus fund	125,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	200,000 00	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	11,010 99
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	200,000 00	National bank notes outstanding	200,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	14,829 41	Due to other national banks	77,972 11
Stocks, securities, etc	266,017 03	Due to state banks and bankers	84,055 21
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	3,395 10	Dividends unpaid	446 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	75,764 73	Individual deposits subject to check	1,253,730 02
Due from state banks and bankers	64,874 94	Demand certificates of deposit	108,871 75
Due from approved reserve agents	192,573 84	Certified checks	2,878 87
Internal revenue stamps	1,117 27	Cashier's checks outstanding	1,425 00
Checks and other cash items	1,263 50	United States deposits	200,000 00
Exchanges for clearing house	22,883 23	Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	185,000 00
Notes of other national banks	5,485 00		
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	7,783 39		
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie $107,607 75; legal tender notes $41,960 00	149,567 75		
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	10,000 00		
Total	$2,450,389 95	Total	$2,450,389 95

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, SS: I, Joseph A. McCord, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of July, 1902.

S. H. ASKEW, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRANK HAWKINS, H. Y. McCORD, E. B. ROSSER, } Directors.



Electric Fans AT REDUCED PRICES.

A large stock both New and Second-Hand Fans, now offered at greatly reduced Prices.

Telephone us and we will call on you.

Carter & Gillespie Elec. Co.

Telephone 1025. 40 N. Broad Street.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

WHITE MEN SHOT TO DEATH IN FIGHT WITH NEGROES

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—Charles Barger, of Murhy, N. C., passed through this city tonight with the body of his brother, John, who met death in a riot at Chicago, Tenn., a place of about 500 people located in Cumberland county, Tennessee.

The Chicago-Tennessee Land and Coal Company announced that they would not allow negroes to work in the mines. John Barger talked to C. W. Bradshaw, superintendent of the company, on behalf of the negroes. They quarreled and Barger killed Bradshaw. Barger was felled by a blow from a pick ax in an unknown party's hand and died almost instantly.

Jim Rice and Isaac Wright, both colored, were killed and others wounded in a general fight which resulted from the false belief that the negroes were about to cause trouble.

CUBAN STRIKE IS SETTLED.

President Palma To Send Tariff Message to Congress.

Havana, July 18.—The strike at Cienfuegos, in which twenty-two trades unions joined in support of the demands of timber handlers, has been settled.

President Palma has decided to send to congress a message recommending the removal of the duty on cheese cloth, quantities of which are now being used in covering tobacco plants to protect them from insects. The message will recommend also that silver coins issued during the reign of Queen Isabella II, of Spain, prior to 1868, shall cease to be a legal tender after August 31.

LANSDOWNE TALKS OF CHINA.

He Says the Indemnity Debt Is a Gold Debt.

London, July 18.—In the house of lords today the foreign secretary, Lord Lansdowne, said it was hoped to restore Tien Tsin to the Chinese within a month. He also said that the Chinese indemnity debt was a gold debt, but Great Britain was not vindictive, and, in consequence of the serious depreciation in the value of the tael, had suggested to the other powers a mitigation of the terms, by which during the first eight years China should not pay more than she would have done had the tael maintained the value at which it stood when the protocol was signed.

KNOX HATS. | **The MUSE Store.** | WOOL CRASHES.



Get a nickel's worth of oxalic acid to clean up your begrimed straw hat; it will do very well for second best.

But here's your time for a hat to do honors until the middle of October.

Straw Hat Reductions:

Knox $4.00 Wafer and Yachts for **$3.**
Knox $12.50 Panamas for **$10.**

All Alpine straws and split and rough yachts that were $1.50 to $3.00---**now $1 to $2.**

$7.50 and $10.00 Panamas for **$6** and **$7.50.**

A Wool Crash in July will fairly mint over a man's appearance. We have some new Crash Suits in this week whose yarn has preserved every bit of Scotch moorland beauty but the smell of heather.

$10 gets you a pretty nice all-wool Crash Suit; **$12.50** for one a little better, and **$15** and **$18** for the real aristocrats.

MUSE. | 3, 5 and 7 Whitehall Street. | MUSE.

The ropes of conservatism will hold any business back. One of the first "knots" to undo to get ahead is poor printing. A firm that sends out clean, up-to-date, well-printed business literature, is leagues ahead of the competitor who sticks to the old-fashioned kind—just because he's *always* had it.

THE FIRST KNOT

Let us get you out good, distinctive printing; the difference will open your eyes, and the cost won't be any more

BYRD PRINTING COMPANY

8 South Broad Street Telephones 1560

LOCAL OPTION WINS IN BUTTS

One of the Most Exciting Elections Ever Held in County.

J. O. BEAUCHAMP FOR HOUSE DEFEATED DR. R. W. MAYS

Former Was Candidate on Local Option Platform—The Latter Was for Dispensary—Full List of the Officers Chosen in the Primary.

Jackson, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The Butts county primary came off today and was one of the most exciting elections held in years. The most exciting race was between J. O. Beauchamp and Dr. R. W. Mays, for representative. Dr. Mays was running on the dispensary platform and J. O. Beauchamp on local option. The race had been growing warmer for days and the flow of ballots was free today, especially at the Jackson box. Dr. Mays represented Butts county in the legislature about ten years ago and Mr. Beauchamp served the county as sheriff for eighteen consecutive years.

The election has been quite exciting all over the county.

The following officers were elected: Representative, J. O. Beauchamp; Sheriff, J. M. Crawford; clerk, A. H. S. Davis; treasurer, J. H. Cole; tax collector, D. W. McClendon; tax receiver, W. A. Mangham; commissioners, J. L. Fincher, A. M. Watkins and N. H. Greer.

Everything passed off quietly in Jackson and Butts county has one of the best set of officers she has had in years.

TO TAKE A HAND IN POLITICS.

The Macon Press, Labor Journal, No Longer Official Organ.

Macon, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The Macon Press, a labor journal, since its establishment several years ago, has been the official organ of the Central Labor Union of this city, and as such has had considerable influence in labor circles in this community. In the last issue of The Press the following very significant editorial announcement was made:

"The management of The Press requested the Central Labor Union at its last meeing to be relieved of its being the official organ of that body, which request was granted. The Press as it is now will be of more service to the cause of organized labor than heretofore, and will fight more vigorously than ever for the rights of the workingmen of the state, being free and untrammeled to strike in their defense wherever needed. The Press will keep in touch with the Central Labor Union to aid and assist in whatever way it can to subserve the best interests of the toilers of Macon."

This announcement is construed as meaning that The Press intends to take an active part in politics, which it is presumed it has been unable to do heretofore because it was the official organ of the Central Labor Union, and this organization is not supposed to be active in politics. As the official organ of the union The Press was necessarily more or less subject to censorship by the union. No longer being the official organ, The Press becomes a free lance.

Mr. H. C. Billings, a well-known member of the Macon Typographical Union, is editor of The Press. The motto of The Press is "Labor Omnia Vincit." The Press is a weekly journal for wage-earners.

News Notes from Macon.

Macon, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The funeral services of A. P. Maund were held this afternoon at 5 o'clock from his residence in East Macon. Rev. B. Lacey Hoge and Rev. J. M. Glenn officiated. The interment was at Riverside. The pallbearers were Messrs. Robert Cheeves, Ross Cheeves, John Epps, Coleman Motes, M. F. Leverett and John C. Jones. The deceased was 62 years old.

The opening of a roof garden by the Young Men's Christian Association was inaugurated tonight and was a very pleasant affair.

The following officers of the Retail Clerks' Association, of Macon, were installed last night for the ensuing year: President, C. W. McGee; first vice president, O. C. Tigner; treasurer, W. R. Herndon; financial secretary, W. A. McKenna; inside guard, W. C. Davis; guide, J. O. McMillan. The following were appointed delegates to the Central Labor Union: J. O. McMillan, C. W. McGee, O. C. Tigner and W. A. McKenna. The Retail Clerks' Association has a large and growing membership.

TRIED TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

Young Man Who Was Committed for Lunacy.

Oxford, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Olin Jones, a young white man who dwells about 3 miles northeast of Oxford, was tried yesterday on a writ of lunacy. The jury decided that he was insane and Ordinary Belcher ordered that he be held in the Newton county jail until there was a vacancy in the state sanitarium. After his trial Jones tried to commit suicide, but was prevented by Sheriff Hays.

Jones was arrested several days ago for assault and battery committed while intoxicated. The trial was set for Tuesday, but postponed, and since then he gave evidences of having an unsound mind. The trial for lunacy followed yesterday. He will be sent to Milledgeville as soon as the authorities there can receive him.

Does Not Court Defeat.

Brunswick, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Authentic information has reached Brunswick to the effect that J. M. Wilkinson, or Lowndes, will not be a candidate of the republicans of the eleventh district in opposition to Hon. W. G. Brantley, democratic nominee for congress.

ATEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT REMEDY.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, Sole Manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Covington, Ga., July 23, 1898.

This is to certify that I have used Dr. Hall's Great Discovery for rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, and will say that it is far superior to anything I have ever used for the above complaint. Very respectfully,

H. I. HORTON, Ex-Marshal.

CLAIMS ALL OF HILL'S MONEY.

ILLINOIS MAN SAYS HE HAS A PROMISSORY NOTE.

That He Rendered Personal Favor to Deceased and That in Return Hill Made the Note.

Americus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Americus claimants of Charles Hill's fortune, left in South Dakota, were advised by telegraph today of the appearance upon the scene of one Cox, from Mount Vernon, Ills., who claims the entire sum of $144,000 in payment of promissory note for that amount made by the deceased, Charles Hill.

The story is that Hill, a very eccentric character, once came to Mount Vernon, and for some personal favor rendered, gave a promissory note to the amount of his entire wealth.

Little credence is given the claim by the Americus heirs, who really are near blood relatives of the deceased.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH.

Two Linemen Thrown from Poles by Hot Telephone Wires.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Two linemen of the Southern Bell Telephone Company narrowly escaped electrocution today. W. H. Sandifier was hurled from a pole by a telephone wire that had been surcharged by a street railway wire. Half an hour later, at the same place, J. F. Thomas caught hold of a wire that burned his hands severely. He tried to throw it over his head and became entangled in it. Many parts of his body were burned and he would have fallen to the ground if he had not been supported by the wires. He was finally rescued by Foreman Charles Watkins, who climbed the pole and, though burning his hands, extricated Thomas. Sandifier and Thomas are both laid up by their injuries.

GATHERING OF THE VETERASS.

Gala Day at Statesboro on Thursday. Governor Candler Spoke.

Statesboro, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Yesterday was a great day for Bulloch county. About four hundred confederate veterans met here and it is estimated that there were ten thousand visitors in town. Governor Candler was present and made a speech to the crowds in a shady park. His remarks were replete with war stories and good southern doctrine.

Sheriff Callaway, of Wilkes county, had charge of the barbecue. About seventy-five carcasses were roasted over the coals.

The music was furnished by a band from Savannah.

Four young ladies—Misses Inez Williams, Minnie Kennedy, Claude Hodges and Belle Brann, dressed in gray suits and carrying confederate flags—met the governor on his arrival.

TRIED TO PRIZE DOOR OPEN.

Young Ladies of Columbus Call in Assistance of Neighbors.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—A negro attempted to break into the house of Misses Mary and Minerva Green night before last, trying to prize open the door. He was very bold and addressed several remarks to the ladies, who came to the door, attracted by the noise. He did not go off until the assistance of neighbors was requested.

The negro, Dan Jefferson, arrested on charge of being the "Peeping Tom" who peered into a lady's room on lower Broad street night before last, was fined $10 by the recorder. He denied the charge stoutly.

The police were asked to guard the Willis home, on Seventeenth street, a few nights ago, it being stated that some one had tried to break through the door with an ax.

COLUMBUS FALL FESTIVAL.

It Will Be Held During Week Beginning October 27.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The last week in October has been selected as the time for holding Columbus' fall festival. This is the week between Atlanta's interstate fair and the state fair at Valdosta, so no trouble will be had in securing attractions.

The state reunion of confederate veterans will be held two days of this week—probably on Wednesday and Thursday, the 29th and 30th.

Ralph O. Howard has been elected permanent president and John T. Davis, Jr., permanent vice president of the festival association. Mr. Howard was president of the last fair.

ASAPH K. CHILDS IS DEAD.

Was President of National Bank of Athens.

Athens, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Early this morning Asaph K. Childs, president of the National bank of Athens, and one of this city's oldest and most prominent citizens, passed away, after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Childs came to this city more than fifty years ago from the north. He had always been prominently identified with the business interests of the city. He leaves two children, Mr. Walter L. Childs and Mrs. Professor David C. Barrow, of this city. The funeral of Mr. Childs was held this afternoon at 5 o'clock at Emmanuel Episcopal church, of which he was a member, and the remains were interred in Oconee cemetery.

Resorts Have Been Crowded.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Savannah has suffered sweltering weather in common with the rest of the south for the last ten days. As a result the several summer resorts on the salts near the city have been thronged. The number of residents has grown and every day there have been many Savannahians to escape from the heat of the city and fly to the cooling breezes and surf of the shore.

GRIFFIN DRUG STORE CLOSED.

Petition in Voluntary Bankruptcy Filed in Court.

Griffin, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The doors of the Drewry Drug Company were closed yesterday by the sheriff. This was done under the foreclosure of a mortgage for $1,700 several months ago, held by Dr. N. B. Drewry, from whom the stock and store were purchased several years ago.

Mr. Jouett, manager, and Colonel Strickland went to Atlanta and filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court, placing the assets at $5,000 and liabilities at $3,000.

Street Car Runs Over Boy.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Henry Kirkland, a 15-year-old negro boy, was [illegible] over and killed by a car on the West [illegible] street line today.

FINE ELBERTAS SHIPPED EAST

Fifty Car Loade Sent from Georgia in One Train of Two Sections.

GROWERS RUSHING THE PEACHES TO THE MARKETS

First Fruit Brings a Good Price, Some of the Crates Bringing as Much as $1.50 at the Packing Houses of Marshallville and Fort Valley.

Macon, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Fifty car loads of luscious Elberta peaches passed through the city Thursday night. The train was in two sections of twenty-five cars each. The fruit came from Marshallville and Fort Valley and small stations on the way. The peaches were shipped to New York, Philadelphia and other cities of the east. Growers are rushing their fruit to market to get the benefit of high prices. Many of the crates sold at $1.50 at the packing houses.

REINTERMENT OF THE REMAINS

Arrangements for Second Funeral of General Greene and Son.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The reinterment of the remains of General Nathaniel Greene and his son, George Washington Greene, which still lie in a vault in the Southern bank, will not take place until the afternoon of August 14. This date has been definitely fixed upon by the general committee that has the reinterment in hand. At that time the convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be in progress, and there will probably be a large attendance of those in Georgia who are members of that organization.

With military and civil honors the remains will be reinterred. They will be placed either in a casket or in an urn and bestowed beneath the monument to General Greene that stands in Johnson square, the first monument erected in Savannah. Funds for the undertaking were raised largely through the conduct of a lottery, which was authorized by the legislature for that specific purpose.

All the military of the city will be invited to participate in the event, and it is very probable that a detachment of the national guard of Rhode Island, General Greene's native state, will be sent to Savannah to bear a part. The governor of Rhode Island and the governor of Georgia, each with a suite, will be in attendance. The aid of the city in the entertainment of these guests will be enlisted.

It is probable that there will be a funeral oration delivered, and the event will be made of a patriotic character. There are about twenty of the lineal descendants of General Greene scattered throughout the country, and nearly all of these will be present.

Other features of the day will be the placing of a bronze tablet on one facade of the monument by the Daughters of the American Revolution. The descendants of General Greene will also place a bronze tablet, suitably inscribed, on the old Mossman vault in Colonial park, formerly Christ church cemetery, in which the remains of General Greene and his son were originally placed.

AKERIDGE SHOT AT JACKSON.

Trouble Between the Men Was About a Debt of 65 Cents.

Macon, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—James Akeridge, a grocery merchant on Fourth street, was arraigned in the recorder's court this morning on the charge of assault and shooting at another. He was committed to the city court on both charges. According to the evidence, the wife of a negro named Babe Jackson owed Akeridge 65 cents, and when Akeridge went to her house to try and collect it he abused her. When her husband came home she told him of Akeridge's visit. Jackson went to Akeridge's store to remonstrate with him about abusing his, Jackson's, wife, Akeridge took his pistol and fired once at Jackson. The ball went through Jackson's coat. Jackson left the scene. Akeridge got a shotgun afterwards and threatened to kill Jackson. Jackson had the police to make a case against Akeridge. Akeridge then had Jackson arrested on a warrant charging him with assault on him and using profane language in the presence of a female. Akeridge claims justification for all he did and says he acted in self-defense.

TO MAKE FINE UNDERWEAR.

New Industry for Athens Is Under Consideration.

Athens, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The Athens board of trade has now under consideration a proposition from a New York manufacturer to move his $90,000 plant for the manufacture of fleece-lined underwear to this city. This manufactory has a monthly pay roll of $7,000 and enjoys a prosperous business. The owner will put in his plant and $30,000 cash, if the citizens here will raise $30,000 in stock. It is believed that this new manufactory will be secured for Athens. The board of trade will hold a meeting, at which steps will be taken to meet the necessary requirements.



B. O. S.

TOMORROW!!

and

save your money until tomorrow

DECISION OF ARBITRATORS.

AGREEMENT IN THE RICHMOND STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

One Member of the Board Dissented. Copies Sent to Company and Strike Headquarters.

Richmond, Va., July 18.—At 3:50 o'clock this afternoon the street railway strike arbitrators reached a decision and sealed copies of the written decision were sent to the company and to the headquarters of the men.

Three members of the committee unite in the following report: Main line motormen are to receive 18 1-2 cents and conductors 17 1-2; branch line motormen 16 1-2 and conductors 15 1-2, each division to decide for itself as to the hours per day. The fourth member, who represented the men, dissented. Both sides signed a written agreement to abide by the decision of the board of arbitration.

At a meeting of the strikers held tonight the action of the board of arbitration was formally ratified.

IMPROVEMENTS AT EATONTON.

Annex Being Built to Large Ware House—New One To Go Up.

Eatonton, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The large ware house built last year by the Prudden estate near the business part of the town was found to be inadequate and work on an annex has begun. In addition to this C. D. Leonard will erect on a lot near by another ware house with large capacity. These two ware houses very likely will handle all the cotton to be raised in this county.

The Methodists of this place have determined to overhaul and remodel their church building. Architect Size, of Atlanta, was here a day or two ago taking the dimensions of the house and making plans and estimates for the building committee. As soon as these can be made and settled upon work will commence. At least $2,500 will be expended in this work. Of this amount $500 has been raised by the untiring efforts of the ladies of the church by means of suppers, festivals, entertainments, etc. The present edifice was built in 1857 and has been overhauled but once since. Until very recently the house has been the property of the membership, the ante-bellum contributors to its erection having based their gifts on the proviso that the property remain in the name of the membership. Recently it has been deeded to the Southern Methodist church. With new roofing, a fresh coat of paint, modern seats, new windows, improved heating apparatus, a clean carpet and a few other improvements the old church will yet present a handsome appearance.

WHITE IS CONVICTED AGAIN.

Miss Kinney and Her Relatives Still After Him.

Carrollton, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—In the city court here today John R. White, a young married man, who was formerly a merchant at Temple, in this county, was convicted on an indictment for bastardy preferred by Miss Cora Kinney, of Temple. White was convicted at the October term last of Carroll superior court of the offense of seduction preferred by the same girl. Learning the verdict would be adverse to him, he fled before it was read and proceedings were had to forfeit his bond.

After several weeks White surrendered and was sentenced to the penitentiary. After serving about six months he was pardoned only a few weeks ago, but is now convicted again. It is understood White will take an appeal in the matter. There is also pending two damage suits amounting to several thousand dollars in favor of Miss Kinney and her father for seduction. These will probably be tried at the present term of the city court.

FOUND A BIG BED OF KAOLIN.

Prospectors Think They Have a Rich Time Ahead of Them.

Tifton, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—W. J. Henderson, of Tifton, who is considered an expert mineralogist, was on a prospecting tour a day or two ago, and visited the place of Colonel John Murrow, in Worth county. In an old pine field on this place he noticed at the mouth of a long gulley some briars stained with something of the color of kaolin. He returned home and secured the proper tools and visited the gulley again, and drilled to the depth of 10 1-2 feet and as deep as he went the substance was as good as when he first made the discovery. Not a grain of sand about the ore. It has a rich color, and will pull as free as chewing gum or candy.

Mr. Henderson made a valuable discovery of kaolin in Florida and says that he knows that this is the same material as that. It has the appearance of being more like fuller's earth than kaolin, but the goods that are manufactured from the product are the same. Kaolin makes the finest of crockery and the discovery by Mr. Henderson is a large one and will prove a valuable mine if there is no flaw to be found. He says the usual depth of such mines is not more than 6 feet and that this one being 10 1-2 feet as far as he drilled would likely stand to be probed several feet farther down.

Colonel Murrow and Mr. Henderson made a trip to the gulley today, where they dug 200 pounds of the earth, which will net when dry 100 pounds. Colonel Murrow will ship it to some manufacturer of crockeryware and have it made up, giving it a thorough test.

CORN TOO HIGH IS THE REASON.

But Little Wheat Liquor Being Made in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The revenue officials here say there have been fewer seizures of illicit distilleries during the past three or four months than ever before. The reason assigned is that corn is so high that the moonshiners are not, as a rule, making any liquor. The new crop of corn will be, perhaps, the largest ever grown in this state, and the moonshiners will be able to resume. Corn in the mountain region is as high as $1.20 a bushel, or thrice the usual price.

Small Blaze in Athens.

Athens, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—This morning fire broke out in the warehouse and stables of Abney Bros. and before it could be extinguished one fine mule had been cremated and several hundred dollars' worth of property destroyed. Several mules were liberated before the fire reached them.

Discussing Johnston's Candidacy.

Huntsville, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The announcement of Captain Joseph F. Johnston for governor and of Hon. Charles E. Waller for lieutenant governor has been the subject of much discussion among the politicians here.

Booker Washington To Lecture.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—Booker T. Washington will lecture here next Monday night in connection with the colored teachers' summer school, which is being held at Knoxville college.

Ball Renominated for Congress.

Houston, Tex., July 18.—The democratic convention for the eighth congressional district renominated Thomas H. Ball for a fourth term. The platform indorses the Kansas City platform.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Store of Many Departments.

Another Shoe Sale.

Prices Now on Women's Stylish Summer Shoes Average a Fourth to a Half Less.

Shoes are on the go here now. Nearer the ridiculous than we like to see such good Shoes going for, but here are the circumstances.

Sizes are broken. Of some styles there may be all but one size, while of another possibly several sizes are missing. Too late to reinforce, so the best thing, we think, is to put them all together, reduce price and sell while there's yet plenty wearing-time ahead.

You can be fitted alright. At each price there's a host of styles, and among all of them, of course, every size and width; many prices, many styles. Some of them:

100 pairs of E. P. Reed & Co.'s fine Oxfords in half a dozen different styles, not all sizes of each style, but all sizes in the lot; reduced from $3.00 to $2.00 pair.

Ideal Patent Kid Oxfords, dull mat kid top, medium broad toe, very light extension soles, military heels, priced now $2.00 instead of $2.50.

15 styles of $2.00 Oxfords, including Patent Leather, Patent Vici, Dongola and Amazon Kid, hand-sewed medium heavy extension and light hand-turned soles, any style heel; choice, $1.69 pair.

150 pair of Oxfords and Strap Sandals that range in value from $1.50 to $2.00, this sale, 89c pair. All sizes of some styles.

Patent Leather Colonials with hand-sewed medium heavy extension soles and full Cuban heels, gilt or gun metal buckles; reduced from $3.50 to $2.50 pair. All sizes and widths.

Ideal Patent Kid Oxfords, hand-sewed, medium heavy extension soles, military heels, $2.50 instead of $3.00.

Ideal patent Kid Oxfords, mat kid top, hand sewed extension soles, military heels; $2.50 pair, regular price $3.00.

Amazon Kid Oxfords, full broad toe, patent tip, hand sewed, wide extension sole, low military heels; $3.00 Oxfords priced $2.50.

Amazon Kid Oxfords, medium heavy extension soles, hand-sewed, medium broad toe, military heels; reduced from $2.50 to $2.00 pair.

Strap Slippers and 3 strap patent tip Kid Sandals; also 2 strap Sandals with common sense heels; some 3 strap Patent Leather Sandals, French heels and light hand-turned soles; choice, $1.50 pair.

Those in all sizes of each style we mentioned to give you an idea of the general reduction on all Women's Summer Shoes.

Your saving averages from a fourth to a half on those in all sizes of some styles, but if a size of the style you like best isn't to be found, bear in mind the fact that all women's Summer Shoes—excluding Patricians—are priced now from 50c to one dollar less.

ARE AFRAID OF JOHN ASHLEY

He Has Entered Race for State Senate in South Carolina.

CANDIDATE IS ILLITERATE

Was Once Elected to Legislature as a "Joke"—People Now Afraid He May Get to Congress.

Charleston, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The democrats of Anderson county have combined to defeat "Citizen" Josh Ashley, who has entered the campaign as a candidate for the state senate. For six or eight years Ashley has represented his county in the state legislature, and he is considered the most unique character in South Carolina politics. When he went to Columbia to be sworn in he could not write his name, but since then he has taken primary lessons, and is able now to write ordinary letters. Despite his lack of education, however, Ashley is brainy, and has common sense enough to make him a leader among his "woolhat" followers.

When it became known recently that Ashley expected to get to the senate as a stepping stone to a higher office, the voters of his county realized the importance of relegating him to private life. He is said to have hesitated between making the race two years hence for congress or governor, and in either race he would doubtless command more or less strength. It is the fear of his election to one of these offices that prompted the voters to make bitter warfare against him at this time, and should he succeed in winning he would be in a better position to make the race for congress. He would have more of a show for that office than for governor, and his appearance in the halls of congress would certainly make him the most astounding figure in that assembly.

When Senator Tillman first got into power in South Carolina Josh Ashley rode into prominence by swinging bravely to the Tillman coat tails. He made the race for the legislature, and because of his general ignorance and lack of education and refinement the people voted for him as a "joke." So many "joke" votes went in, however, that Ashley was elected on the first primary, and since then the opposition has failed to get him out. He took his boys to Columbia, had them appointed pages in the legislature, and sought the cheapest boarding establishments in the city. He saved his money. There was no necessity for this, however, as Ashley is wealthy. He does not show it in his dress.

On a campaign trip one day he declared he would never vote for a man who wore cuffs, and from that time he became known as the "cuffless statesman."

While speaking in Anderson one day the candidate opposing Ashley interrupted him by saying that Ashley could not sign his name to a check.

"Dat's all right," replied "Josh," "but, by ——, I kin mek me cross on de check an' git more money dan you kin by writin' yer name."

The quick answer made a hit with the crowd, and no further reference was made to the candidate's lack of education.

Notwithstanding the powerful efforts being made to defeat Ashley for the senate, the voters of Anderson realize that it will be a difficult undertaking, and sporting people say he is an even-money favorite in the betting.

General Lamar Nominated.

Tallahassee, Fla., July 18.—In the third Florida district Attorney General William B. Lamar has been nominated for congress by the democrats.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Promotes the growth of the hair and gives it the lustre and silkiness of youth. When the hair is gray or faded it BRINGS BACK THE YOUTHFUL COLOR. It prevents Dandruff and hair falling and keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

Sunday Constitution
Daily Constitution
Sunny South

10 CENTS *For 7 Days To City Delivery Subscribers*

For four weeks, ending June 29, 1902, The Constitution contained **62 pages more than its nearest contemporary, three times as much advertising and one-third more reading matter.** So it is small wonder that the circulation of The Sunday Constitution is double that of its nearest contemporary and is growing daily and Sunday. Here are the latest statistics:

SUNDAY, JULY 13, 1902.

	Number of Pages	Columns of "Ads"	Columns in Paper
SUNDAY CONSTITUTION	52	105	364
Nearest Contemporary	40	33	280
Excess in favor of Sunday Constitution	12	72	84

SUNDAY, JULY 6, 1902.

	Number of Pages	Columns of "Ads"	Columns in Paper
SUNDAY CONSTITUTION	50	103	350
Nearest Contemporary	40	32	280
Excess in favor of Sunday Constitution	10	71	70

The Sunday Constitution carries more than **three times the amount of advertising** printed in its nearest contemporary and goes to twice as many readers. Tabulated, these facts favor The Constitution as follows:

Advertising.....3 for 1
Circulation.....2 for 1

The Sunday Constitution is recognized the world over as **the standard Sunday Southern Newspaper.**

It is the paper in which to **place your wares before the public** and to **announce your wants.** It is the only possible channel by which **every home in Atlanta can be reached.**

Every advertisement brings results, and every reader finds a hundred fold more than his money's worth in Foreign, Domestic, Southern, State and Local News—all handsomely and artistically illustrated.

WATCH IT!

Window and Plate Glass,
Wholesale and Retail.

We have the largest stock of WINDOW Glass in the South, at our warehouses, 12 North Forsyth and 213 Peters St., Atlanta, and on M. & M. T. Co. Wharf, Savannah. Order from either place.

F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.

JOINT DEBATE NOT PROBABLE

Governor Johnston Will Challenge Governor Jelks To Meet Him.

BUT THE INVITATION WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED

Governor Johnston Once Declined To Meet Congressman Clark, Saying Joint Debates Were Not Good for the Democratic Party.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Governor Johnston has made no hesitation in declaring his purpose to challenge Governor Jelks to a joint discussion or canvass during the coming campaign. Governor Jelks is not a skilled public speaker and makes no claims to being a match for the former governor on the stump, and his friends say he will, without hesitation, decline the challenge. They recall that Congressman Dick Clark challenged Governor Johnston to a discussion when the two were pitted against each other in 1896 and Governor Johnston declined on the ground that joint discussions between democrats were not a good thing for the party. They say that Governor Jelks will follow this precedent. At any rate, there is no likelihood of a joint canvass.

HAS SOME RARE DOCUMENTS.

Alabama Department of History Receives Some Gifts.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The department of history is in receipt of the military papers of the late Colonel R. T. Jones, colonel of the Twelfth Alabama, presented by his widow. One of his commissions is rare, being issued by "The Independent State of Alabama" during the interregnum between secession and the organization of the confederacy. His widow now lives in Selma.

A rare and valuable gift was recently made of the roster of the Twenty-eighth Alabama, presented by Captain Randall D. Berry, of Selma. There was nowhere in the capitol or state archives the scratch of a pen on the subject before this presentation.

NEGRO CAR COUPLER MASHED.

His Wounds Proved Fatal—Accident at Marion Junction, Ala.

Selma, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—While coupling two cars on a freight train on the Southern railway at Marion Junction at an early hour this morning Sam Grayson, a negro brakeman, had his left leg from the ankle to the knee crushed into an almost unrecognizable mass through his carelessness. The man was brought to Selma and placed in an infirmary, where the wound was dressed and he appeared to be doing all right until late this afternoon when he smoked a cigarette and immediately afterwards died from the effects of his wound.

HOLDS UNTIL REHEARING.

Supreme Court Will Act on Case in November Next.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The certificate of affirmance by the supreme court in the contested election case of Black v. Pate, from Geneva county, has been withdrawn pending an application for a rehearing, and thus Black will hold the office until the November term of the court can act on the rehearing. Black is a democrat and the contest went against him both in the lower court and on appeal. He will now retain the office during the period which covers both the primary and the general election.

FIXED DATES FOR PRIMARIES.

Alabama District Executive Committees Meet and Make Arrangements.

Decatur, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee of the eighth congressional district met here this afternoon and called the primary for August 25, the same date as the state and county primaries.

The committee of the second senatorial district, composed of the counties of Morgan and Lawrence, also met and fixed their primary for the same date.

It is generally conceded that Judge William Richardson will be nominated and elected without opposition.

There are two candidates for the state senate—C. Ed Albes and S. A. Linn. The senatorial committee will meet here August 30 and canvass the votes cast for senator.

YOUTH KILLED BY ACCIDENT.

EARL BUNTYN RECEIVES FATAL WOUND AT BIRMINGHAM.

Loaned Pistol to Friend Who, While Handling It, Accidentally Discharged It.

Birmingham, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Earl Buntyn, a lad 19 years of age, died this morning from the result of an accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of a friend, Oliver Smith, who was about the same age.

The accident happened at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Buntyn, Cottonwood avenue, West End., about 9:30 o'clock Wednesday night. Oliver Smith, who had been visiting Earl Buntyn, started to go home and requested the loan of a pistol. Young Buntyn handed him a 38-caliber "Bulldog" revolver. Smith took it and the explosion followed. The revolver was self-acting, and it is supposed that Smith involuntarily pressed the trigger. The bullet shattered the left forefinger of Smith's hand and struck Buntyn an inch below the navel, lodging near the spine.

Dr. Wilder, the family physician, was summoned and by his advice Buntyn was removed to the hospital, where an operation was performed yesterday morning, but it failed to save the young man's life.

Earl was a brother of Mrs. Dan W. Green, of Atlanta, Ga.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN STANFORD.

An Old Citizen of Barbour County, Alabama, Passes Away.

Eufaula, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Captain Samuel M. Stanford, an old and highly esteemed citizen of the county, died at his home near Bush last night. The deceased was 60 years old and was known and loved in many sections of the state. He served as a captain in the Thirty-ninth Alabama regiment and was a gallant soldier. He leaves a widow and five grown children. The interment took place near his home this afternoon.

General Harrison's Mother Dead.

Opelika, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The reported death of the wife of General George P. Harrison, by The Montgomery Journal, is erroneous. It was General Harrison's mother who died at Cuthbert, Ga., this morning.

Bauer's Wound Is Mortal One.

Decatur, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Frank Bauer, the ball player who was shot yesterday, is in a precarious condition and his chances for recovery are doubtful.

HIS CONSCIENCE IS SMITTEN.

Chattanooga Hotel Man Receives Letter with Dollar in It.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—F. I. Jodry, of Stryker, Ohio, has written the proprietor of the Rossmore hotel the following letter:

"Inclosed find $1 due you from some time in January, 1901, at which time I stopped at the Rossmore and registered, at about 8 p. m., and left the next morning without settling in full for two meals and lodging, paying for one meal only. Have since become a Christian and deem it a part of my duty to straighten up all bad accounts."

TILTON SUES NORFOLK PAPER.

State Attorney Claims Damages in Amount of $10,000.

Norfolk, July 18.—Commonwealth's Attorney John G. Tilton today instituted suit for $10,000 against the Virginia Pilot Publishing Company for the publication and circulation of an alleged libel. The suit grows out of certain articles in which Tilton was criticised by the paper relative to the position he took in declining to hold Osborne, the alleged double wife murderer, for trial here on the charge of killing his wife in this city, instead of turning him over to the Oklahoma authorities to answer for a similar crime therein.

THEY WANT A RECEIVER.

English People File Application in District Court of Texas.

Houston, Tex., July 18.—Application has been filed in the United States court for the eastern district of Texas for a receiver for the oil companies which have their lands and wells in the Veatch league in the Beaumont oil field. Annie Trench and Frederick Trench, of England, are the applicants. They have heretofore filed suit to test the title and now allege that the oil is being removed to their great loss. The application is set down for hearing at Sherman July 28 before Judge Bryant.

Will Meet in August.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—This evening Secretary B. W. Kilmore, of Raleigh, of the Association of Commissioners of Agriculture and State Chemists of the cotton growing states, announced that the next annual convention will be held at Nashville August 26, 27 and 28. Commissioner Samuel L. Patterson, of Raleigh, is its president.

THEY WILL HAVE TO DIE BY ROPE

Last Ray of Hope Gone To Save Necks of These Two Men.

BELONG TO PROMINENT MISSISSIPPI FAMILIES

Governor Longino Refuses a Respite, and Cocke and Lauderdale Will Be Executed at Greenville on Next Tuesday in Private.

Jackson, Miss., July 18.—(Special.)—Governor Longino's refusal to grant a commutation of death sentence in the Ashley Cocke and Tom Lauderdale cases carries with it also a refusal to grant a respite to either of the condemned men, and it is now absolutely certain that they will be hanged on the same scaffold at Greenville next Tuesday morning. This brings to an end the last chapter in one of the most celebrated murders that has occurred in Mississippi for several years. Both men belong to prominent families, and every known method was resorted to for the purpose of securing executive clemency, but without avail. Governor Longino, while giving a patient hearing to the petitions, visiting delegations of friends and relatives, and the hundreds of letters from influential persons, remained obdurate and declined to interfere with the verdict of the court. The hanging will be private.

The refusal of Governor McMillin, of Tennessee, to honor Governor Longino's requisition for J. J. Armistead, the Memphis millionaire and banker, who is wanted in Mississippi on the charge of embezzling state treasury funds, has created much unfavorable comment, owing to an unprecedented feature of the case. Governor McMillin bases his refusal on an opinion to the effect that, while it may be a crime in Mississippi to loan the state funds, it is not embezzlement to borrow such funds, and in venturing this opinion the Tennessee governor places himself in the position of analyzing the criminal laws of Mississippi. Furthermore, his construction of the statutes is contrary to the court decisions of this state. Unless the Memphis millionaire should drop over in Mississippi some day and fall into the custody of a vigilant officer, there is no likelihood that he will ever be brought into court to answer the indictment against him.

WAS A VICTIM OF THE CHOLERA

Death of Lieutenant Monday, of Knoxville, Tenn., in Philippines.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—Joshua Monday, of this county, has been officially advised that Lieutenant Oscar C. Monday, his son, died in the Philippines July 14. Cholera caused his death. The young man was attached to the Philippine scouts. He was a sergeant in the Third Tennessee volunteer infantry in the Spanish-American war. He enlisted in the Nineteenth infantry, after being mustered out of the Third Tennessee. About six months ago young Monday was promoted to be a lieutenant in the scouts details. He was 26 years of age. The war department advises his father that the body will be brought home as soon as possible, consistent with his disease.

PRODUCE 20,000 HORSEPOWER.

Water Power Plant To Be Established Near Asheville.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—Information from Asheville is to the effect that M. R. Wilkinson, with some Philadelphia parties, are planning to establish a water power plant on the Linnville river in western North Carolina, near Asheville. It will, it is said, produce 20,000 horsepower when completed as proposed. The Southern railway is said to be interested in the project, with a view to securing manufactories to patronize this water power.

LYNCHERS ARE AFTER HIM.

Brown Is Accused of the Murder of Two Men.

Variola, La., July 18.—Roger Brown was taken to Natchez today to escape a lynching. He is charged with the murder of two men 2 miles east of Variola. Brown got into a quarrel with another negro named Ellis and brained him with a stick of wood. The camp foreman, a white man whose name was not learned, grabbed Brown, but the latter got away, and, picking up an ax, returned to the attack on the foreman and finally killed him.

DROUGHT RUINED CORN CROP.

WHILE COTTON IS DAMAGED 75 PER CENT.

Sad Reports from Mississippi About the Crops—In Some Counties No Corn Will Be Made.

Jackson, Miss., July 18.—(Special.)—Twenty counties in Mississippi are suffering from the effects of a disastrous drought, and in over one-half of this number the corn crop has been utterly ruined, while cotton has been damaged from 60 to 75 per cent. The drought is wholly dissimilar from similar events of previous years. Instead of being confined to one section of the state, it is scattered about in spots, and three principal areas are affected, the east central part of the delta and the eastern and northeastern counties in the hill and prairie section. In Tallahatchie county the destruction of crops is practically complete, and forest fires are raging, while in the adjoining county of Leflore the prospects are fairly good.

The drought area in the delta is spreading, and the latest reports received state that in counties where the prospects were excellent two weeks ago there has been great deterioration, especially in the corn fields, where the plant has been twisted up and is scarcely fit for fodder. Negro tenants and laborers are abandoning the plantations and moving to town.

BUILDING TRADES ON STRIKE.

Over Two Thousand Men at Jacksonville, Fla., Refuse To Work.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 18.—(Special.)—The union men of Jacksonville engaged in the building trades are on a strike, and this afternoon 2,500 refused to work and building operations have been completely suspended in this city. The cause of the strike is due to the failure of the contractors to recognize the eight-hour plan. This morning 1,500 carpenters declined to go to work in obedience to an order from the Central Labor Union.

The labor unions of Jacksonville are controlled by leaders who are conservative, and they predict nothing but the best of order will be observed during the conflict that was inaugurated several weeks ago, but which today was past most forcibly into effect.

A mass meeting of several hundred workmen is being held in the open air tonight. All union labor may be called in sympathetic strike.

MAY HAVE ONE MANAGEMENT.

Entrance of New Road Into Coal Fields of Tennessee.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—It is rumored here that the entrance of the Louisville and Nashville, the Knoxville and LaFollette and Jellico railroad, into the Coal Creek coal fields may lead to the consummation of that long talked of plan of combining all the Coal Creek coal properties under one management. It is said that E. R. Chapman, an eastern gentleman, who is interested in the Coal Creek Mining and Manufacturing Company, owners of much of the coal lands, has been at work on this scheme. Mr. Chapman was in the city recently, but it is not known what has been the result of his negotiations, if any have been pending.

DRUMMER SHOT BY POLICEMAN.

Jacobs Says Beaumont Was Advancing on Him with a Knife.

Nashville, Tenn., July 18.—Late this evening on Cherry street, near the corner of Union, Policeman Walter E. Jacobs shot twice and fatally wounded Henry F. Beaumont, a traveling salesman of this city. Jacobs claims Beaumont was advancing on him with a butcher knife, which was found where the wounded man fell, and that he had never seen Beaumont until half an hour before, when the man met him and made a somewhat unintelligible threat, after which he walked away. When they met again the tragedy occurred.

Don't Fail To Try This.

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures Kidney and Liver Troubles, Stomach Disorders, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and expels Malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists. Only 50 cents.

PANAMAS CLEANED
and reshaped. Bussey's, 23 Whitehall st.

Laying the Standard Gauge.

Laredo, Texas, July 18.—The last section of the standard gauge rails was laid last night on the division of the Texas Mexican railway extending from Alice to Corpus Christi, Tex., and the first standard gauge train was run through direct from Laredo to Corpus Christi. The company will now devote its attention to widening the gauge of the road from Laredo to Mexico City and this work will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

Convict Recaptured.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—Mack Burkley, who escaped from the state prison at Petros a few days ago, has been captured at Clinton. He has been placed in jail there to await the arrival of the penitentiary officials. He went to the penitentiary September 26, last year, to serve a three years' sentence.

Good Crops in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—This is a year of plenty in North Carolina. It is said by members of the board of agriculture that the crops on red clay lands are not so good as those on sandy lands, and they add that they are overestimated. They admit that the recent rains are improving crops on clay and may make them the equal of any.

Got Five Years' Sentence.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—W. W. Cecil, charged with killing Jerry West at Helenwood, Tenn., last November, has just been tried and found guilty of voluntary manslaughter. He is sentenced to five years in the state penitentiary. The killing occurred at a country dance.

Hardware Dealers Meet.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 18.—(Special.)—The East Tennessee Hardware and Implement Dealers' Association is holding its semi-annual convention in this city today. It convened last night, President James Mays, of Sweetwater, presiding. Topics of the trade are being discussed.

Adjourned Until Monday.

Richmond, Va., July 18.—The senate and house today, after sessions of about an hour, adjourned until Monday. The corporation commission fight came up again and was again postponed until Tuesday. A large number of bills were presented in both branches.

VESSELS LADEN WITH THE FRUIT

Regular Line of Steamships Between Charleston and Central America.

CARGO BROUGHT IN OF 22,000 BUNCHES BANANAS

Charleston People Place Great Importance on the New Business for Their Port—Competes with Large New York Houses.

Charleston, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The opening of the steamship line between Charleston and Central America is looked upon here as a matter of tremendous importance to the port. Regular weekly sailings have been established to Port Limon, Costa Rica, in addition to the Colon line and the Fruit Dispatch Company of New York, which is behind the enterprise, has announced that it will put on as many vessels as the business will warrant. The merchants of Charleston have looked into the project with a view of building up closer trade relations with Central American states, and with frequent sailings of freight vessels from this port they will be in a position to compete with New York houses for the foreign trade.

The Norwegian steamship Taunton, which arrived here yesterday from Port Limon, brought in a cargo of 22,000 bunches of bananas. The cargo was loaded into sixty-six freight cars and was shipped out by the Southern railway to points as far west as Detroit.

NEW POSTMASTER IN CHARGE.

Wilmot Harris Will Try and Give Satisfaction to Charlestonians.

Charleston, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—Wilmot L. Harris, recently appointed postmaster at Charleston, took charge of the office today, while George I. Cunningham retired from the service to be sworn in as United States marshal for the district of South Carolina. The appointment of Mr. Harris has given general satisfaction here and business people believe he will give the city a first-class administration. His appointment has not been confirmed by the senate. It will come up for confirmation next December and according to reports from Washington, Senator Tillman will oppose it. In view of the approval of the community, however, it is not believed that Senator Tillman will seek to have Mr. Harris turned out. The main opposition to Harris comes from the rank and file of old line republicans, many of whom sought the office. There were sixteen candidates. Harris was appointed two months ago, but his name was voluntarily withdrawn by the president. After an investigation, however, the president decided to name Mr. Harris again, and he did so the day after congress adjourned.

SLOT MACHINES SHUT DOWN.

Columbia Officers Think There Are Too Many of Them.

Columbia, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—As a result of the anti-gambling movement started in Columbia some time ago the police yesterday notified the owners of slot machines that they must suspend operation. In future those only that give value received in some commodity will be allowed to remain in use. Of late the slot machine craze has been on in full force and many of the cigar stores have kept them going as an adjunct to their regular sales. It is estimated that there are more than a hundred machines in this city. Most of them will probably be sold and shipped away if it appears the police are in earnest in the matter of enforcing the law against them.

FLORENCE TOBACCO MARKET.

Large Sales the First Day—Prices Range from 5 to 30 Cents.

Columbia, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The Florence tobacco market was formally opened yesterday with the largest "break" that has occurred in the history of the market. Over 100,000 pounds were sold at prices ranging from 5 to 30 cents per pound. As far as can be learned, complete satisfaction is the result of the big break, not more than half a dozen tickets being turned. A tobacco man estimated the average price at between 8 and 10 cents per pound. As a result of the sale $10,000 was turned loose among the planters, a large majority of whom are residents of Florence county.

THREE KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Man and Two Women Slain During a Storm.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—A bolt of lightning killed Joe James and two girls, sisters, Jane and Sylvia Sims, at Pollocks Ferry. A storm came up and these and two others went under a rest house. The bolt destroyed the house. The two not killed were injured. A mule was also killed.

Charters Granted.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—A charter was granted by the state today to the Fremont Cotton Oil Company, of Wayne county. Its stockholders are nearly all farmers, and it is also to make acid phosphate. The charter is a liberal one and allows it to do business anywhere in the state; that is, establish factories wherever it pleases. This is one of the number of anti-trust mills which are going up all over the state.



B. O. S.

IT'S WORTH WHILE

and

save your money until tomorrow

Insanity Due to Nervous and Mental Troubles.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Great Tower of Safety and Rock of Health in the Hot Weather.

Nervous diseases when aggravated by mental disturbances produce more causes of insanity in the hot weather than at any other season of the year. Nervous headache, nervous dyspepsia, sleeplessness and chronic constipation induce depression of spirits, extreme weakness, morbid fears, despondency and languor; from these, dread insanity comes slowly but surely.

Nervous sufferers have a dread of hot weather. Finding themselves deeper in the pit of misery than they were in the spring and early summer, they are in utter despair.

There is hope for you, dear reader, if you are one of the sufferers. You stand in need of Paine's Celery Compound, that great builder of the nervous system. Its vitalizing action commences with the first bottle you use. The volume of blood immediately increases in the arteries, and the body is fully fed and nourished. Your appetite becomes regular and natural, the nerves and brain are strengthened, and you have impulses of health that cheers the soul.

This remarkable remedy will truly meet your case and give you a new life; it will lay the foundation for happiness and long years. We counsel you to try this marvelous summer health-restorer at once, and enjoy the blessings of health.

WANTED—A Store Room for a clean business on Whitehall or Peachtree. Address A. B. C., care Constitution.

PRIZE ESSAYS FREE!

Two magnificently written Prize Essays on "Discharges and their Evil After-Effects on the Individual, Wife and Child," and "Syphilis, or the Inter marriage of the Diseased," embodying the experience of 20 years of specialty practice, bristling with important facts and foreign authorities, becauses that it is the plain duty of every man to read and understand, will be sent sealed and without marks to any address without charge. Address Dr. H. H. Kane, 138 W. 34th Street, N.Y.

DR BURKHART'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

A positive cure for all Blood, Stomach and Skin Diseases, Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Catarrh, Restlessness at night, Malaria, Night Sweats, Pimples on the Face and Sleeplessness, Dizziness and La Grippe. 30 days' treatment 25 cts. All Druggists.



Full Set Teeth, $5.00 to $10.00.
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OUR MOTTO is to turn out work that will satisfy all. Examinations and estimates made free.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN,
Mgr. Gate City Dental Rooms, 408, 409 and 413 Norcross Building, will continue to serve his patrons as faithfully as he has done during the last 8 years in Atlanta. Open until 8 o'clock every night, except Sunday.

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Seaboard Air Line Railway,

Every Saturday Night.

LEAVE ATLANTA 8 P. M.

Week End Rate

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Make Reservations Early.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
12 N. Pryor St.

$2.50 to Montgomery and return, Monday, July 28th, via "The West Point Route." Special train will leave Atlanta 8 a. m. on the above date, giving you two days in Montgomery. Geo. W. Allen, T. P. A., 7 N. Pryor St. J. P. Billups, G. P. A.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York
Depot

The Early Bird Doesn't Get The Worm.

The idea that the "early bird catches the worm" doesn't work this season when it comes to running against bargains in Refrigerators, Water Coolers and articles in the line of House Furnishing goods. You see customers who came earlier in the season, before we had bought the Hunnicutt & Bellingrath stock, didn't find us loaded up with so many of these goods which we were in danger of having to carry over to another season. But that's exactly the fix we are in now, and rather than carry these goods over we'll sell you any Refrigerator left out of the Hunnicutt & Bellingrath stock at almost "any old price" your conscience will let you fix, assuming of course that you have a conscience, as all other customers have.

But we do not want you to understand that this proposition applies to Refrigerators only, for we have just lots of things in the way of House Furnishing goods (many of which you've been needing a long time if you'd only own up to it), at the old Hunnicutt & Bellingrath corner, which we will sell you on the same conditions, and our Mr. Martin, who is in charge over there, will see that you are served promptly and courteously, and that you get such of these goods as you may need, at prices that will nearly stagger you.

Mason's 1-Quart Fruit Jars at 49c a Dozen.
The Eureka Steel Range, $15.00.
The King Bee Cooking Stove $6.00.

We are Agents for Fairbanks Scales.

KING HARDWARE CO.,
53, 54, 55 Peachtree and 179 Peters St.

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Long years ago the first piano most of us heard was a CHICKERING. Our grandmothers and our mothers used it and pronounced it the BEST IN THE WORLD. For 79 years the CHICKERINGS have been improving and perfecting their pianos until today, with all modern improvements, the CHICKERING stands in the front rank. Their latest triumph produced after years of investigation and experiment, THE QUARTER GRAND CHICKERING, defines an epoch in the history of pianoforte making. Beautiful in quality of tone and delightful in touch, taking but little more space than an upright, it surpasses it in all qualities desired in a pianoforte.

As representatives of CHICKERING & SONS we have on hand a full stock of their instruments, comprising both uprights and quarter and parlor grands.

Very Low Prices and Easiest Terms can be obtained.

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ATLANTA, GA., July 19, 1902.

Against Senator Spooner.

The action of the Wisconsin republican state convention in turning down Senator Spooner is of national interest.

Senator Spooner is generally regarded as one of the ablest of the republican leaders of the senate. He is a man upon whose judgment President Roosevelt to a very great extent relies, just as President McKinley did before him. Confessedly the ablest debater on the republican side of the senate, he has been a real tower of strength to his party.

But Senator Spooner is not as strong with the republicans of his state as he is outside of it. Wisconsin republicanism has been undergoing a revolution. The old republican oligarchy which long controlled things has been swept from power. The "stalwart" wing, with which Senator Spooner has been identified, has been dominated, it is alleged, by corporation influences, but its hold has been so strong that not until Governor La-Follette appeared on the scene was the more progressive element able to win victory. The issues are almost entirely local, but the result of the La-Follette victory may have a wider significance. The two principal issues between the factions have been the adoption of the primary system of making party nominations, and "an equal and uniform taxation of all taxable property." The Spooner wing has been against the primaries and against the tax reforms advocated by Governor LaFollette. The governor's forces controlled the convention, gave him the heartiest indorsement, condemned in unmeasured terms the failure of the republican legislature to pass the bills he had recommended, and adopted a scathing resolution condemning "the pernicious activity of federal officials in attempting to forestall and control conventions of the party and in assisting professional lobbyists before the legislature and elsewhere in defeating legislation in refutation of party pledges."

These federal officials were appointed as Spooner men. The senator sought an unqualified indorsement at the hands of the convention, but the resolution of his friends was defeated by a vote of 709 to 353. The "indorsement" finally given him was dictated by his political enemy, the governor, and is a mild expression of approval of his candidacy for another term, provided he pledges himself to the platform adopted by the convention.

As Senator Spooner has been one of the leaders of the fight against the policies covered by these platform declarations, it is presumed he will decline to change front for a reelection. Some time ago he announced he would probably retire from public life; the presumption is that, in view of the action of the convention, he will reiterate that declaration.

The Uses of Silver.

There are many persons, doubtless, who think that since our American silver free coinage agitation has subsided the only markets open to our silver producers is that of the trades that use silver bullion in the arts and ornamental industries. For that reason they talk of the metal in much the same terms that they use in speaking of copper, zinc and steel.

Last year, however, our exports of silver bullion amounted to $49,732,390, or, approximately, a hundred million ounces. Foreign countries do not absorb this vast annual weight of silver in the manufacture of silverware and decorations. The greater part of it is merged into the currency systems of the various European nations. Their people have a greater need for silver money than for gold coins, because their level of living is lower than can be served by the scarcer and more valuable metal. Few of their families can afford to spend in daily transactions beyond the dollar limit and for that reason those countries must maintain a heavy volume of small silver coins.

The singular part of the business is that our government and people go ahead producing silver bullion and selling it at an average price of less than 50 cents per ounce to the Europeans, who immediately convert it into currency coins at a ratio to gold that makes every ounce of the silver issue from the mint with a money value of $1.32. In other words, the American silver producer makes about 15 cents net per ounce and the European government makes about 82 cents per identical ounce by making the silver into subsidiary coins!

Still, this is one of the beautiful anomalies of the financial sense of this nation that is forever degrading and stigmatizing the money uses of silver and declaring that there is no salvation, of philosophy, or redemption in any other name than Gold!

Excess Tare on Cotton.

It appears from a circular issued by the Southeastern Cotton Buyers' Association that the ginners and planters of Georgia and Alabama have been too liberal in the past in the use of bagging and ties. Under the present system of compressing cotton for long hauls the bale as it comes from the plantation or the commercial gin does not require the close bagging and heavy tying that was formerly considered essential. And even where the cotton is bought for local spinners these object strenuously to paying cotton prices for excessive bagging and ties.

Because the spinners charge back the excess upon the commission men and buyers, the latter have determined to penalize all bales of cotton that carry more than six yards of bagging and six ties. This matter is important to every planter who bales his own crop and every ginner in the region affected by the new rule. The only way to avoid an actual loss on the cotton itself is to observe the rule and The Constitution advises compliance with it, because it seems a wise economy and will save trouble to all concerned.

Governor Taft at Rome.

There is no question of religion, and there should be none of politics, involved in the attitude of this government toward the friars in the Philippines.

There is a disposition on the part of some politicians to attempt to make political capital out of the apparent conflict between the government and the monastic orders. There is no warrant for that sort of politics and any efforts on this line must surely react upon those responsible for them. Nor is there involved in the present issue any controversy between the different divisions of the Christian church. There is no Protestantism versus Catholicism in it in any way.

This fact must be borne in mind in the consideration of the negotiations between Governor Taft and the vatican at Rome. It is somewhat difficult to understand, from the fragmentary cabled reports, just what has been accomplished in these negotiations, but it is certain that there has been failure, for the present at least, upon the one vital point.

That is the expulsion of the friars. The chief purpose—indeed, the sole purpose—of Governor Taft's visit to Rome was to secure from the pope an order for the withdrawal of the monastic orders from the Philippines. The purchase of the lands held by these orders is a mere incident to the main desire of this government that the friars shall go. In return for a papal edict recalling these societies, the representatives of the United States were authorized to guarantee that the rights of the church shall be carefully conserved, that there shall be no attempts at proselyting through the influence of the American schools, that the American government will not array itself in the slightest degree on the side of Protestantism, and that the Philippines government will purchase all of the lands and other property of the friars, paying the most liberal prices therefor.

The end at which Governor Taft has aimed in these negotiations is to have the friars withdraw upon the order of the head of the church. With such cooperation on the part of the pope, the solution of the greatest problem confronting the American government would have been comparatively easy. If the vatican declines to assist toward this end the problem will necessarily become more acute, but it will be solved in the only way it can be solved. The friars will be ordered from the islands by the American government.

Those unfamiliar with the conditions in the Philippines may jump to the conclusion that this means a clash with the church of Rome. It means nothing of the sort. These monastic orders are organizations separate and distinct from the church, though working in its name. The people of the islands have the most loyal love and veneration for the church, of which they are most devoted members, but at the same time they have the bitterest possible animosity for the "frailles," and they are absolutely united in their demand for the removal of these orders. This is one point upon which there is not a word of dissent among the Filipinos. "The friars must go" was the shibboleth upon which the last insurrection against Spain, as well as its predecessors, was founded. There was, indeed, less animosity against Spain than there is against the friars. At the outset, while the insurrectionists were crying against the friars they were shouting vivas for Spain; and it was only because the Spanish government persisted in supporting the monastic orders—which, indeed, had become more powerful and influential than the government itself—that the insurrection was directed against Spain.

These friars are Spaniards. The history of their operations in the islands is a record dark and revolting. Wholesale condemnation may not be warranted by the facts, but all of the societies are held responsible for the record that has been made up against them—a record marked by the horrors pictured in the chronicles of the Middle Ages. This record is not made up by the critics of the church, but it is made by sincere and devoted Catholics. So great has been the oppression of the people by these orders that the demand from members of the church for their recall is absolutely universal.

There can be no permanent peace in the islands so long as the friars are permitted to remain. The hatred of the people for them is deeply rooted. Their one great desire is that these Spanish friars be made to leave and that they be permitted to have native or American priests in place of Spanish priests. There is no suggestion of disloyalty to the church in their demand, and there is no possible ground for resentment on the part of members of the church toward the American government for its action in taking the side of the Filipino people.

Any attempt on the part of opponents of the administration to make political capital out of these negotiations at Rome will fail, as it deserves to fail. The American people should be as united in their support of the government in this matter as are the Filipinos themselves.

Governor Yates, of Illinois, has not yet succeeded in convincing the people of Saline county that Sambo is their long lost brother with a strawberry mark on his right arm.

Croker threatens to make a flying trip to this side just for the pleasure of smashing the face of John C. Sheehan. But isn't John plenty ugly enough already?

American epicures are about to exhaust the Canadian frog crop. Still there will be plenty of croakers against America left in Canada when the frogs are no more.

Ambassador Reid has plunged so far into the social swim in England as to warrant fears for his safety. His name hasn't thrilled the cable in three days now.

The Texan newspapers are egging Senator Bailey to do something in the short arm line to Solicitor Penfield. All the Texans love a scrapper.

The president seems to be addicted to literary luncheons and for that reason should not miss Billville when he comes to visit Georgia.

When J. Pierpont Morgan rises to respond to the toasts offered him in Europe he can truly say: "I came, I saw, I ate!"

Senator Vest may be nearly blind, but he certainly knows yet how to put a democratic liner over the plate in scientific style.

Mr. Littlefield appears to be as pleased with his anti-trust law puzzle as a boy with his first pair of red-top boots.

Perry Belmont is confident that he will make Lessler feel like a Guttenberg skate in the congressional race this fall.

There is a suspicion abroad that Bill Mason's presidential boom will turn out to be only a new seed distributor.

Hon. David Bennett Hill is to fire the first gun for the democracy in Illinois and he never fires a blunderbuss.

A Utica man has engraved the alphabet on a pin's head. It was probably too bulky to get into his own head.

Wu Ting-fang says he was not surprised to get the speedy grand bounce. No Chinaman ever expects less.

Admiral Dewey says he is an amateur in politics. There is one man, at least, who knows where he is at!

Secretaries Hitchcock and Wilson appear to have finally backed their resignation rumors off the dock.

Ben Tillman is evidently enjoying the prospect of what he will do to McLaurin in the last round.

It is said that a new "original Hanna man" is being discovered in some Ohio town every day.

Governor Bob Taylor probably thinks his eloping daughter has gone to "A Fool's Paradise."

Senator Spooner got one of those indorsements that resembles a rain check.

The Olney boom is booked to have a frying-out heat in Boston next week.

Our ball club should be called the Lazarus—because it comes fourth!

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Darien Gazette: Atlanta has lost the new depot, but she still has Bobby Walthour.

Darien Gazette: The railroads have certainly downed Atlanta on the depot question, and we deeply sympathize with the old girl in her distress.

The Wire Grass Blade: While most of the other big cities are having strikes, Atlanta, much to our surprise, lags along in the peaceful procession.

Forsyth Monroe Advertiser: An Atlanta negro died on the 4th from drinking five glasses of ice water. Evidently the Atlanta colored brother is not used to water as a beverage.

Dallas New Era: The Atlanta depot question is about as near settled as the Philippine question. The last move was characterized by Councilman Woodward as a "gold brick" scheme.

Sparta Ishmaelite: Atlanta has failed, thus far, to get up a case of perityphlitis. For the time being, the name seems to have dazed the natives; but they will soon rally and adjust themselves to the new and startling conditions.

Danielsville Monitor: The city council of Atlanta has given the final knock-out blow to the new depot on the state's property. The Southern will build its own depot now and invite the state to become its tenant. This seems to be swapping around.

Macon County Citizen: The agitation for street hydrants in Atlanta for the benefit of the public, recalls the fact that it is easier to find anything in Atlanta than water. The only way to get it is to beg or buy it, a condition which is natural in Kentucky, but not in Georgia.

Oglethorpe Echo: Atlanta wants a fine new depot badly, but when it comes to giving up a few feet of street space to get it, that's another question. We have read of a fellow who wanted the earth but was troubled to know who would furnish the ground upon which to build the fences inclosing it.

CREAM OF CURRENT TOPICS.

Poetic Justice on the Sea.

(From The Florida Times-Union.)

Admiral Crowninshield managed to get his fleet worse damaged in the harbor of Christiania with no one shooting it than Admiral Schley did his off Santiago when under the fire of the entire Spanish squadron. Admiral Crowninshield is one of those who consider Admiral Schley a "coward and a caitiff."

A Georgian's Dangerous Gift.

(From The Memphis Scimitar.)

A would-be regicide in Georgia has shipped to King Edward 150 pounds of new perityphlitis in the form of four Georgia-grown watermelons.

Ring Him Off!

(From The Birmingham News.)

The man who grunts and groans over political conditions and does not even register should be requested to "close his speaking tube."

How To Break the Trusts.

(From The Philadelphia Record.)

The republican managers evidently conceive that the best method of dealing with the trusts is to despoil them as much as possible in the extortion of funds for campaign purposes.

Our Foreign Trade Balances.

(From The Baltimore Sun.)

It is to be noted that the excess of our exports over imports in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, was $185,470,000 less than in 1901, and less than in any year since 1897. This results largely from the increase of $79,700,000 in imports, which exceeded those of any previous year. As $65,000,000 of this increase of imports is the cost of articles imported for use in our manufactures and only to a small extent consists of articles ready for consumption, it is to be taken, of course, as an evidence of business activity. More to be regretted is the $105,731,000 decrease of exports, of which decrease $91,600,000 was in agricultural products.

How the Steel Trust Thrives.

(From The Baltimore Sun.)

President Schwab, of the United States Steel Corporation, in his answer to the injunction proceedings instituted in New Jersey against that corporation, gives some interesting information on this point. "The properties," he said, "are earning at the rate of over 14 per cent upon the company's common capital stock, after deducting 7 per cent cumulative interest upon the preferred stock." The outstanding capital stock of the steel corporation amounts to over $1,000,000,000, in almost equal proportion of common and preferred. Mr. Schwab estimates the company's earnings for the year which will end on April 1, 1903, at $140,000,000. The total capitalization, including bonds, is $1,400,000,000. The company has orders on hand aggregating $150,000,000, on which, Mr. Schwab says, it will probably make a net profit of over $60,000,000—or 40 per cent.

How does the steel combination make such handsome profits? Chiefly through the tariff. The government of the United States protects it from competition and thus enables it to demand a higher price for its products than the corporation would otherwise obtain.

The Senate and the President.

(From The Louisville Courier-Journal.)

On February 15 last, when the bill to make the census office a permanent institution of the government was before the senate, Senator Dubois, of Idaho, offered an amendment requiring the bureau to collect and publish annually just such statistics regarding trusts and corporations as the president had recommended in his message to congress. The amendment included a clause making it mandatory on all trusts and combines to furnish the officer of the bureau with the information desired under penalty of a heavy fine and imprisonment. When it came to a vote every republican present was found opposed to the amendment.

Well, We Don't Think!

(From The Kansas City Journal.)

If the democrats make trusts the issue, they ought to make Theodore Roosevelt their candidate. He is the most aggressive trust fighter now before the public.

The Duty of the Democrat.

(From The Florida Times-Union.)

In the nice balance to be observed between these opposing forces only a man's conscience is the unfailing guide. The democrat may insist on his view till authority has spoken, and then he must accept the enunciation of law as the sole preservative of order and social strength.

The Right Man for the Job.

(From The Boston Herald.)

If General Wood can use the pick and shovel to as good advantage in digging the Panama canal as he did the broom and scrubbing brush in cleaning up Havana, he will be the right man in the right place.

The President's Futile Policy.

(From The Philadelphia Record.)

Compulsory publicity and possible supervision are indicated; but the immediate curb of such tariff revision as would cut the claws of monopoly is not suggested. There is no one thing the trusts so much dread as the breaking down of the barricade behind which they safely carry on their war against the home consumer.

JUDGE ELIAS HERMAN DEAD.

Was One of the Best-Known Lawyers in South Georgia.

Eastman, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Judge Elias Herrman, one of the most prominent and best known lawyers in this part of the state, died suddenly last night about 11 o'clock, at his home in this place, of paralysis of the heart. Although he had been in feeble health for some time, death was entirely unexpected. Just a few moments before the end came he complained of feeling bad, left his bed and took a chair, and there, before a physician could reach him, expired. Before retiring, about half past 9 o'clock, he was sitting on his front veranda, talking and smoking, and had no intimation that death was lurking near.

Judge Herrman has occupied many positions of honor and trust, having been judge of the county court of this county for a number of years, and mayor of the town, besides having held many other positions, which were filled conscientiously and ably. The poor and oppressed went to to him with confidence, and could nowhere find one more ready, able or zealous in contending for their rights. He leaves a wife and six children, three brothers and one sister.

RIFLE SHOOT AT SAVANNAH.

Captain Stephens, Head of Committee, Arranging It.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Captain W. B. Stephens today accepted the chairmanship of the committee that will give the interstate rifle shoot in Savannah. The dates are August 25-30. Efforts will at once be made to secure a large attendance. Assurances have been received from a number of Georgia teams that they would appear to participate in the matches that have been arranged.

Cotton Opening in Sumter County.

Americus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—A number of open cotton bolls were exhibited in Americus today, the first of the new crop. If the drought continues, Americus may receive a new bale within one week, though the crop is being severely injured.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Tennessee War Record.

Editor Constitution: Tennesseans should be proud of the achievements of her pioneers whose patriotism was of that kind which admits of no other construction than that of the highest order. It was in May, 1772, three years before the Mecklenburg declaration, and four years before the Fourth of July Declaration of Independence, that a local self-government was organized. This was under John Sevier and his comrades on the Watauga, in East Tennessee. It is an interesting fact that Tennesseeans, although west of the mountains and free from British dangers and interruptions, and pressed with Indian troubles on their front, took an active part in our revolutionary struggle and were active factors in securing the victory of Kings Mountain, N. C., thus practically turning the tide in the direction of victory for the colonists. Later on we see Tennesseeans rushing to the rescue of the young republic in 1815 at New Orleans, when Andrew Jackson, with 6,000 volunteers, whipped Packenham, the commander of 20,000 well-equipped British troops. And, yet there was more to follow.

In the Indian wars that followed, when Spain was trying to hold southern territory with the aid of the treacherous red man, Florida and Georgia will both remember what Tennesseeans did to help rid their territory of the foes of their homes and lands.

Yet other glorious achievements awaited the sons of the "Volunteer State." When the war with Mexico was declared, Tennessee sent her full quota, and the mention of the Alamo brings with it the daring, and suffering, and death, of those illustrious Tennesseeans whom Sam Houston and his heroic band terribly avenged at San Jacinto!

Surely Tennesseeans, everywhere, are proud of their illustrious progenitors. In every state and territory of this republic they are to be found, and however attached to their adopted homes, they never forget the old Volunteer State, the mention of which stirs memories which may sleep but never die!

Captain Evan P. Howell, in his very interesting article in The Sunny South, on "The Battle of Guilford Court House, N. C., in 1781," pays a handsome and merited tribute to John Sevier, Evan Shelby and his son, Colonel Shelby, and other Tennesseeans who, hearing that the "affairs of the colonists were in a bad way," came down from Tennessee and at Kings Mountain with a few raw militia, swept Ferguson and his army of Britishers entirely off their feet. Captain Howell has thus paid Tennesseeans a decided compliment, in that he practically admits that but for them the quickly following victory of the colonists over the British and our independence would not have been so easy, nor yet so sudden. Six months later the battle of Guilford Court House occurred, and John Fox, the great English statesman, declared that a few more "victories" as that (claimed by Cornwallis) would wind up the British army in America. That was a prophetic declaration to parliament, for that was practically the last great battle of the revolution.

LOUIS L. PARHAM,

Atlanta, Ga.

Stray Carrier Pigeon.

Editor Constitution: Wednesday morning, July 9, at 9:40 o'clock, a carrier pigeon came to my hotel. The pigeon is blue in color, has black stripes across the wings, a ring on each leg, numbered. Would like to hear from the owner. A. ENGELKE.

Lula, Ga.

Christian Harmony Wanted.

Editor Constitution: Will you or some of the readers of your paper inform me through your column where The Christian Harmony is published? Our professor has written to several publishing companies but can't find out. We want to commence a singing school in our community and want to use the book. Answer at once, as his time is limited. By giving the above information you will oblige.

R. M. HARDY.

Wilton, Little River County, Ark., July 13, 1902.

Survivors of Thomas' Brigade.

Editor Constitution: This brigade of Georgia infantry, C. S. A., at the time mentioned, consisted of the Fourteenth, Nineteenth, Forty-fifth and Forty-ninth Georgia regiments and took an active part in the battle of Cedar Mountain, Culpeper county, Virginia, fought on the 9th day of August, 1862. The lines of the contending armies on this field are now being marked and the work will be completed by the 9th of August, proximo, at which time the citizens of the community propose to extend to the surviving veterans of both armies a picnic luncheon, to be served in a grove on the field, to which all are invited.

I would be glad to get into correspondence with one or more comrades of this command, to whom additional might be given if necessary and through whom all might be informed of the occasion. WM. P. HILL,

Adjutant Hill Camp No. 2.

Culpeper, Va.

PASSING THRONG.

The reformed newspaper man rubbed the ends of his fingers to see if there were not still some stray ink splotches on them as a strong reminder of what he once had been. He found a faint mark, which he exhibited with pride as he began to expatiate on the most recent exploit of the profession.

"I see here," he said, pointing to a paper, "that one of us is now running the municipal government of Minneapolis."

Despite his reformation he still classed himself as one of the boys. He had just been reading the story of how Thomas R. Brown, a police reporter for a Minneapolis newspaper, had sprung to the post of mayor and chief of police of that great city at one short bound.

"I tell you, you cannot down the newspaper boys," he said. "They don't do many personal stunts under display headlines, but every now and then one of them comes to the front, and when he does it is in a manner that attracts attention. You see, Brown was appointed private secretary to Mayor Ames, and when that happened he was about half way mayor without going any further. I can see Ames now asking Brown's advice on this and that matter before the campaign was over and the election won. I'll wager Mayor Ames never took an important step in connection with the city government without consulting Brown. And now that Ames is gone and the chief of police is gone and Acting Mayor Jones is going on a long vacation, Brown's the whole thing, and I'll bet he'll run it well.

"All this reminds me that the newspaper man is a much more important factor in public affairs than many people would suppose. I don't believe there has ever been a public official, no matter to what height he may have attained, who has not taken at least one newspaper man into his confidence and sought his advice. Why, I heard one of the most prominent men in Georgia say on one occasion: 'If I have a secret that I don't want to get out, I tell it to a newspaper man.' As paradoxical as that statement may appear, there is much truth and reason in it. He tells it to the newspaper man in confidence, of course, and then if the latter should get wind of it from some other source he would not print it for fear of breaking faith.

"I know of no better example of the trust imposed in newspaper men and the value they are to those in public life than is found in Henry L. West, of The Washington Post. There is a man of whom his friends delight to tell that he has had the confidence of four presidents of the United States—Cleveland, Harrison, McKinley and Roosevelt. He has shared the secrets of state, a fact which has enabled him by the exercise of proper discretion to present the news in the clearest and most complete light possible.

"Like him, hundreds of other newspaper men have shared the confidences of great men. In fact, there is scarce an official in public life, from president, governor, mayor, chief of police and so down through the list, who has not imposed his trust in some newspaper writer and from him sought help and advice in matters political as well as those of state.

"Well, it's natural," he concluded with a sigh, "and it makes me want to get back to the life. It's what furnishes a part—the greater part, perhaps—of its fascination. There's nothing half so interesting to my mind as mixing in politics without being one of the politicians. Can't one of you boys show me the way back to the ink barrel? I'm itching to get my fingers deep into it again."

They were seen in earnest conversation in the Kimball, two Georgians who inhabit points almost at extremities of the state. It is not often they get together.

Finally they sauntered over to the telegraph office, one of them picked up a blank, wrote the address and then the word "Detained."

A friend who guessed the subject of the conversation walked past.

"Well, did you detain him?" he asked the other one.

They both began to laugh.

"So you've heard that old joke on me, too," said the man who was writing the dispatch.

"No, stumbled on it unconsciously," was the reply. "What is it?"

"Well, you see, every time almost that I get to Atlanta I meet some friend who insists on my staying over several hours or a day beyond my appointed time for returning, and of course in such event I always send a telegram to notify my wife. Well, they say it became so regular that if my wife did not get a telegram from me about the time my appointed train was due, she would call up the Western Union and some such conversation as this would ensue:

"'Is that the Western Union?'

"'Yes.'

"'Well, this is Mrs. ——. Have you got a telegram there for me that says 'detained?'"

"It was one case, they said, where the absence of a telegram produced more worry than the receipt of it. So you see, I am getting this one there in good season."

"There is plenty of activity in Atlanta real estate right now," remarked a prominent vender of Atlanta dirt yesterday. "In spite of the fact that there is not much about it in the newspapers."

"Why, we have been pegging away at your people for something to write for weeks, and you always say there's nothing doing," remarked the reporter, who had just finished wearing a few holes in the downtown sidewalks, particularly around the real estate offices.

"Well, the trouble with you fellows is you always want something big," said the real estate man. "You are not satisfied unless somebody buys a whole block and builds a new hotel, or puts up a ten-story sky scraper.

"What I mean is that the real estate conditions generally in Atlanta are in as good shape if not better than they have ever been. It is true that there are no big deals on foot, but it is not big deals that makes the business good. What satisfies us best is to have a good demand for property, both for sale and rent, just enough of the right kind of property to meet the demand, and collections coming in the minute they are due. That's the way things are in Atlanta now. I have never known a time when the demand for homes, and good homes, too, was better than now, and there seems to be something in the market for the man who wants to buy as well as for those who wants to rent. Real estate sales have been numerous in the last few weeks, but they have been of the smaller kind, from a few hundred to $8,000 or $10,000. The aggregate, however, is large, and it is a big aggregate that makes a big business.

"No, I don't know that any of the real estate men have any complaint to offer."

SHORT ITEMS CONCERNING MEN AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

THE CHARTER COMMITTEE OF the city council was to have held a meeting today, but owing to the fact that Councilman Howell, who is chairman, was called out of the city, the meeting will not take place. Mr. Howell will leave for New York today and will not return until tomorrow week. He has called a meeting for 10 o'clock Monday, July 28, at which time the report of the charter committee will be taken up. It is the purpose of the council committee to hear from every one that wants to be heard. It is likely that they will confer with the charter committee and the two bodies will get together and settle their differences, if there are any.

DR. H. C. TIMMONS, THE DRUGgist, has recently disposed of his business and will actively resume the practice of medicine.

DR. J. W. BLOSSER WILL PREACH at the People's Union tabernacle tent on McDaniel street, one block southeast of Whitehall street, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and again at night at 8 o'clock. Sunday school will be held at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

W. J. WORTHMAN, OF ATLANTA, who had been in Washington, D. C., for a few months, died in that city July 9 and was buried three days later. He was well known here. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Lizzie Worthman, his wife and six children, all of whom are in Atlanta.

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE HAVing charge of the arrangements for the celebration of Labor day will hold a meeting this evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, at Federation hall. The general committee has already completed many of the Labor day details. It has been definitely decided to have no parade this year. Formerly the industrial parade was considered one of the features of the day, but after considering the matter at length and from every standpoint, it was agreed that it would be best to concentrate the efforts of the committee in arranging for amusements and other forms of appropriate celebration. The report of the amusement committee will be submitted for ratification tonight.

THE CLAIMS COMMITTEE OF THE city council held a long meeting yesterday and heard from a number of persons who had claims against the city. There were quite a number of claimants, but all of the claims were passed upon adversely and will be so reported to the council at its next meeting. Most of the claims were for personal injuries, but there was one claim for injury to property on Whitehall street on account of recent improvements on that thoroughfare.

S. P. MARBUT, CUSTODIAN AT the court house, and J. R. Stamps, coroner, amply demonstrated their regard for the officers at the court house by compllmenting them with a watermelon cut yesterday afternoon. Fifteen fine rattlesnake melons were sacrificed on the altar of friendship. The "cut" took place in the basement of the old court house building, the melons being placed in rows on impromptu tables arranged for the occasion. But few of the melons escaped the onslaught of the clerks and the affair was voted a success in every way. Messrs. Marbut and Stamps were toasted for their thoughtfulness.

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE W. CONnors are happy in the presence of a young son, George Lochrane Connors, who arrived at their home on Peachtree on Thursday.

IN ORDER TO FINISH THE ASphalt work on Whitehall street where switches on the line of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company had been removed or replaced, the workmen continued their labors last night. One switch was taken up just below Smith street and another was put in at the corner of McDaniel to permit the barracks cars to go on the Whitehall street line.

THE ACTIVE WORK OF PREPARing for the double track route of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company to West End under the tracks of the Atlanta and West Point and Central of Georgia railroads is being pushed forward with all possible speed. The workmen engaged are making the necessary excavations at night. This plan was decided upon because the work could be carried along faster without the interruptions that always occur during the day, and the men are able to do more in the cool of the evening than during the heat of the day.

JUDGE JOHN R. WILKINSON, ORdinary of Fulton county, was taken suddenly ill Thursday evening and for a time it was thought he would be confined to his bed for some days. He rallied, however, before dawn and improved so rapidly after having been under the care of a physician that he was able to be at his office late yesterday afternoon. He was advised to remain at home, but he declined to do so owing to important business at his office which he thought should be attended to without delay.

MEMBERS OF THE ATLANTA BAR are very much gratified to learn that the work of putting down asphalt on the streets about the court house and city hall is to begin in a very short time. The new paving is expected to be down before the courts open for the regular fall term. The streets to be paved are South Pryor, from Mitchell to Kenny's alley, and Hunter street from South Pryor to Central avenue. The contractors who are doing the asphalt work for the city promise to take up The Hunter street work as soon as the paving on the lower end of Whitehall street has been completed.

MEMBERS OF THE PIEDMONT Fishing Club who have been entertained this week by Tom Wilkinson at Wynn's pond, 10 miles from Newnan, will return this morning. The party was a jolly one and will bring back many fine yarns to spin to their stay-in-town friends. The members are as follows: Dr. W. E. Turner, C. M. Essig, A. H. Esterly, H. M. Wood, J. A. Fischer, Frank Irwin, A. P. Phillips, J. H. Eardman, W. W. Croker and Lon Johnson.

ISHAM DANIEL'S CONDITION WAS reported about the same last night with probably a slight change for the worse. He rested quietly during yesterday and was sleeping at a late hour last night.

THREE ALARMS WERE ANSWERed by the fire department yesterday afternoon. The first, which was a telephone alarm from the neighborhood of the corner of Alexander and Peachtree streets, proved to be a false alarm. It was turned in at 4:15 o'clock. At 4:52 an alarm was turned in from box 41. A small fire in the basement of Kingsbery & Co.'s store proved to be the trouble. The cause could not be discovered. At 5:50 the department was called to 406 East Fair street, where fire was discovered behind the stove in the kitchen of a small residence. The damage was trifling.

HUGH M. WILLETT, OF BAGLEY & Willett, general agents for the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, is in Clarkesville with his family, taking his summer vacation.

YESTERDAY THE THERMOMETER ranged between 75 and 93 degrees, the lowest and highest yesterday. The humidity, as usual for Atlanta, was not great. Forecaster Marbury promises nothing but a continuance of the warm weather and occasional thunder showers.

J. R. Estes and T. C. Trippe leave today for a two weeks' stay at Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. Saunders P. Jones, Paul Jones, Warner L. Jones, Miss Lucy Jones and Saunders P. Jones, Jr., of Louisville, Ky., are registered at the Aragon. They stopped over in Atlanta yesterday on their way to Warm Springs, where they will spend a week or two.

A party of about twenty-five Cartersville people, among them Mr. Strickland and family, Mr. Lumpkin and family, Mr. Fields and family and Mr Munford, will leave for Cumberland island in a special sleeping car on the Southern railway 10:45 train tonight.

Otto Schwab and family left the city yesterday via the Southern railway for Waynesville, N. C.

Mrs. W. P. Welch and John W. Welch, of Athens, are at the Aragon. They are on their way to Hot Springs, Va.

J. A. Seay, of Hamlet, N. C., is registered at the Aragon.

L. P. Fletcher and family left the city yesterday via the Southern railway for Turnpike, N. C., where they will spend several weeks.

Hon. Roland Ellis, of Macon, spent yesterday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Strickland, of Athens, Ga., are at the Kimball house.

C. W. Swords and D. H. Hicky, of Madison, Ga., are registered at the Kimball.

Paul A. Stegall, of Emerson, Ga., is a guest of the Kimball.

S. D. Pettey, of Macon, Ga., is registered at the Kimball.

William H. Nunnally, of Monroe, Ga., is stopping at the Kimball.

C. P. Jackson, of Montgomery, Ala., is a guest of the Aragon.

F. L. Clark, of Birmingham, Ala., is registered at the Aragon.

New Decatur's New Bank.

New Decatur, Ala., July 18.—(Special.) The Morgan county national bank has been organized, with capital stock $50,000. The officers are: President, W. A. Bibb; vice president, W. E. Skeggs; cashier, George A. Hoff; directors, W. E. Skeggs, H. B. Scott, James E. Penny, B. W. Malone, A. C. Hartshorn, of New Jersey; W. A. Bibb and George A. Hoff. This bank takes the place of the Bibb & Hoff bank, which has been doing business for several years.

Laying of Corner Stone.

Raleigh, N. C., July 18.—(Special.)—The grand lodge of Masons today laid the corner stone of a very handsome court house at Wilkesboro. Masons from several counties attended, and so did many people not members of the order.

Quantrell Follower Is Killed.

Lexington, Ky., July 18.—Joseph Callaway, a member of the Quantrell band during the civil war, is dead here from knife wounds inflicted by "Doc" Johnson in a quarrel Tuesday. Before dying he exonerated Johnson.

WALKER SHAFT READY TODAY

Monument to the Great Georgia General Is About Completed.

PROGRAMME FOR TUESDAY HAS BEEN ARRANGED

At Meeting of Association Yesterday Afternoon the Final Details Were Attended To—There Will Be 2,000 Guests at the Barbecue.

The Walker Monument Association held a meeting yesterday afternoon to make practically the final arrangements for the exercises in connection with the unveiling on next Tuesday of the shaft to General W. H. T. Walker on the spot where he was killed.

President Julius L. Brown presided, and there was almost a full attendance. He made a report showing what has been accomplished in connection with the plans for the exercises and the barbecue to follow.

President Brown stated that all the cannon would be placed today and that by tonight the monument would be completed with the exception of the lettering. The lettering will be changed somewhat from that originally contemplated, and this will be completed in time for the unveiling of the monument. On one side will be "In memory of Major General W. H. T. Walker, C. S. A." and on the other, "Born November 26, 1818; killed on this spot July 22, 1864."

President Brown told of the plans made for the invited guests. There will be a number of distinguished confederate officers besides the members of General Walker's family from Augusta. These will be entertained at the hotels.

The programme has been practically completed, but owing to the fact that several changes are to be made the committee refused to give it out for publication after the meeting last night.

Features of the Programme.

The first feature of the programme on Tuesday morning will be the reception at the Kimball house to the members of General Walker's family and the distinguished guests, in which the members of the association and members of the ladies' patriotic organizations of the city will participate.

Following this the members of the monument association and their guests, including the associations of veterans and others, will proceed to the monument, where the exercises will be held. The various organizations will assemble at Decatur and Pryor streets at 11:30 o'clock. Cars will be provided for the associations of veterans from Fulton county and elsewhere, for the band and for others who expect to attend, and there will be about a dozen carriages which will carry out the ladies and the distinguished confederate officers who will be members of the party.

At the monument President Brown will deliver a short address presenting the monument. It will be unveiled by little Miss Jeannette Maclean Walker, a granddaughter of General Walker, and the speech of acceptance will be made by Major Joseph B. Cumming, of Augusta. The prayer of the occasion will be made by General Clement A. Evans.

Following the exercises at the monument will take place the barbecue at Brownwood, where it is expected something like 2,000 people will be fed. President Brown has provided a large number of extra tables at Brownwood and the seating capacity has been more than doubled.

An Enthusiastic Meeting.

The meeting held yesterday was an enthusiastic one, and every one present expressed a willingness to see that everything possible is done for the complete success of the occasion.

Reports were made showing that much success had been met with in the solicitation of subscriptions, though considerable money is needed yet in order to come out free of debt. Among the subscriptions referred to yesterday were three of $5 each from citizens of New York, Massachusetts and Illinois, and one of $10 from the O. M. Mitchel post Grand Army of the Republic of this city.

In talking over the barbecue it was decided to have several speeches of interest at that time. Among the speakers on that occasion will be Governor Allen D. Candler, General Howard, Major J. Gid Morris, of Marietta, who erected the monument to General Polk and other confederate officers of prominence and distinction. General A. P. Stewart, another of the distinguished visitors of the occasion, will be the guest of General A. J. West during his stay in the city.

The association passed a resolution tendering its hearty thanks to both the papers of the city and inviting members of both staffs to attend the exercises at the monument and the barbecue following.

GIRL STEALS FROM MOTHER.

Negro Girl Skips with $211 of Her Mother's Money—Bound Over to Superior Court.

Christine Wood, a 15-year-old negro girl, was bound over to the superior court yesterday afternoon by Recorder Broyles on the charge of having stolen $211 from her mother. In default of a $300 bond the girl was sent to the Tower.

The mother of the girl is Alice Wood, who works for Walker Inman. She appeared in court and testified against her daughter. The girl admitted the theft.

The evidence showed that the girl had run away from her home three years ago, but a few days ago returned, begged forgiveness of her mother and promised to live a better life. Thursday morning she began to investigate into a dry goods box in her mother's home and in the bottom of the box found a sack in which was $211. This she proceeded to appropriate and then depart.

As soon as the loss of the money was discovered the police were notified and Call Officers Covington and Chandler were detailed on the case. They located the girl, arrested her and recovered $166.

There's money in advertising. Poor advertising is an expense—the other kind a profitable investment. Advertising intelligently prepared and placed in the mediums which pay. Ten years' experience. Geo. S. Lowman, Empire bldg., Atlanta.

Diamond Rings

Solitaires
Circlets
Obliques

Diamonds with rubies, diamonds with emeralds, diamonds with pearls.

Maier & Berkele,
81 Whitehall St.

IDUMEA WOMACK, THE CHILD WONDER, GIVES TEST OF MARVELOUS MEMORY



Idumea Performing a Contortion Act.

IDUMEA WOMACK,
The Atlanta Child Who Possesses Marvelous Memory.

A CHILD endowed with a mentality seldom possessed by scholars of maturity, a psychological mystery—such is Idumea Womack.

The little tot who last Sunday gave an exhibition of her marvelous memory at the Tabernacle Baptist church is undoubtedly the most wonderful child in America. The large congregation present at the anniversary of the Barclay Mission was surprised when Dr. Broughton stated that as an unusual diversion he would introduce to the audience Miss Idumea Womack, who would demonstrate to the satisfaction of all in attendance that she was the most remarkable personage they had ever seen. The surprise was changed to astonishment when a little girl, hardly more than an infant, ascended the platform. For fifteen minutes she answered questions propounded by her father in rapid fire order, and when she had finished the congregation burst into applause. The enthusiasm displayed confirmed Dr. Broughton's prophecy.

Though the statement sounds like the watchword of a side-show, the little girl is undoubtedly "the child wonder." In appearance there is nothing extraordinary about her. She is a pretty little brown-eyed, healthy looking girl, 7 years of age.

She is the daughter of Dr. H. G. Womack, who lives at 537 Marietta street. She is the second of five children. Her brothers and sisters, though normally bright, do not possess the precociousness of Idumea.

Perhaps the best commentary on the child's power is to give a few of the questions she answered without the slightest hesitation.

First, she spelled her name, told the number and street of her residence.

Following are some of the queries propounded by her father, who acts as interlocutor:

What is the capital of Georgia? Give Atlanta's population? Bound Georgia. Give the capitals of Alabama, Florida, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Arkansas, Virginia, Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Indiana, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut.

What is the population of the United States?

What is the capital of the United States?

Give the number of counties in Georgia? To this question Idumea replies, "One hundred and thirty-seven—110 dry counties, 27 wet."

Give the name of the state school commissioner?

Give the value of all the public school property in Georgia. Idumea says in reply to this, "Mr. W. R. Bowen, county school commissioner of Decatur county, told me it is $775,693.40."

How many people to the square mile in Georgia? Her reply is, "31."

What is the per capita value of personal property and real estate in Georgia? "$464."

Knowledge of the Bible.

Her knowledge of the Bible is the most wonderful evidence of her memory. The following questions, which she has no trouble in answering, would stump anything short of an encyclopedia:

How many letters in the Bible? 3,589,473. How many words? 775,693. How many verses? 31,372. Chapters? 1,189. Books? 66.

How many times, and where, are the Ten Commandments mentioned in the Bible? Twice—Exodus, twentieth chapter, and Numbers, sixth chapter.

What chapters read alike? The thirty-seventh chapter of Isaiah and nineteenth chapter of II Kings.

What is the longest chapter in the Bible? One hundred and nineteenth Psalm, which has 176 verses.

What is the longest book? Psalms, which has 150 divisions.

What is the shortest book? II John, which has one chapter of 13 verses.

Idumea repeats many passages from the Bible, knows many poems, and displays an unusual knowledge of current politics.

She was born at Whigham, in Decatur county, near Bainbridge. She learned the alphabet at the age of twelve months and has been able to read two years. She went to school in Decatur county four months and advanced four grades in that time. Physicians feared the result of such rapid accumulation of knowledge and advised the father and mother to take her out of school. Her family moved to Atlanta a few months ago and she is now studying under a private teacher.

In addition to her mental skill, Idumea is a contortionist of no mean ability. Her stunts in this line are very clever. She also sings well and takes great delight in music.

Taken all in all, she is a prodigy, a real wonder.

PREPARING FOR THE FAIR.

Manufacturers Are Now Busy Arranging Special Features for the Show.

The committee on space and exhibits of the manufacturers' fair held a meeting yesterday morning and discussed the coming fair and its features. It will be the object of the committee to get up a number of special features that will attract visitors and interest them in the manufacturers' exhibit. One of these will be the display made by the Georgia School of Technology.

The committee is also considering the advisability of having a display of hand trades and offering prizes for the same. This would include such trades as boot and shoe making, carpenter work, blacksmith work, plastering and other things done by hand. It is thought that this would interest a large class of people in home work and be a very valuable adjunct to the manufacturers' exhibit.

The exhibit of the work done by the school children will be a great feature and it is probable that prizes will be offered the school children for their work. Prizes will be offered for compositions by the children on the subject of "Home Industries" and many other features will be added.

The manufacturers are going to do a lot of work for their fair on the coming trade extension trip that will take place about two weeks before the fair. This trip is already an assured success. In reply to the circulars sent out by the chamber of commerce giving the plan of the trip a number of answers have been received and already over half of the tickets have been spoken for. The manufacturers, jobbers and merchants are enthusiastic over the trip and there seems to be no doubt that every ticket will be taken.

Do you want a sound liver, vigorous digestion, strong healthy kidneys, regularity in the bowels? Take PRICKLY ASH BITTERS. It has the medical properties that will produce this result.

MAD DOG ON WHITEHALL ST.

Dangerous Animal Shot in a Basement by Policeman Randall.

A mad dog on a rampage created great excitement near the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets yesterday afternoon shortly after 3 o'clock.

After an exciting chase over the streets and into the basement of a store the animal was finally killed by Policeman Randall before he had bitten any one.

When the dog first put in an appearance on the scene, his actions were noticed to be peculiar and it was at once thought that he was mad. The thoroughfares were crowded with pedestrians at the time and people, at sight of the dog, gave him a wide berth. Policeman Randall, who was nearby, was acquainted with the situation and he hurried in search of the animal.

The policeman found the dog on Whitehall, near Mitchell, and he endeavored to get into close reach.

A negro volunteered to assist the officer in the search and the two men advanced cautiously into a basement where the dog had fled. At first they met with no success, but the dog was soon located by his shining eyes, crouched in a corner. The policeman shot and with a yelp the animal dashed toward him Randall jumped into a barrel and as the dog reached the spot fired several more bullets at him. Within the space of a few seconds the dog was dead.

The sound of the shots coming from the basement added to the scene of excitement, as many people on the streets were unaware of the cause.

ATTEMPTED TO CUT OFFICER'S THROAT

Policeman Luck Has Desperate Encounter with Negro Youth.

SLASHED OFFICER ON HAND

Negro Used Long, Keen-Bladed Shoe Knife—Was Suspected of Chicken Stealing—Sent to Stockade for Thirty Days.

In a desperate fight with a negro youth yesterday morning Policeman A. D. Luck narrowly escaped having his throat cut with a keen bladed shoe knife. By a quick movement he escaped the dangerous thrust, the blade passing just in front of his throat. The negro, however, succeeded in slashing him on the hand.

Luther Henderson, a boy about 17 years of age, is the negro who wielded the weapon and the fight occurred in front of the officer's residence, 15 Lee street, West End. The negro fought the officer viciously for several minutes, and during the melee the front fence was torn down. Several men who were on a passing car came to the assistance of the officer, and the negro was finally handcuffed and sent to the police station.

He was tried yesterday afternoon before Recorder Broyles and was fined $15.75 or thirty days in the stockade. He went to the stockade and was ordered returned, it being the intention of Officer Luck to present the case to the grand jury.

The officer suspected the negro of being a chicken thief and was endeavoring to arrest him. He had gone to the house of Officer Luck with three chickens and offered them for sale for 10 cents each. The officer had just gotten out of bed, and when he went to the door the boy recognized him and ran. Several people in West End have lost chickens recently, and suspecting that Henderson was implicated in the thefts Mr. Luck ran after him.

Negro Brings Blood.

When the officer seized the negro the boy began to resist and a furious scuffle ensued, both the officer and negro falling and rolling over on the ground. Luck felt a sting on his hand, and looking down saw blood flowing from a wound. Before he had time to realize how the wound was made the negro made a vicious lunge at his throat with a long bladed knife.

Officer Luck dodged and instantly grasped his antagonist by the throat, choking him until he dropped the knife. A car was passing at the time and several men noticing the combat leaped from the car and ran to the scene. They assisted in holding the negro until the officer could send into the house and get his handcuffs.

The shoe knife, a long, dangerous looking weapon, was introduced in evidence yesterday afternoon. Henderson claimed that he was selling the chickens for another party. Officer Luck stated that he would investigate the case further and endeavor to ascertain whether the chickens were stolen and from whom.

JORDAN GOES TO STOCKADE.

Recorder Broyles Also Sends His Three Children to Home for the Friendless.

E. N. Jordan, who, with his wife and three children, were ejected from their house on Marietta street a few days ago, was fined $10.75 yesterday afternoon by Recorder Broyles for failure to support his family. He was unable to pay the fine and was sent to the stockade for twenty-one days.

The children—two little girls and a boy—were taken from their parents by the recorder and sent to the Home for the Friendless. The furniture and other belongings of the family were still piled in a heap at the side of the house late yesterday afternoon.

The case against Jordan was made Thursday afternoon by Sergeant Moon and Policemen Cooper and Wilson. Neighbors testified yesterday afternoon that Jordan did not work and that he would get drunk. It was also shown that he had beat his wife and that neither of the parents gave the children proper care. The family was ejected from the house because of failure to pay the rent. Jordan stated that he had been unable to work on account of illness.

MAJOR GLENN IS CONVICTED.

At Least That Is the Belief of the Officials.

Washington, July 18.—The records of the cases of Captain Edwin F. Glenn, Fifth infantry, and First Lieutenant Julien E. Gaujot, Tenth cavalry, who were tried by courtmartial at Manila for alleged ill-treatment of Filipino prisoners by the use of the water cure and in other ways, have been received at the war department, and later will be sent to the president for final review. There is reason for the belief that Major Glenn at least was convicted on one or more counts and sentenced to punishment.

FEED THE CHILDREN.

Learn What To Give Them.

People with weak children should look to food for making the youngsters stout and hearty. Scientific selection of food is the true way to health.

A mother speaks of her experience in feeding children. She says, "About two years ago our little two year old Isabella was taken with stomach and bowel trouble. She was so low at times that we despaired of her ever recovering.

She could not digest the lightest kind of food. She lingered along from August to November in that condition when I decided to try Grape-Nuts in small quantities three times a day. I poured boiling water over them and let them stand five minutes to soften, then added sweet cream and a very little sugar.

Well, from that day, the 15th of November, 1898, until now we have never had to give her a drop of medicine and she is the picture of health. So also is my little boy now two years old. He has lived on Grape-Nuts since he was a year old and is the stoutest little fellow you nearly ever saw.

Nearly every one asks what I feed the children for they are so big and healthy.

Our 12-year-old daughter began to have headaches about last Christmas and we put glasses on her. She got some better, but was still very poorly. Finally I took away most of her food and put her on Grape-Nuts. She steadily improved and is now able to go to school regularly and is quite well." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look for free recipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts.

VETS TO TENT ON OLD CAMP GROUNDS

Survivors of Seventh Georgia Leave Today for Virginia.

HAVE ARRANGED GREAT TRIP

Veterans Will Visit Manassas, Alexandria, Washington, Richmond and Petersburg—Trip Will Last a Week—150 Veterans Will Go.

One hundred and fifty battle-scarred veterans of the Seventh Georgia regiment, who followed the stars and bars of the confederacy from Manassas to Appomattox, will gather in Atlanta today to board a special train which will carry them back to the scene of the four years' struggle.

For a number of years the survivors of this famous regiment have been desirous of visiting the battle fields on which they fought, and on which so many of their comrades gave up their lives.

This year, after a conference with the local officials of the Southern railway and the Seaboard Air Line, the veterans have arranged for a trip which will in all probability be the most interesting made by a confederate regiment since the close of the war between the states.

The special train which will be run for the accommodation of the veterans leaves over the Southern railway this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The party will travel from Atlanta to Alexandria over the Southern, from Alexandria to Richmond over the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, and from Richmond to Atlanta over the Seaboard Air Line.

While on the trip the veterans will visit Manassas, Alexandria, Washington, Fredericksburg, Richmond and Petersburg, as well as a number of minor points. The trip will last a week, the veterans returning to Atlanta next Saturday morning.

The full itinerary is to be as follows:

Leave Atlanta Saturday, July 19, 1902, 1:30 p. m. (central time), passing Gainesville, Ga.; Spartanburg, S. C.; Charlotte, N. C.; Salisbury, N. C.; Greensboro, N. C.; Danville, Lynchburg, Charlottesville, Orange Court House, Rapidan and Culpepper, Va., arriving Manassas 9 a. m. (eastern time), Sunday morning, July 20, 1902. Remain at Manassas Sunday, July 20, and Monday, July 21, visiting fields of first and second battles of Manassas.

Leave Manassas 7 p. m. (eastern time), Monday, July 21, arriving Alexandria 7:50 p. m. Remain at Alexandria night of July 21 and day of July 22, for visits to Arlington, Mount Vernon, Munson's Hill and other points of interest within easy reach of Alexandria by electric cars and steamers on the Potomac river.

Leave Alexandria 7 p. m. (eastern time), Tuesday night, July 22, for Fredericksburg, arriving Fredericksburg 8:30 p. m. Tuesday night, where we will remain until 1 p. m. Wednesday, July 23, visiting battle fields in vicinity of Fredericksburg.

Leave Fredericksburg 1 p. m. (eastern time) Wednesday, July 23, arriving Richmond 3 p. m. Wednesday, July 23. Remain in Richmond visiting the near-by battle fields and many points of interest in and around Richmond, Wednesday afternoon and night and Thursday and Thursday night.

Leave Richmond Friday morning, July 25, at 7 a. m., arriving Petersburg 7:30 a. m. Friday. At Petersburg we will visit the battle grounds of the Crater and leave Petersburg for home at 2 p. m. (eastern time) Friday, July 25, reaching Atlanta 7 a. m. Saturday, July 26, 1902.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Two Scholarships Offered at Georgia's Excellent Institution.

Funds sufficient for all net expenses of two students for four years in the Georgia School of Technology will be contested for September 24.

The school has a national reputation for the high standing of its graduates, and its courses in mechanical, electrical, civil and textile engineering, and in engineering chemistry. Largely increased equipment in shops and laboratories the coming year. New dormitories under wholesome regulations, athletics under specialists; climate unsurpassed. In the largest city in the heart of the progressive south. Professors and instructors, 35; student enrollment, 432. For fully illustrated catalogue, address Lyman Hall, President, Atlanta, Ga.

THIS BADGE WILL ALLOW WEARER TO PASS LINES

For a number of years the police and the fire departments have experienced great inconveniences at fires by reason of many persons insisting on getting inside the fire lines who had no business in them.

This evil has grown greatly within the past few months. The fact that it is generally known that insurance men and newspaper reporters are allowed by the authorities to go wherever they please, has become known and many people have taken advantage of this fact. Claiming to be either representatives of one of the city newspapers or of a fire insurance company, they have gained the consent of the police to come within the limits set for the general public.



Fire Line Badge Issued by Chief W. R. Joyner.

To do away with this difficulty, Chief Joyner has secured a number of badges which will admit their wearers to enter the fire lines. The badge is very similar to the badges worn by members of the city departments. A likeness of it appears herewith.

Chief Joyner will furnish these badges to all who have the right to enter the fire lines, and no one without a badge will be allowed inside the lines in the future. The police and the fire department will hereafter stretch ropes at every fire and the greatest care will be exercised to prevent citizens from getting into dangerous places or where they will interfere with the work of the firemen.

Chief Joyner's Opinion.

Atlanta Fire Department.

Atlanta, Ga, July 9, 1902.

To whom it may concern:

I have inspected the Safe Deposit Vault of the **Title Guarantee and Trust Co.,** in the basement of the Empire Building. So much was I impressed with the security this vault affords that I removed my individual papers from a burglar proof safe in the Fire Department Headquarters to a box in this Safe Deposit Vault.

I consider the vault burglar and fire proof and cordially recommend it to any one desiring a safe depository.

Very Truly,
(Signed) W. R. JOYNER,
Chief Fire Department.

WATER BOARD WANTS MONEY

Needs $6,000 with Which To Put New Valves in Position.

OLD VALVES ARE WORN

There Is No Surplus Money in Treasury, and Chances for the Appropriation Appear Very Slim.

It is more than probable that the water board will send a request to council at its next meeting for an additional $6,000 to put in new valves.

The pipe committee of the water board held a meeting yesterday and upon recommendation of the superintendent decided to ask the water board to request council for the additional money.

The present valves are said to be in an extremely bad condition and a number of them have already been taken out of the pipes. There are about thirty 20 and 30-inch valves between the city and the water works that need replacing on account of the fact that they are worn out and of an old style. If these stop valves, as they are called, should fail to work and a break should occur somewhere in the mains all of the water would immediately run out and it would take about half a day to fill the pipes alone. Quite a number of defective valves have been discovered and it is thought that a greater part of them are out of working order.

Chairman Barrett, who is at the head of the pipe committee of the water board, says that the work is very important and should be attended to at once. If the water board makes the request at the next meeting of council it does not seem likely that it will get the money, Chairman Konts, of the finance committee, has stated on several occasions that there is not more money in the city treasury than is needed for the actual running expenses of the government. Just where an extra $6,000 is to come from no one can tell, but the water board says that it is a necessity and hope that it will be provided.

Summer Excursions by Rail and Sail.

The Central of Georgia railway and connections are now selling round trip tickets to New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Savannah and steamship lines at very low rates. Tickets include meals and berth aboard ship. Much less than all rail. For full particulars, berth reservations, rates, etc., apply to any agent Central of Georgia railway, or to W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., 16 Wall st., Atlanta, Ga.

If your brain won't work right and you miss the snap, vim and energy that was once yours, you should take PRICKLY ASH BITTERS. It cleanses the system and invigorates both body and brain.

MEN'S SUMMER OUTING GOODS.

Our stock for this season has all the points of newness, nobbiness and hot weather comfort.

Coats and Pants

in all the correct things in wool crashes, homespuns, flannels, etc.

Hats

Panamas, and all the new braids of the season.

Negligee Shirts

cool underwear, fancy hose, belts.

HIRSCH BROS.,
44 Whitehall Street.
Sole Agency
Banister's Fine Shoes.



Prices Reduced on

Men's and Boys' Shoes and Clothing.

Every low cut shoe in our store we reduce in price, not merely for the sake of an advertisement, but because we want to get rid of them in time to give the buyer good wear and comfort during the hot months. We've made prices an inducement for purchase.

We've sorted out our "broken lots" in Men's and Boys' Suits and have cut the prices so deep they have no resemblance to their former selves. They were mostly this season's best sellers—that's the reason they're "broken lots" and your chance of saving now.

Panamas.

Today will about clean out those high grade Panamas we are offering at half price. A few of the $20.00 quality at $10.00.

We sell everything for Men's and Boys' wear—Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishings, Tailoring. Also Suit Cases, Traveling Bags, etc.

Sole Agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

Mail Orders Filled Satisfactorily.

EISEMAN BROS.,
(OUR ONLY ATLANTA STORE)
11, 13, 15 and 17 Whitehall St.
EISEMAN BROS. Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. EISEMAN BROS. Baltimore, Md.



To Mrs. Ravenel.

MRS. LEWIS PALMER entertained at a whist party at the Piedmont Driving Club yesterday morning in compliment to Mrs. St. Julien Ravenel. At the conclusion of the game a dainty course luncheon was served in the large dining room. The table was decorated in white and green, and the centerpiece was a basket of ferns tied with bows of white satin ribbon.

Mrs. Joseph Thompson and Mrs. Archibald Davis made the highest scores; Mrs. Henry Tompkins and Mrs. Louis Gholstin came second, and Mrs. Fitten and Mrs. Roy were third.

Those invited to meet Mrs. Ravenel were Mrs. Lowry Arnold, Mrs. Harvey Johnson, Mrs. Hugh McKee, Mrs. Robert Ridley, Mrs. Archibald Davis, Mrs. Dunbar Roy, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Henry Tompkins, Mrs. Bailey Thomas, Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mrs. John Fitten, Mrs. W. H. Parsons, Mrs. James English, Jr., Mrs. Don Pardee, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. Edward Peters, Mrs. John Moore, Mrs. George Nicolson, Mrs. George Dexter, Mrs. George M. Brown, Mrs. Joseph Orme, Mrs. A. W. Calhoun, Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mrs. Harry Jackson, Mrs. Frank Hawkins, Mrs. Robert Lowry, Mrs. James E. Dickey, Jr., Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Mrs. Francis C. Block, Mrs. James Hickey, Mrs. J. Carroll Payne, Mrs. William Prescott, Mrs. George Crandall, Mrs. Charles Sciple, Miss Julia Hammond and Miss Annie Mitchell.

To Miss Logan.

ONE of the prettiest entertainments of the week was the afternoon tea given Thursday at half past 6 o'clock by Mrs. Carlton Miller in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Ella Logan, of St. Louis.

Mrs. Miller's home on West Peachtree was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and about 150 guests were present.

Miss Logan wore a dainty dress of white with white ribons, and Mrs. Miller was also gowned in white with trimmings of lavender ribbons.

Those who assisted in receiving the guests were Miss Lucile Hitt, Miss Stevie Timmons, Miss Jennie Morris, Misses Marie and Viola Parks, Miss Rachel Milam, Mrs. Peter Erwin, Mrs. J. Edgar Hunnicutt, Mrs. W. W. Landrum and Mrs. R. P. Milam.

Card Party at Tallulah.

Miss Pauline Wagener, of Atlanta, entertained at a card party this week at her country home, "Ferncliffe," at Tallulah Falls.

The guests who enjoyed the hospitality of this occasion were Mrs. Fred Wagener, Mrs. Burwell Pope, Miss Lillian Harris, Miss Susie Mae Pope, Miss Brown, Atlanta; Miss Emmie Brown; Messrs. Eastman, Robert Freeman, Atlanta; Wade Lowry, Charles Wright, Macon, Ga.; Walter Pope, Victor Smith and Fritz Wagener, Atlanta.

To Colonel and Mrs. Lowry.

Colonel and Mrs. Robert J. Lowry were guests of honor last night at a brilliant dinner party given by Judge and Mrs. Henry B. Tompkins at the Piedmont Driving Club. The table was fresh and artistic with its decorations of pink carnations and baskets of fruit, and the entertainment in all details a delightful one. The beautiful hostess wore a lace dress over pink silk with hat to correspond, and her lovely guest of honor wore white chiffon embroidered and white hat.

Tallyho Ride.

A jolly tallyho ride was given last evening to East Lake, the party including about eighteen guests. On reaching the lake a delightful lunch was served picnic style.

Those included in the party were Mr. and Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Miss Josie Stockdell, Miss Annie Fitten, Miss Analse Cay, Miss Mary Nicolson, Miss Florence Jackson and Miss Nannie Nicolson; Mr. Fred Newell, Mr. Harvey Phillips, Mr. Hugh Foreman, Mr. Will Glenn, Mr. Tom Glenn, Judge Walter Colquitt and Mr. Lee Jordan.

Music at Club.

Saturday evenings at the Piedmont Driving Club are always delightful occasions.

A pleasant feature of the entertainments are the concerts given by Wurm's orchestra from 6 to 8:30 o'clock. The following programme will be rendered this afternoon:

Two-step, "A Signal from Mars"—Taylor.

Selection from "The Smugglers of Badayez"—Minkowski.

Waltz from "The Rounders"—Englander.

Two-step, "The Tale of the Kangaroo"—Luders.

Medley, "Popular Kentucky"—Boettger.

Gems from "The Jolly Musketeers"—Edwards.

Waltz, "Be True to Me"—Spieser.

"Potpourri, "Happy Home"—Von Tilzer.

Danse Caprice, "Southern Beauties"—Herman.

Rag-time, "Levee Revells"—O'Hare.

Strickland-Anderson.

Anniston, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Hon. John J. Strickland, a prominent attorney of Athens, was married here yesterday to Miss Elinor Otey Anderson, a daughter of Mrs. B. O. Anderson, of Clarkesville, Tenn. The ceremony took place at 5 o'clock this afternoon and was performed by the Rev. Dr. Blochloch, the Episcopal rector at Athens.

Miss Anderson has been the principal of the Noble institute of Anniston for the past four years. During her residence here she has won the affection of the entire community. She is a woman of brilliant attainments and will carry with her to her new home the best wishes of many warm friends.

After a brief bridal tour Mr. and Mrs. Strickland will make their home in Athens, Ga.

Entertainments at Elberton.

Elberton, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Thursday evening Granite City Lodge, Knights of Pythias, gave a banquet at the Gholston Inn in celebration of its sixth anniversary, which proved to be one of the most delightful occasions ever known in Elberton. The dining hall of the inn had been beautifully arranged and decorated, and with handsome men and beautiful women seated around the festal board, a telling effect was presented. Colonel Sam L. Olive was master of ceremonies. Dr. A. S. Hawes responded to the toast "Elberton;" Chancellor Commander P. A. Cleveland to "Granite City Lodge:" Vice Chancellor E. C. Williams to "The Order Universal;" Past Chancellor S. L. Olive to "Georgia," and Grand Representative Z. B. Rogers to "The Ladies." Quite a number of visiting young ladies were present, among them being Misses Sara Lee, Jane Thomas and May Robinson, of Abbeville; Miss Moore, from Greenwood; Miss Heygood, of Atlanta, and Miss Carraker, of Milledgeville.

Mrs. A. S. Hawes is entertaining in splendid style a house party composed of Misses Sara Lee, May Robinson, Jane Thomas and Louise McIntosh, of Abbeville; Mattie Wall, of Augusta, and Annie Lee Cade, Louise McIntosh, of Elberton, and W. A. Lee, of Abbeville. This evening an informal reception will be tendered them. It is also probable that they will be given a camp fish at Millwood on the Savannah river next week.

Mrs. Z. W. Copeland is also entertaining a party of very pretty young ladies, which consists of Misses Heywood, of Atlanta; Moore, of Greenwood; Sarah Black, of Carlton; Louise McIntosh and Lizzie Worley, of Elberton. A dance will be given Monday evening in their honor.

This evening Mrs. W. E. Snowden entertained at dinner in honor of her guests, Misses Alma and Bessie King and Miss Harbin, of Chester, S. C.

Social Items.

Miss Lizzie Thornton, of LaGrange, is the guest of Judge and Mrs. Kontz.

***

Mrs. Marion W. Ingersoll and Miss Warde will be at home to their friends this fall at 100 East Linden street.

***

Mrs. H. W. Dexter will return from Valdosta the 1st of the month.

***

Mrs. Jack King returns from Rome today.

***

Mrs. Robert Delbridge has returned to the city, after a month's visit in Detroit.

***

Miss Lillian Warnock leaves in a few days for Chicago to meet Mr. and Mrs. Fred Greene. From there they will make an extended trip through the Rockies to Seattle.

***

Mr. Clarence Craven is expected home from North Carolina on Sunday.

***

Miss Elizabeth Manley left yesterday for a short visit to Virginia.

***

Mrs. Albert Rogers has returned from a visit to her sister in Memphis.

***

Miss Ethel Mobley is at Wrightsville Beach.

***

Mrs. McAlpin, of Savannah, is the guest of Bishop and Mrs. Nelson.

***

Mr. Tom Martin entertained informally at dinner at the Piedmont Club last evening. His guests were Dr. and Mrs. Elkin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston and Mrs. Emma Bell.

***

Mrs. Samuel Weyman is spending a few days in Columbus.

***

Miss Jennie Mobley is spending some time at Norfolk, Va.

***

Miss Bessie Beckwith, of Savannah, is the guest of Bishop and Mrs. Nelson.

***

Mrs. Van Lear, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Findly Van Lear, has returned to her home in Pennsylvania.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston entertained at dinner Tuesday evening in compliment to Mrs. McAlpin, of Savannah. Those present besides Mrs. McAlpin were Bishop and Mrs. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Harris.

***

Mrs. Elizabeth Roberts left yesterday for a visit of several weeks to relatives in Virginia.

***

Mrs. Fontaine has returned to her home in Columbus.

***

Mrs. Hugh Taylor, who has been the guest of Mrs. Lewis Jones, has returned to her home in Macon.

***

Miss Lillian Daniel left Thursday for New York.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Franklin leave next week for Wrightsville Beach.

***

Miss Lillian Bremer has returned from New York, where she has been studying art for the past two years.

***

Miss Mary Dean Campbell, of Gainesville, is the guest of Mrs. Walker Dunson.

***

Mrs. John E. White is on a visit to her former home in Carey, N. C., where she will spend the summer.

***

Mrs. C. E. Moore is very ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Murray, 19 Dunn street, West End.

***

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Walker, 127 West Cain street, gave a delightful tallyho ride Thursday evening to Buckhead, where a number of iced melons were served. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Oldham, Mrs. Daisy Brinsfield, Miss Pet Evans, Miss Nellie Taylor, Miss Nellie Forsythe and Messrs. E. C. Beuchler, Emmet Simmons, W. J. Brown, W. B. Harden and George Adams.

***

Miss Bessie Ingram, of Columbus, Ga., is the guest of Miss Florence Lewis Williams.

***

Mrs. J. R. Parker, of West Point, who has been in this city the guest of Mrs. Louise T. Hodges for several weeks, will leave for Tallapoosa Saturday.

***

Mrs. John W. Moore and Miss Pearl Hodges are at Tate Spring for a stay of three weeks. Afterwards they will go to Indian Spring.

***

Miss Ella May Thornton entertained at a delightful card party yesterday afternoon in compliment to Miss Laura Boyd.

***

Mr. Robert Freeman is at Tallulah Falls.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Chamberlin will spend some time this summer at Atlantic City.

Miss Caroline Hulbert has returned to her home in Texas after several weeks spent with her cousins on Washington street.

***

Miss Hattie May High entertained at a car ride last evening in honor of Miss Martha Foster, of Madison.

***

Miss Hattie Scales will return from Wrightsville Beach next week.

***

Miss Norma Wright, who has been the guest of friends in Elberton, Ga., has returned home.

***

Mrs. Henry Harman entertained at cards last evening in compliment to Mrs. Pride Jones, of North Carolina.

***

Mrs. Rufus L. Foreman, of Washington, Ga., who has been spending several days with her son, Mr. Robert L. Foreman, returns home today.

The Saving of a Few cents on a bottle of Vanilla Extract will not atone for the annoyance of having dessert that is "just a little off" in flavor. Always buy Burnett's.

Fifty Cent Neckwear

35c

Or 3 for One Dollar

Batswings.
Four-in-hands.
Imperials, Ascots, Tecks, San Toys—or anything else in our fifty cent line, have all been reduced to thirty-five cents, or three for a dollar.

You'll see some smart looking neckties, too, among this collection—in fact there isn't an undesirable tie in the lot—but we're looking ahead.

Won't be long now until we are moved, then we expect to throw a bunch of winners in our windows every day or so and what we have now we would like to bid good-by.

Thirty-five cents ought to move 'em

Wanted—Six experienced salesmen to sell our new fall line of Custom Shirts, on the road.

Our magnificent new store, 1 to 5 Peachtree (on the bridge), ready about August the first.

Present stores for rent---fixtures for sale.

Daniel Bros

80 Whitehall. Two Stores by the time baby is born to the birth 20 Decatur

J. P. BOUVIER,

THE FRENCH PERFUMER,

100 Whitehall St.

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS.

Ladies can have their handkerchiefs perfumed free of charge.

VIVIFYING VIOLET RAYS IN LIFE-GIVING TEMPLE OF LIGHT

Where People Stricken With So-called Incurable Diseases Take Baths in Billows of White Light, Regaining Their Health.

Finsen's Famous New Light Cure Which J. Pierpont Morgan Is Taking, and Queen Alexandra Has Introduced in London, Successfully Operated at Doctor Prosser's Violet Ray Institute, Now Established in Atlanta—Out of 800 Cases the Great Danish Doctor Cures Nearly All at His Copenhagen Institute.

By Smith Clayton.

Taking a turn on Peachtree street on a fine day reminds me of reading Shakespeare. One always finds something new on that picturesque boulevard, and in that master dramatist.

For instance, the other morning while strolling out that street, when the early sun was shining away the millions of dewdrops in the lovely flower yards and the breezes were playing soft madrigals in the green tree tops, I fell to thinking of the power of the sun to beautify even as handsome a boulevard as Peachtree—to make light out of darkness—to bring universal glitter where but a few hours before all the loveliness of winding walk and charming architecture and embowering foliage were shrouded in universal gloom.

But the mere beauty dispensed by the shafts of early light, thought I, is as naught compared to the tremendous benefits of sunshine and fresh air—the finest medicines in the world. And, strange as it may seem, while taking a walking bath, as it were, in the early morning sunshine, tempered by the delicious air, and ruminating upon light as a source of buoyant health, my eyes fell upon the name Doctor Prosser on a large, handsome, airy building at 455.

I divined at once that this was the first Violet Ray Institute yet established in the south, and, of course, in Atlanta, which, down this way, takes precedence in getting all things new and good. And this recalled the news from London that J. Pierpont Morgan, the superb financier, after his phenomenal labor of the past two years, has determined to take Doctor Finsen's Electric Light Cure, which was first announced to the public two years and a half ago. Mr. Morgan, who has a facial affection, is a strong believer in the therapeutical value of electricity. He some time since showed great interest in this Danish Light Cure, which, by the way, Queen Alexandra has introduced in several London hospitals. Queen Alexandra, while visiting Dr. Finsen's institution, was so impressed with the value of the cure that she extended the royal approval by buying the first set of apparatus for use in London.

The contention of Doctor Finsen, of Copenhagen, is that intense light properly applied will cure all germ diseases. He declares that of eight hundred cases which have been treated by him nearly all have been cured. It was only last August that the prize of $50,000 named in the will of Alford Nobel was awarded to Doctor Finsen for this marvelous discovery in the advancement of medical science.

Doctor Prosser, who stands among America's most eminent electro-therapeutists, is a firm believer in the therapeutic value of the electric light cure. Two years ago he ordered a set of apparatus, and has given the system the severest possible test in the treatment of diseases, with the most gratifying results. His success has been most pronounced in curing all rheumatic, gouty, neurotic, tuberculor and nervous diseases, paralysis, cases of general or local malnutrition, wasting diseases, etc.

The evidence of the value of the violet ray, or electric light treatment, needs as little discussion as does the value of food and sunshine.

This new light cure appeals to the most intelligent people. A number of distinguished Georgians have been successfully treated by Doctor Prosser, and among his patients at the Violet Ray Institute on Peachtree are many of Atlanta's noted citizens.

Various authors, such as Paulsen, Rand, Gumberg, Kellogg, have closely studied the electric light treatment. To a man they find it the most satisfactory and efficient of all methods for inducing perspiration, acting as a direct stimulant to the glands. Perspiration appears in from three to five minutes even when the temperature of the air surrounding the patient is not above 85 degrees.

The peculiar value of the electric light treatment is due to its efficiency as the source of radiant energy which naturally comes to the skin—by convection.

For the skin, as well as the air, is, to a large extent, transparent to radiant heat, and the same is true of all the living tissues.

Thus it is true that the heat from the electric light penetrates the body just as it would penetrate any other transparent or semi-transparent medium.

The system of treatment is most interesting. The patient takes, as it were, a bath in billows of white light. The system consists in subjecting the nude body to actinic rays of light and oscillating currents of electricity in the presence of an electrically decomposed atmosphere containing nascent ozone. The treatment has the happy effect of opening and vivifying the pores of the skin and arousing its functions. Every inch of the body absorbs the life giving rays.

The effects of this wonderful system may be thus summed up. It is a system of oxidation through pulmonary and tissue respiration. It promotes the chemical changes necessary for functional activity, causes the absorption of exudations and infiltrations and has a powerful alterative action on the liver. It causes an increased flow of blood to muscles and soft parts, increases the circulation, stimulates cell growth and micro-organisms are not only destroyed by direct oxidation, but also by normal blood and vital conditions constituting a medium unfit for their existence.

The patient gains in weight. Night sweats cease. Pulse, respiration and temperature gradually become normal, and coughing and expectoration decrease.

Dr. Prosser showed me the treatment rooms, which were a revelation. In these rooms are four great arc lights, each light equaling 20,000 candles. On entering the cabinet the patient feels that peculiar pricking sensation of the skin which is produced by intense sunlight.

The handsome building which Dr. Prosser has thoroughly equipped at 455 Peachtree street for the operation of this new, marvelous and most beneficent system is a veritable temple of light and electricity—"light visible and invisible."

TWENTY-THIRD NOW READY TO LEAVE

Departure Delayed by Failure of Sixteenth To Arrive.

HAS BEEN HERE SIX MONTHS

Sixteenth May Not Arrive Until Monday or Tuesday—List of Officers of the Departing Battalion and of the Two Coming.

The four companies of the Twenty-third United States infantry, who are now waiting orders at Fort McPherson, are likely to remain so for several days longer than they at first expected.

It was thought that the five companies of the Sixteenth infantry which are now on their way to Atlanta would reach the city this morning, but yesterday the local officials of the Southern railway received information from the officials of the 'Frisco system at Kansas City that the special train bearing the troops would not reach Kansas City until this morning or tonight. In consequence it may not reach Atlanta until Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning.

The companies at the post have been ready to move for several days. They have all their accoutrements packed up and the officers state that they will be ready to leave Atlanta within two hours after the arrival of the Sixteenth.

The change in quarters by the troops of the two regiments will be accompanied by no military ceremony or formality. The five companies of the Sixteenth will march in and take possession of the quarters and the four companies of the Twenty-third will then board the special train which will be set in the Fort McPherson grounds for them and will at once leave for Plattsburg, N. Y., where they will be stationed in the future.

Companies I, K, L and M, composing the Third battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, have been at Fort McPherson for the last six months. Owing to the fact that neither the regimental headquarters nor the band were here the post has not been a scene of much activity since the arrival of these companies. However, the men of the Twenty-third have made a splendid impression on the citizens of Atlanta. The disorderly conduct that had become characteristic of the recruits that were stationed at the post prior to the arrival of the Twenty-third has disappeared entirely.

The Third battalion is in command of Major Edward B. Pratt. The other staff and line officers of the battalion are as follows: First Lieutenant and Adjutant M. C. Kerth, Second Lieutenant and Quartermaster E. S. Stayer, Captain C. W. Penrose, commanding company I; Captain D. B. Devore, commanding company K; Captain W. H. Allaire, commanding company M; Second Lieutenant P. M. Stevens, commanding company L; Second Lieutenant Charles L. Woodhouse, of company I; Second Lieutenant T. H. Turner, of company K, and Second Lieutenant John R. Brewer, of company M.

Officers Coming to Atlanta.

The officers of the First and Second battalions of the Sixteenth infantry which contain the eight companies that will eventually come to Fort McPherson are as follows:

Colonel Charles C. Hood, Lieutenant Charles H. Noble, Major L. C. Allen, Major Francis H. French.

Captains Jonas A. Emery, Walter A. Thurston, John Newton, Samuel W. Dunning, William H. Johnson, George E. French, Edward R. Chrisman, William C. Bennett, W. O. Johnson, John B. Bennett and George D. Guyer.

First Lieutenants Edgar Ridenour, E. G. Ovenshine, Charles E. Morton, Louis S. D. Rucker, Charles L. McKain, Robert H. Westcott, Milosh R. Hilgard and Blanton Winship.

Second Lieutenants Charles B. Stone, Jr., William E. Mould, Charles M. Gordon, Jr., Frank H. Adams, Walter Hardy, Daniel E. Shean, William A. Castle, Ralph A. Lynch, William M. True, William M. Gardale and Sydney Smith.

First Lieutenant Blanton Winship is a native of Macon and a brother of Emory Winship, the Georgia boy who won distinction in the navy while serving in Philippine waters.

The New Director at Brenau.

For the past ten or fifteen years the very highest and best musical advantages have been given young ladies attending Brenau Conservatory at Gainesville, Ga. Professors Van Hoose and Pearce have a high ideal as to what constitutes a really great school of music and have never faltered in their determination to give to the girls of Georgia the highest musical advantages. They have secured for the next year the services of Mr. Otto Pfefferkorn as director of the Conservatory. Mr. Pfefferkorn is one of the great musicians of the day. He recently gave two recitals in the auditorium of Brenau, where some of the greatest artists of the day have been heard, and it was the unanimous opinion of all who heard him that his equal had never been heard in Gainesville. It was after hearing him play that the management of the college decided that he must be added to Brenau's faculty. The catalogue of the school contains full particulars of this distinguished musician and will be sent upon application to any address. Write Professor A. W. Van Hoose, Gainesville, Ga.

DR. JENKINS WILL RETURN.

Will Resume His Duties as Pastor of the Central Congregational Church July 27.

Rev. Frank E. Jenkins, D. D., pastor of the Central Congregational church, will return to the city from his summer vacation and fill his pulpit on Sunday, July 27.

Rev. Dr. Monk, pastor of St. Mark Methodist church, will conclude the series of sermons delivered by him during Dr. Jenkins' absence tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Dr. Monk has filled the pulpit of the Central Congregational church at the Sunday morning service since June and his sermons have been greatly appreciated and enjoyed by the members of that church.

On July 3 the Crescent hotel, at Eureka Springs, opens as an all-year-'round resort, under the management of the Frisco system. Extensive renovations and improvements have been effected which will make the Crescent hotel the equal of any hostelry to be found in the southwest.

Convenient Schedule Between Atlanta and Carrollton, Via Southern R'y.

Trains leaving Atlanta 6:10 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. arrive Carrollton 9:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., respectively.

Trains leaving Carrollton 5:20 a. m. and 8 a. m. arrive Atlanta 8:20 a. m. and 11:30 a. m., respectively. Daily except Sunday.

A GREAT BOOK SALE.

You can get handsome $3.00 and $4.00 books at 50c at Miller's, 20 Marietta st.



A Match

a turn—a fire, as hot as you want it. Quick, good cooking On a Gas Range

Atlanta Gas Light Company.

A FACT!

The most secure place in the Southern States for the safekeeping of silverware, insurance policies, deeds, mortgages and wills is in our vault.

TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA

Equitable Building
Entrance first floor.

T. F. TOON DIES SUDDENLY.

Death Supposed To Have Resulted from Organic Heart Trouble.

T. F. Toon was found dead in bed at his home, 21 Dunlap street, yesterday morning. He died suddenly during the night, and it is supposed that the cause of his death was organic heart trouble.

When Mr. Toon went to bed Thursday night he seemed to be as well as usual, but when his wife went to his room to awake him yesterday morning she found him dead.

Mr. Toon was little over thirty years old at the time of his death. He is prominently connected in North Carolina, being a son of Brigadier General Toon, of that state.

He was a bookkeeper for Girardeau & Co., real estate dealers.

Mr. Toon is survived by a wife and one child. His relatives in North Carolina have been notified of his death, and will reach the city today.

The funeral services will be held at the home this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The pallbearers are requested to meet at the undertaking parlors of Barclay & Brandon at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

The interment will be at Oakland cemetery.



Money Talks; and here are the goods to talk about—flannel, homespun and crash.

1-4 Off On These Suits.
1-4 Off On Trousers.
1-2 Off On Straw Hats.

See Window Displays.

EISEMAN & WEIL

Men's and Boys' Outfitters,
"THE DAYLIGHT CORNER,"
1 WHITEHALL ST.

Send your Tub Dresses to Kreis, Phone 880, 18 Trinity Avenue.

DIAMONDS.

Chas. W. Crankshaw,

Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,

55 Whitehall Street.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO.,

Room 251, Times Bdg, New York

For Sale by JACOBS' PHARMACY CO., Atlanta, Ga. Mail Orders Solicited.



ODD LOT WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

FOR TO-DAY $1.00 A PAIR

Today we'll make a heroic effort to clean out this stock of odds and ends in Women's, Misses' and Children's Strap Sandals, Southern Buttons, etc., in Patent Leather and Kid with patent tips. All late styles and thoroughly dependable in every respect. Also a a line of about 75 pairs of splendid Common Sense Slippers for housewear, and a lot of red two-strap Sandals with French heels.

This entire lot of Shoes, including Children's Slippers, 8 to 2, and Women's Slippers, 2 to 8, offered for choice today at ..... **$1.00 PAIR**

Odd Lot Ladies' Fine lace and embroidery trimmed Handkerchiefs, some mussed and soiled; all for choice..... **10c**

Odd Lot Ladies' Neckwear Four-in-hands, Imperials and Wash Stocks, priced up to 75c; the counter for choice..... **25c**

Ladies' Fine Black Hose In lace designs, best Maco cotton, absolutely will not crock, 35c kind, at pair **25c**

100 Doz. Ladies' Splendid Fast Black seamless Hose, priced all over Atlanta 15c pair, special to-day..... **10c**

Misses' Fine Black Lace Lisle Hose, every pair guaranteed fast black; special today, pair..... **25c**

1,000 New Jap Fans In a brilliant color assortment, the 20c kind to-day at each..... **10c**

Ladies' Splendid Leather Belts In seal, alligator skin and kid, priced up to $1.25 each; choice today **50c**

Odd Lot of Beautiful Wash Silk And Taffeta Ribbons for neckwear, etc., some 15c and 20c kinds, priced to-day yard..... **10c**

New Line Ladies' Silk Mitts in black only; today, pair..... **25c**

Ladies' Fine All-Silk Elbow Mitts in black and white; priced today, pair..... **50c**

200 dozen Men's Assorted Negligee Shirts of woven Madras and French Ginghams, all fast colors, in beautiful patterns and colors; detached cuffs to match the shirts; real 75c Shirts all go on sale at for choice..... **50c**

J. M. HIGH CO.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

Notable Opinions Handed Down Yesterday Morning.

LOCAL CASES ARE DECIDED.

Court of Last Resort Brings to a Close a Number of Issues Long Pending.

Decisions rendered Friday, July 18, 1902.

Justice Lewis was prevented by sickness from participating in the adjudication of these cases. Each judgment, unless otherwise stated, is concurred in by all of the five justices present.

711. Orebaugh, administrator, v. Equity Life Association. Action on insurance policy. Before Judge Janes. Polk superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—It does not necessarily follow that because an insurance company has an agent who resides and has an office in a given county, and therein transacts the business of soliciting insurance, the company itself has in that county "an agency or place of doing business." When, therefore, an action is brought against such a company in a county other than that in which its principal office is located, the jurisdiction of the court is not shown by proving merely that at the time the contract out of which the suit arose was made the defendant had in the county a resident agent, and that he had therein an office of his own. In such a case it should further appear that the company had established and was maintaining, either in the office occupied by the agent or elsewhere in the county, an agency of its own and under its own control and management for the transaction of business.

Judgment affirmed.

Fielder & Mundy, for plaintiff.

Blance, Wright & Tison, for defendant.

712. Pryor v. Brady. Trover. Before Judge Crisp. City court of Americus.

Little, J.—When the petition in an action of trover embraces three paragraphs, each one of which is in substance a separate count, for the recovery of personalty therein described, and two of these counts are bad and one good in law, a general demurrer relating to the entire petition affords no ground for striking either one of the defective counts. These can be reached only by an appropriate special demurrer directly attacking such counts and pointing out their defects.

Judgment reversed.

Lane & Maynard, for plaintiff.

H. B. Simmons, J. H. Lumpkin and J. A. Hixon, for defendant.

713. Sappington et al. v. Bell. Equitable petition. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Fish, J.—1. A jury, in arriving at a conclusion upon disputed issues of fact, may believe a part of the testimony of a witness or witnesses, and reject a part thereof; it being their duty to ascertain the truth of the case from the opinion they entertain of all the evidence submitted for their consideration.

2. Where a petition sets up separate and distinct demands against the defendant, and embraces prayers for alternative relief, it is not prejudicial to the plaintiff for the court to frame its instructions accordingly; and the more especially is this so when the plaintiff insists that both demands be submitted to and passed upon by the jury.

3. In the present case there was evidence warranting a finding against the petitioners for the specific relief sought and in favor of the petitioners for a recovery in money.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

A. H. Cox, for plaintiffs.

P. F. Smith, for defendant.

714. Ponder v. State. Before Judge Sparks. City court of Brunswick.

Cobb, J.—The evidence warranted the verdict; and none of the grounds of the motion for a new trial which are argued in the brief of counsel for the plaintiff in error contain any sufficient reason for reversing the judgment of the trial judge refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

Ira E. Smith and Crovatt & Whitfield, for plaintiff in error.

J. T. Colson, solicitor, contra.

715. Brantley v. State. Before Judge Roberts. Dodge superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—No error of law was complained of, and the evidence, though circumstantial, was sufficient to support the verdict.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

E. Herrman and J. P. Highsmith, for plaintiff in error.

John F. DeLacy, solicitor general, contra.

716. Hill et al. v. State. Before Judge Reagan. Pike superior court.

Little, J.—1. A writ of certiorari purporting to have been sued out in forma pauperis is void when the affidavit of the plaintiff does not at least substantially meet the requirements of the statute.

2. When such a certiorari is dismissed for want of the proper affidavit, the case is at an end, and cannot be renewed under the provisions of the Civil Code, section 3786.

Judgment affirmed.

G. D. Dominick, for plaintiffs in error.

O. H. B. Bloodworth, solicitor general, contra.

717. Ogletree v. State. Before Judge Reagan. Butts superior court.

Fish, J.—1. When the accused in a trial for murder, alleged to have been committed by shooting, had been allowed to prove by a witness a positive declaration by the decedent that he did not know who shot him, it affords the accused no just cause of complaint that the court refused to permit the same witness to testify that the decedent further stated: "If he (the accused) shot me, it was an accident." The additional declaration was, under these circumstances, the mere statement of a conclusion, and one which was manifestly of no probative value whatever. Kearney v. State, 101 Ga. 803; Sweat v. State, 107 Ga. 712.)

2. It is the right of counsel, in arguing a case to the jury, to draw and state to them his own conclusions from the law and the testimony, provided that in so doing he does not misstate the testimony or state facts as to which there is no evidence.

3. The evidence warranted the verdict, and there was no error in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

O. M. Duke and T. A. Wright, for plaintiff in error.

Boykin Wright, attorney general, and O. H. B. Bloodworth, solicitor general, contra.

718. Digby v. State. Before Judge Holden. Jasper superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—There was no error at the trial; and the evidence was sufficient to warrant the verdict.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Greene F. Johnson and J. D. Kilpatrick, for plaintiff in error.

Boykin Wright, attorney general, and H. G. Lewis, solicitor general, contra.

719. Ivester v. City of Atlanta. Damages. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Simmons, C. J.—A municipal corporation is under no duty to erect barriers or to maintain lights to prevent injury to persons seeking to enter a street from private land at a point at which there is no traveled way, either public or private, and at which there is nothing to put the municipality on notice that an entrance is likely to be attempted.

Judgment affirmed.

Spencer R. Atkinson, J. A. Anderson, and E. W. Born, for plaintiff.

J. L. Mayson and W. P. Hill, for defendant.

720. Greer & Arnold et al. v. Waxelbaum. Complaint. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta.

Fish, J.—1. A petition in an action brought against a partnership described as the firm of A. & B., and alleged to be composed of the individuals A. and B., is not amenable so as to make the action one against a partnership described as the firm of C. & B., and composed of the individuals C. and B. A partnership being an entity, one described as the firm of C. & B., and composed of the individuals C. and B., is necessarily a different entity from a partnership described as the firm of A. & B., and composed of the individuals A. and B.

2. Where to an action of the nature above indicated an improper amendment of the kind mentioned was allowed, the error thus committed vitiated the entire proceedings, and all subsequent steps therein should be treated as altogether nugatory and void.

Judgment reversed. (No further opinion.)

Walter T. Colquitt, for plaintiffs in error.

Abbott & Goree, contra.

722. Davison v. McWhorter. Before Judge Hart. Greene superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—As the only evidence tending to establish the amount of the plaintiff's demand was a writing upon which he relied as constituting an admission by the defendant of liability for the amount sued for, and as the latter met this evidence with an explanation which, if true, completely overcame its force and effect, a finding in his favor was fully warranted.

Judgment affirmed.

James Davison, for plaintiff.

Hamilton McWhorter, for defendant.

723. Studstill, administrator, v. Murrell. Before Judge Roberts. Telfair superior court.

Little, J.—1. Considering the nature of the defense interposed to the action, and the evidence admitted to sustain it, there was no error in the charges complained of. The same are abstractly correct statements of law, and are applicable to the issues made by the pleadings.

2. The evidence was sufficient to warrant the verdict, which is not shown to be excessive; and there was no error in refusing to grant a new trial for any of the reasons assigned.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Eason & McRae, B. M. Frizzell, and E. D. Graham, for plaintiff in error.

D. C. McLennan, contra.

724. Williams v. Stewart, tax collector, vice versa. Action for money had and received. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Where an officer not authorized to issue a warrant notifies a person that he will have him arrested on a warrant and prosecuted unless he pays a certain tax, and such person, because of such threat, pays the tax, the payment is voluntary, under the Civil Code, section 3723, and the money paid cannot be recovered.

2. A petition seeking to recover money so paid is subject to demurrer, although it alleges that such payment was made under an urgent and immediate necessity therefor, and to prevent an immediate seizure of the plaintiff's person and property. These averments are but conclusions of law, and can avail nothing where it appears that the facts upon which they are based make the payment a voluntary one.

Judgment on main bill of exceptions affirmed; cross-bill dismissed.

James Davison, for plaintiff.

Culberson, Willingham & Johnson, for defendant.

725. Martin v. White. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. A conveyance which expresses as a consideration a sum of money, or any other thing which the law deems valuable, no matter how small the sum or the value may be, cannot be said as a matter of law to be a voluntary conveyance.

2. A conveyance which expresses as a consideration love and affection and a small sum of money is not upon its face its consideration, is not void under the act of 1897 (Van Epps' Code Supp., section 6650 et seq.); and the principles above announced as to bona fide purchasers are applicable to such a note. (Swift v. Wood, 111 Ga. 221). It is only where the consideration is expressed in the note that the indorsee before maturity and for value takes it subject to all defenses.

3. The consideration of a deed may always be inquired into when the principles of justice require it.

4. Whether a deed which expresses as a consideration love and affection and a small sum of money is a voluntary conveyance depends upon the intention of the parties; and this intention is to be ascertained by an inquiry into all the facts and circumstances at the time of its execution, which will throw light upon the question whether the deed was executed as the consummation of a sale or as the evidence of a gift.

Judgment reversed.

C. T. Ladson, for plaintiff in error.

Green & McKinney, contra.

726. Atlanta Railway and Power Company v. Bennett. Damages. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta.

Lumpkin, P. J.—The instructions to the jury, of which complaint is made by the defendant company in its motion for a new trial, were not, for any of the reasons therein assigned, open to criticism; and the evidence, though conflicting, fully warranted a finding in favor of the plaintiff.

Judgment affirmed.

Payne & Tye, for plaintiff in error.

Arnold & Arnold, contra.

727. Clarke v. Havard. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Fish, J.—1. Where the only defense to a suit on a promissory note was that the loan for which it was given was usurious, in that the broker who negotiated the loan, and who charged commissions for his services out of the money loaned, was the agent of the leader, who knew of and acquiesced in that method of compensating the broker; and where the uncontradicted evidence showed that the broker was the agent of the borrower and not of the lender, it was not erroneous to direct a verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount appearing to be due on the note.

2. Evidence that papers pertaining to a loan were sent to a given point, inclosed in a letter, is admissible without the necessity of introducing the letter itself, the contents of the letter not being in any way involved in the controversy, and no attempt being made to offer proof in regard thereto.

Judgment affirmed.

R. O. Lovett, for plaintiff in error.

Anderson, Anderson & Thomas, contra.

728. Clements v. McCormick Harvesting Machine Company. Certiorari. Before Judge Roberts. Montgomery superior court.

Little, J.—It is erroneous to overrule a motion to dismiss a certiorari when it appears that the petition for the writ contains no assignment of error either to the judgment which is sought to be set aside or to any rulings made in the trial court.

Judgment reversed.

George Bright, for plaintiff in error.

729. Parr v. Erickson et al. Complaint. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta.

Simmons, C. J.—1. A bona fide holder of a negotiable promissory note, purchased for value and before maturity, is protected against a defense that the note was without consideration.

2. Where a negotiable note payable at a future date was indorsed by the payee to the plaintiff, in the absence of proof to the contrary, the law will presume that the plaintiff took before maturity, for value, and without notice. (Hatcher v. Bank, 79 Ga., 542; Walters v. Palmer, 110 Ga. 776).

3. Where in defense to a suit upon a note the defendant pleads that the plaintiff purchased after maturity, and there is no evidence to sustain the plea, a verdict in favor of the defendant is contrary to law.

4. A note given for a patent right, but not expressing upon its face its consideration, is not void under the act of 1897 (Van Epps' Code Supp., section 6650 et seq.); and the principles above announced as to bona fide purchasers are applicable to such a note. (Swift v. Wood, 111 Ga. 221). It is only where the consideration is expressed in the note that the indorsee before maturity and for value takes it subject to all defenses.

Judgment reversed. (No further opinion.)

T. J. Ripley and A. M. Cunningham, for plaintiff.

W. L. Calhoun and S. J. Hall, for defendants.

730. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Company v. Boyle, and vice versa. Damages. Before Judge Seabrook. Liberty superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. Whenever a carrier through its agents and servants knows, or has opportunity to know, of a threatened injury to a passenger from a third person, whether such person is a passenger or not, or when the circumstances are such that injury to a passenger from such a source might reasonably be anticipated, and proper precautions are not taken to prevent the injury, the carrier is liable for damages resulting therefrom.

2. The presence upon a train of two negro tramps secreted and stealing a ride thereon would not alone be sufficient to cause the employees in charge of the train to suspect that such tramps were armed with deadly weapons, and to anticipate that when brought into the train under arrest they might endeavor to escape and, while the employee was attempting to prevent the escape, make a murderous assault with such weapons upon one to whom the railroad company owed the duty of protection and who was taking no part in the effort to prevent the escape.

Judgment reversed.

W. L. Clay, Shelby Myrick and W. G. Charlton, for the railway company.

Twiggs & Oliver, contra.

731. Ballard v. Haines. Before Judge Roberts. Laurens superior court.

Fish, J.—1. The phrase "shall apply to the processioners," as used in the Civil Code, section 3244, authorizing proceedings for the processioning of land, necessarily refers to an application in writing; and it follows that without such an application there can be no lawful proceedings under that section.

2. As there was in the present case no written application, the trial court did not err in sustaining a motion to dismiss "the case," based on the ground, among others, of the "insufficiency of the proceedings."

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

J. B. Sanders, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Stubbs and P. L. Wade, contra.

732. Hitch v. Bailey et al. Trespass. Before Judge Bennet. Ware superior court.

Little, J.—1. When land on which exists a valid lien by mortgage unforeclosed is seized and sold under a common law judgment against the mortgagor, the lien of which is inferior to that of the mortgage, the purchaser acquires only the interest in the land which the defendant in fi. fa. had at the time, which is the equity of redemption. This being so, the defendant as mortgagor cannot, after such sale, by joining in a consent with the mortgagee, lawfully cause the entire estate in the land to be sold and conveyed under another common law judgment in favor of the mortgagee against him. His equity of redemption having been sold, the mortgagor afterwards held no interest in the land.

2. The plaintiff in error in this case took nothing by the sale last above indicated; and there was no error in adjudging that he could not maintain against the first purchaser an action to recover damages for a trespass on the land.

Judgment affirmed.

Simon W. Hitch, for plaintiff.

Toomer & Reynolds and Quincey & McDonald, for defendants.

733. Swift v. Broyles. Damages. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. Proof of a tortious invasion of one's property rights cannot, unless supplemented by evidence disclosing the extent of the loss thereby inflicted upon the injured party, afford a basis for the recovery by him of more than nominal damages.

2. The owner of a dwelling house which he himself occupies as a home is entitled to just compensation for the annoyance and discomfort occasioned by the maintenance by another of a nuisance on adjacent premises; and in fixing the amount of damages to be awarded in such a case, proof of depreciation in rental value of the dwelling house, caused by such nuisance, may be looked to as furnishing a proper evidentiary guide for determining the extent of the annoyance and discomfort actually suffered.

Judgment reversed.

Hoke Smith & H. C. Peeples, for plaintiff in error.

Arnold & Arnold and Nash R. Broyles, contra.

734. Sutton et al. v. Hancock, executrix. Appeal from probate of will. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Cobb, J.—A testator having children at the date of his will gave to his wife in fee simple all of his property, real and personal, stating in the will that this disposition of his property was made because he knew his wife would protect his name by the prompt payment of his debts, "and that she will take every care of our children and do what is just and right by each of them." Subsequently to the execution of the will a child was born to the testator and his wife. Held, that the birth of the child revoked the will, there being therein no provision "made in contemplation of such event."

Judgment reversed.

Spencer R. Atkinson and J. A. Perry, for plaintiffs.

Anderson, Anderson & Thomas and W. O. Wilson, for defendant.

735. Trammell et al. v. Inman. Complaint for land. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Prior to the adoption of the code, a conveyance of land by A to B, trustee for C, and to the heirs and assigns of B, for the use, benefit and behoof, in fee simple, of B and his heirs and assigns, without otherwise expressing any use or trust or remainder, and without reference to any previous or other instrument creating a trust in favor of C, did not create B trustee for C, or give the latter any interest in the property conveyed, either under its own terms or under a previously executed instrument between C and D, constituting B trustee for C.

2. Even if such deed did create a trust, C having been a married woman at the time of its execution and having lived long after the act of 1866, the trust became executed, and her children could not recover the land in ejectment as purchasers or remaindermen under the deed.

3. A marriage settlement entered into between C and D, wherein C conveyed to B, as trustee for certain purposes, all her rights, interests and expectancy in the estate of her deceased husband and in the estate of her deceased father, and also her interest in and to the property of any other person by virtue of any gift, devise or conveyance of any kind whatsoever, made to her or to which she might at any time thereafter be entitled by law, was, as to this latter clause, ineffectual to convey any rights, as it was an attempt to convey a mere naked possibility without any present interest.

4. There was no error in excluding from evidence the application of the trustee for leave to sell, as part of the trust estate, the land conveyed by the deed above mentioned.

Judgment affirmed.

King & Spalding and Ulysses Lewis, for plaintiffs.

John L. Hopkins & Sons and Gray, Brown & Randolph, for defendant.

736. Carter v. Brunswick and Western Railroad Company. Damages. Before Judge Williams. City court of Wayeross.

Little, J.—1. As to the questions of law raised in the present record, save that dealt with in the next note, this case is controlled by the decision of this court in the case of Petty v. Ry. and W. R. Co., 109 Ga. 666.

2. A stipulation manifestly designed for the benefit of the company, to the effect that a beneficiary would not be paid under the relief and hospital system, unless the employee first filed with the proper officers of this department satisfactory releases, does not authorize one who has received benefits at the hands of this department, in accordance with the terms of his membership therein, to prosecute his claim for damages merely because he has failed or refused to execute such a release.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

W. F. Crawley, J. L. Crawley and L. A. Wilson, for plaintiff.

W. E. Kay and J. C. McDonald, for defendant.

737. Southern Railway Company v. Gilmore. Damages. Before Judge Holden. Washington superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. Where the testimony of a witness relating to a particular matter is in part material and pertinent, though in part irrelevant, a general objection to the whole of this testimony is not well taken, since the inadmissible part should be distinctly pointed out and specific objection thereto made. (Maynard v. Asso., 112 Ga. 443; Chambers v. Wesley, 113 Ga. 343).

2. The evidence, though conflicting, was sufficient to support a finding that the killing of some of the plaintiff's stock was caused by the negligence of the defendant company; and the amount named in the verdict was not greater than the proved value of such stock.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion).

Joseph B. Bryan Cumming and Evans & Evans, for plaintiff in error.

Rawlings & Howard and Hardwick & Hyman, contra.

Need More Help.

Often the overtaxed organs of digestion cry out for help by Dyspepsia's pains, Nausea, Dizziness, Headaches, liver complaints, bowel disorders. Such troubles call for prompt use of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are gentle, thorough and guaranteed to cure. 25c at all drug stores.

CITY MARSHAL'S SALES.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, CITY OF ATLANTA—Atlanta, Ga., July 12, 1902.—As Marshal of the City of Atlanta, I will sell before the court house door of Fulton county, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the lawful hours of sale, the parcels of property hereinafter described, which has been levied on by me under executions issued by the City of Atlanta against said parcels of property and against said owners thereof for city taxes for the years 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, and for the cost of constructing sewers adjacent said property and paving and curbing the sidewalks in front of said property. Owners or tenants in possession of each of said parcels of property having been legally notified of such levies, to-wit:

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Hilliard street, between Schofield and Fain streets, and running back 85 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 59, in said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Downer. Levied on as the property of Ed and R. J. Logan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Ed and R. J. Logan for city taxes for the year 1901. Sold for the benefit of Georgia Land Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 25 feet on the west side of McDaniel street, between Trumley and Glenn streets, and running back 75 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 141 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Georgia Loan and Trust Co. Levied on as the property of Thos. F. Corrigan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Thos. F. Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1895. Sold for the benefit of Bates-Farley Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 77, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the south side of Garnett street, between Whitehall and Pryor streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 73 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of E. F. Donahue to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said E. F. Donahue for city taxes for the year 1900. Sold for the benefit of Equitable Loan and Security Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 7, land lot 117, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 55 feet on the west side of Peeples street, between Gordon and Oak streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 157 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Phelan. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lillian Edwardy to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against Mrs. Lillian Edwardy for city taxes for the year 1898. Sold for the benefit of Georgia Land Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 75, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 45 feet on the northwest corner of Crew and Bass streets, and running back 145 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 305 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Neisler. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Stella D. Hall to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs. Stella D. Hall for city taxes for the year 1901. Sold for the benefit of Georgia Land Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 79, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the northwest corner of Pine and Fowler streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 137 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Georgia Loan and Trust Co. Levied on as the property of Mrs. N. J. Holtzclaw to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. N. J. Holtzclaw for city taxes for the year 1901. Sold for the benefit of Georgia Land Co.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 106 feet on the west side of Washington street, between Brown place and Rawson street, and running back 240 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 187 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Brown Est. and Rawson street. Levied on as the property of Julius L. Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Julius L. Brown for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with asphalt, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 88 feet on the west side of Washington street, between Brown place and Rawson street, and running back 240 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Brown place and Julius L. Brown. Levied on as the property of J. L. and Joe M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. L. and J. M. Brown, executors of the estate of Jos. E. Brown, deceased, for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with asphalt, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 133 feet on the west side of Walker street, between Haynes and Stonewall streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 63 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of the church. Levied on as the property of J. L. Richmond, trustee, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. L. Richmond, trustee, for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 133 feet on the west side of Walker street, between Haynes and Stonewall streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 63 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of the church. Levied on as the property of J. L. Richmond, trustee, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said J. L. Richmond, trustee, for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 100 feet on the south side of Johnson avenue, between Boulevard and Howell street, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 25 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Hendrix and Smith. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. E. Hendrix to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. M. E. Hendrix for the proportion of the cost of constructing a sewer along Johnson avenue, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 99 feet on the south side of Johnson avenue, between Boulevard and Howell street, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Mrs. M. E. Hendrix to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. M. E. Hendrix for the proportion of the cost of constructing a pipe sewer along Johnson avenue, lawfully chargeable to said lot.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 118 6-10 feet on the west side of Whitehall street, between Forsyth and McDaniel streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 375 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Owen and Bowden. Levied on as the property of Chas. Beerman Est. to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Chas. Beerman Est. for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 14, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 120 feet on the east side of Hurt street, between Decatur street and Euclid avenue, and running back 140 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Decatur street and Hill Est. Levied on as the property of E. A. Robertson to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said E. A. Robertson for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6, land lot 50, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 146 feet on the west side of Peachtree street, between Porter place and Alexander street, and running back 300 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 342, 344 and 348 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Jackson. Levied on as the property of S. H. Venable to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said S. H. Venable for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 101 feet on the north side of Decatur street, between Hilliard and Yonge streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 392 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Stowers. Levied on as the property of D. Sullivan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said D. Sullivan for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 60 feet on the north side of Decatur street, between Daniel and Boulevard, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Murphy and Daniel street. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Stephens to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said lot and against said Mrs. E. A. Stephens for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

R. E. RILEY, City Marshal.

Removal Sale

Our entire stock of Men's and Young Men's Fine, Fashionable Clothing must be sold by Sept. 1st, regardless of cost. If price will make them go, they are yours—nothing reserved.

Straw Hats at Half-Price.

BIG DISCOUNT on all Furnishing Goods. This is a genuine money-saving sale.

We will move to our permanent quarters, No. 26 Whitehall St., Sept. 1st.

Essig Bros.,

The Popular Clothiers,

37 WHITEHALL.

Bell Phone 2845.

FOR RENT---139 Windsor Street.

This property is on the west side of Windsor street, between Richardson and Fulton streets. The lot is 50x200 and lies elevated. The building is a 2-story, 7-room frame, with gas, hot and cold water, bath, closet, sink in the kitchen and sink in the pantry. This property is in a good neighborhood and in good repair and has stable and carriage house. Electric cars one block away. Will be vacant on July 15. Rent, $25 per month.

We publish a weekly Rent Bulletin, giving full description of everything we have for rent. Call or send for a copy. We move tenants free.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE.

The Renting Agent, 50 North Broad Street.

WANT ADS.

The Constitution is the unexcelled medium for "Want" advertisements.

It pays to let your wants be known in The Constitution.

If you have anything to sell let the people know it through The Constitution's "Want" columns, and you can sell it.

If you wish to buy anything, let your desires be known in The Constitution's "Want" columns and you can get it.

Ten cents per line each insertion.

No advertisement received for less than the price of three lines.

Special discount given when advertisements continue in the paper for one month or longer.

Will not guarantee classification of advertisements if received after 8 p. m.

HELP WANTED—Male.

IF you are seeking employment call on or write Southern Employment Agency, 411 English-American bldg. tf

WANTED—Two first-class, non-union plumbers ($3.50) for eight (8) hours work. No strike here; steady work to right men. Ralph Wormeley & Co., Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—100 good carpenters and bridge men for trestle work; good wages to good men. Apply to W. J. Oliver & Co., Tuscaloosa, Ala. 7-16-10t

WANTED—Nurserymen for budding, etc.; steady work. Stark Nurseries, Louisana, Mo. 7-13-7t

WE want to employ a superintendent for our candy department. A man who thoroughly understands making stick candy, who is sober, capable and honest, can secure permanent employment at good salary. Call on us with letters of recommendation. McCord-Stewart Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Wholesale fishing tackle and sporting goods connection. Apply to the Selma Sporting Goods Co., Selma, Ala.

WANTED—One or 2 granite cutters immediately; union job. McDonald, Marsh & Co. 7-18-7t

WANTED—An accurate, capable and experienced stenographer. Beginners and incompetents need not apply. Good position for satisfactory person who can operate Remington typewriter rapidly. Address in confidence postoffice drawer Q.

BRICKLAYERS wanted to go away from city. Good men apply 419 Empire this morning between 10 and 11 o'clock.

SITUATION WANTED—Male.

COMPETENT office, store and mechanical help, male or female, furnished promptly without charge. The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg; phone 2244.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Lady stenographer and bookkeeper. No. 1 South Forsyth st.

SITUATIONS WANTED — Female.

WANTED—A position as governess in a private family by a young lady of Ky.; she has had five years of successful experience in teaching English, Latin and music. Address Miss Mabel Walker, Versailles, Ky. 7-19-2t

WANTED—Salesmen.

HARDWARE salesman with an established trade in states of Georgia and Florida can find an opening with a New York city jobbing house by addressing X. L. C. R., office Atlanta Constitution.

A FIRST-CLASS furniture collector and salesman wanted at 43 West Mitchell. J. E. Warnock.

WANTED—Agents.

PORTRAIT agents everywhere quit "crayons." Try washable enamelines; no glass; don't rub; cheap. Family Portrait Co., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED to sell monuments and tombstones, etc. Apply to the Creole Marble Co., Canton, Ga.

PERSONAL.

MANUFACTURERS, school, college and hotel managers, and all others interested in getting out catalogues, will find it to their advantage to get the Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, to make their half-tones or fine line cuts. Write or call.

TWO fine memorial windows made by the VanGerichten Art Glass Co. are at North Avenue Prebyterian church and Hapeville orphanage. 7-19-2t

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE at a discount, small fresh stock of groceries. Apply 164 Fraser street. Store for rent. 7-18-7t

INDIAN WARS PENSIONS—New law of June 27, 1902. Send for free copy. Consultation free. No fee unless successful. Milo B. Stevens & Co., attorneys, 817 14th st., Washington, D. C. 7-6 4t tues sat

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PRESS clippings. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of all other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

WALL PAPER.

WE are showing the very latest patterns in wall paper and know our prices will also interest you. J. M. Quick Co., 29 E. Hunter st. 'Phones 729. tf

MEDICAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal, Cotton Root Pills, a safe, reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstructions. Trial box by mail, 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bros., manf'g chemists, Atlanta, Ga.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Central property, renting for $100 per month, and room for other buildings, only $14,000; worth $20,000. S. B. Turman, Broad and Alabama streets. 7-1-1mo

FOR SALE—Nice cottage on Baker street for $2,000; also a cosy home on Pine street for $2,500; $5,750 will give you a snap on North avenue, near Peachtree street. S. B. Turman, corner Broad and Alabama streets. 7-1-1mo

WATCHES.

SELF-WINDING CLOCKS, warranted; watches cleaned 50c; jewelry repaired, diamonds reset. Boley, jeweler, 141 Peachtree. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms.

ONE nice airy front room to rent at 270 Washington street, with board.

TWO or three connecting rooms suitable for light housekeeping. Call 447 Central avenue.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street. tf

FOR SALE—Machinery.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools Richards Machine Co., 25 Peters street, Atlanta, Ga.

Notice to Landlords.

We have opened our renting department at

CROP AND WEATHER NEWS WAS BEARISH

Cotton Opened Dull but Steady 1 Point Higher to 2 Lower.

MORNING TRADE INACTIVE

Course of Prices Was Upward—Closed 4 to 8 Points Higher—Stocks Closed Firm but Below Best Except in a Few Cases.

New York, July 18.—On the opening the cotton market was dull but steady with prices 1 point higher to 2 points lower. The Liverpool cables were of indifferent import, while the crop and weather news were quite in line with anticipations—bearish. Then came buying orders from Liverpool and from southern spinning interests for the summer months, which led to a small scare of later month shorts. While the trading during the balance of the morning was not active, the course of the market was upward with plenty of rumors in circulation that spinners found it cheaper to buy July and August here and take cotton on contract than to purchase in the southern markets, where offerings were scarce even at higher prices. In the early afternoon New Orleans sent September buying orders here, while spot cotton holders helped to support the summer options. The distant positions were reluctant to sympathize with the near month strength owing to the excellent character of crop reports and to a forecast for showers and thunder storms pretty much throughout the belt tonight and tomorrow. The market was finally steady and net 4 to 8 points higher. Total sales were estimated at 75,000 bales, a considerable proportion of which was near delivery cotton.

Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 18.—The market for spot cotton is somewhat active and firmer. Nearly all the available stock here is concentrated in a few hands, and is moved off upon particular terms or upon cable offers. Sales 2,350 bales, including 1,300 f. o. b. terms and 250 to arrive. Quotations advanced 1-16c.

Trading at the future ring was almost at a standstill at the opening this morning, but no disposition was shown to throw cotton overboard. On the contrary, after a few opening trades on the basis of last evening's closing prices values gradually stiffened and worked up point by point until the close, when the board showed net gains of 11 points on July, 16 on August, 9 on September and 5 to 7 points on the winter months. Trading was confined principally to August, September, October and December.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 18.—Staple cottons of all kinds have been in quiet request today but without change in price. Print cloths in wide makes are firm, but demand quieter. Narrow print cloths dull, but firm. Prints quiet at previous prices. Ginghams firmer and very firm. Linens are quiet, but prices firm except for low grade crashes, which are lower for both domestic and foreign makes in several numbers.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:

Atlanta—Steady; middling	9c.
Liverpool—Easy; middling	5 3-32d.
New York—Quiet and steady; middling	9¾c.
New Orleans—Steady; middling	9 1-16c.
Savannah—Quiet; middling	8¾c.
Galveston—Steady; middling	8 15-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling	9c.
Mobile—Nominal; middling	8¾c.
Memphis—Steady; middling	9c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling	9c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling	8¾c.
Houston—Quiet; middling	8¾c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling	8 15-16c.

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid and Asked.
July	8 68	8 75	8 68	8 75	8 74-75
August	8 45	8 50	8 44	8 49	8 49
September	8 08	8 17	8 08	8 16	8 15 16
October	7 90	7 97	7 90	7 97	7 96-97
November	7 81	7 88	7 81	7 88	7 87-88
December	7 79	7 86	7 79	7 86	7 86-87
January	7 80	7 87	7 80	7 86	7 86-87
February					7 87-88
March	7 80	7 84	7 80	7 84	7 85-86
April					
May					
June					

Futures closed steady.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday	4242	6711	5001	2391	281015	402494
Monday	1555	16225	10815	8429	278496	409114
Tuesday	2952	5987	1822	5893	274148	406700
Wednesday	1767	6165	4402	1558	266892	412687
Thursday	2321	8011	1040	4136	268018	413982
Friday	2781	6691	9310	4965	258801	413276
Total	15604	49790	30578	27356		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

July	9 14	January	7 70
August	8 80	February	
September	8 14	March	
October	7 79	April	
November	7 78	May	
December	7 76	June	

Futures closed quiet and steady.

The Liverpool Market.

LIVERPOOL, July 18.—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand fair with prices easier; middling uplands 5 3-32; sales 10,000 bales; American 9,600; speculation and export 500; receipts 1,400; all American.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
July	4 57 64	4 56½	Buyers
July-August	4 54-64	4 54	Buyers
August-September	4 47-64	4 47	Sellers
September-October		4 32½	Buyers
October-November	4 25-64	4 25½	Sellers
November-December	4 22-64	4 22	Buyers
December-January	4 20 64	4 20	Buyers
January-February	4 20-64	4 19½	Buyers
February-March		4 19	Buyers

Futures closed steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, July 18.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 45 bales; middling uplands 9¾; gulf 9¾; net receipts none; gross 1,567; stock 194,950.

New Orleans, July 18.—Cotton steady; sales 2,350 bales; middling 9 1-16; receipts 1,317; stock 67,986.

Galveston, July 18.—Cotton steady; middling 8 15-16; receipts 5; stock 7,012.

Mobile, July 18.—Cotton nominal; middling 8¾; stock 5,527.

Savannah, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; sales 14; receipts 179; stock 8,345.

Charleston, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; receipts 100; stock 1,473.

Wilmington, July 18.—Cotton firm; middling 8¾; receipts 1; stock 1,029.

Norfolk, July 18.—Cotton steady; middling 9; sales 26; receipts 366; stock 8,456.

Baltimore, July 18.—Cotton nominal; middling 9¼; receipts 148; stock 5,224.

Boston, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 5-16; receipts gross 594.

Philadelphia, July 18.—Cotton steady; middling 9¾; stock 2,706.

St. Louis, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 15-16; receipts 23; stock 17,864.

Memphis, July 18.—Cotton steady; middling 9; receipts 4; shipments 643; sales none; stock 11,208.

Augusta, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 9; sales 712; receipts 1; stock 7,538.

Houston, July 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; receipts 102; sales 287; stock 4,379.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, July 18.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week, with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 154,059 bales, against a decrease of 123,437 last year and a decrease of 76,189 the year before.

The total visible is 2,104,143 bales, against 2,258,202 last week, 2,450,547 last year and 1,502,330 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 1,344,143, against 1,460,202 last week, 1,481,547 last year and 944,380 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 760,000, against 798,000 last week, 969,000 last year and 558,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease compared with last week of 154,059 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 346,404 bales and an increase compared with year before last of 601,763.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and Continental Europe 1,258,000, against 1,163,000 last year and 923,000 year before last; in Egypt 63,000, against 100,000 last year and 73,000 year before last; in India 433,000, against 573,000 last year and 294,000 year before last, and in the United States 350,000, against 615,000 last year and 212,000 year before last.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. 75th meridian time, July 18, 1902.

Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths.)
Atlanta, part cloudy	94	75	.00
Chattanooga, clear	98	76	.00
Columbus, part cloudy	95	78	.00
Gainesville, clear	95	73	.00
Greenville, clear	91	66	.00
Griffin, clear	100	76	.00
Macon, clear	94	76	.00
Monticello, clear	99	75	.00
Newnan, clear	97	74	.00
Rome, clear	102	69	.00
Spartanburg, clear	97	71	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	100	71	.00
*Toccoa, clear	96	70	.00
*West Point, clear	98	75	.00

*Late report; not included in averages.

Central Station.	No. of Stations Reporting.	District Averages. Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta	12	96	74	.00
Augusta	11	96	74	.00
Charleston	5	94	76	.00
Galveston	31	96	74	T
Little Rock	14	96	74	T
Memphis	14	100	76	T
Mobile	10	98	74	T
Montgomery	10	96	74	.00
New Orleans	14	94	72	.06
Oklahoma	10	96	74	.02
Savannah	11	98	74	.06
Vicksburg	12	98	72	.02
Wilmington	10	96	72	T

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—The general condition of the weather over the belt in the past 24 hours was fair, although light and scattered showers occurred in a few districts. The maximum temperature ranged well above 90 degrees, and averaged 100 degrees in Memphis district.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

Total Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, July 18.—Following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1:

Galveston	2,029,473
New Orleans	2,243,977
Mobile	152,629
Savannah	1,130,423
Charleston	263,486
Wilmington	277,733
Norfolk	451,175
Baltimore	99,816
New York	161,550
Boston	119,715
Newport News	23,136
Philadelphia	34,239
Brunswick	120,803
Fernandina	4,950
Pensacola	174,430
Port Arthur	54,207
Port Townsend	110,211
San Francisco	29,438
Portland, Oreg	13,020
Vancouver, B. C	2,554
El Paso	1,440
Eagle Pass	2,710
Laredo	7,270
Total	7,508,385

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, July 18.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts for the week	15,604
Same time last year	49,790
Decrease	34,186
Total receipts since Sept. 1	7,508,385
Same time last year	7,396,665
Increase	111,720
Exports for the week	30,576
Same time last year	27,356
Increase	3,220
Total exports since Sept. 1	6,432,067
Same time last year	6,156,744
Increase	273,323
Stock at U. S. ports	255,801
Same time last year	413,276
Decrease	157,475
Stock at interior towns	83,108
Same time last year	192,383
Decrease	109,285
Stock at Liverpool	693,000
Same time last year	591,000
Increase	102,000
American afloat for Great Britain	14,000
Same time last year	25,000
Decrease	41,000

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, July 18.—The morning session of the cotton markets was noteworthy for its stupified appearance. The afternoon hours were largely confined to the transfer of contracts from July to August and winter months. This, with good rain reports, caused a general shaking up for a time and finally, when the operations were about over, it was observed that a good advance had been scored on the summer months. The fall and winter months also sympathized with the situation and made substantial gains; all of this coming out of anxiety exhibited by holders to shift from the summer to the winter options. Galveston and a few scattered sections of Mississippi reported light rains today. Liverpool closed steady with a slight improvement. Spots there were unchanged with sales of 10,000 bales.

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, July 18.—Sea Island cotton: Weekly receipts 193; sales 128; exports 600; stock 5,986.

Charleston, July 18.—Sea Island markets nothing doing.

Liverpool Weekly Statistics.

Liverpool, July 18.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of all kinds 67,000 bales; total sales American 54,000; English spinners takings 57,000; total exports 15,000; imports of all kinds 7,000; imports American 3,000; stock of all kinds 693,000; stock American 581,000; quantity afloat all kinds 24,000; quantity afloat American 14,000; total sales on speculation 4,200; total sales to exporters 3,000.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 18.—Rain reports from the south were confined to the Galveston and Vicksburg district when New York opened. Liverpool sent a few buying orders and prices opened as a rule unchanged, fluctuations where they occurred being unchanged. As regards the matter of rain, it is generally felt that they have been sufficient for all requirements except possibly in west Texas, where, however, the drought has been much relieved. All in all the feeling prevails that the prospects are for a magnificent crop, but when it is recalled that the absence of moisture over large areas covered many weeks, and in many instances months, it is inconceivable to many how it will be possible to raise more than an average crop this season. A bullish Chronicle report is expected tomorrow—at all events close observers fail to see a greater crop possible than 11,000,000, all of which will be needed. Before midday prices moved up a few points, but the market lacked activity. Port receipts 2,500, against 6,700. The Liverpool statistical situation during the week shows some important changes. Stocks have decreased 66,000 for all kinds and 56,000 for the American. At the same time the stocks total as compared with the same date last year are 100,000 greater and of American 120,000 greater.

R. M. Seale & Co.'s General Market Letter.

Atlanta, July 18.—Cotton—Liverpool furnished no incentive except its continued heavy spot sales at unchanged prices. Private advices, however, conveyed the information that Lancashire spinners had agreed not to run on short time, and this created a stir here, which, with reports of the boll weevil getting prominent in sections of Texas again and unsatisfactory accounts of the crop being received from portions of the Atlantic districts, started shorts to scramble to cover and a sharp advance resulted. With the visible supply diminishing at a rapid rate, and new bales being decidedly scarce, it is no wonder that the market readily responded to large sales of spots. There is no reason to look for a decline as long as this state of affairs continues. There is a very short interest in some quarters. We do not remember so large a speculative, short interest concentrated in a few hands. Should the crop show up less favorable, then shorts will have trouble in buying in their cotton. New Orleans shot up in the air on both July and August. This may bring about a bigger advance than any one looks for.

Stocks—The coalers, while steady, did not furnish so pronounced a reflection of the strike situation as they did yesterday. A tremendous speculation was again conducted in Norfolk, Hocking Valley, Wheeling and Lake Erie, and the other bituminous coalers were likewise very strong. The Union Pacific refunding programme announced had been commonly anticipated. Southern Pacific was very strong, and a dividend is very likely in the near future. There was also large trading in Baltimore and Ohio, Pennsylvania and Southern Railroad. New York Central was strong. It is the general opinion that the control of the Reading is virtually vested in the hands of Pennsylvania railroad or the interests following that property, which probably accounts for the course of the stock during the period covered by the coal strike. The tractions were all strong with large dealings in Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Manhattan. The Steels also continued strong.

Wheat—There was talk of good export business [illegible] seaboard, but it was not confirmed, [illegible] buying at the start, due to [illegible] small Argentine shipments, while prospects for more rain and strength of July due to scarcity of contract wheat as receipts, which caused nervousness amongst the shorts. It looked like there may be quite a short interest in July, larger perhaps than one would imagine. With continuation of this wet weatner we can see that purchases on the soft spots will be the winner for the present.

Corn—One hundred and seven cars and 20,400 bushels of contract corn out of private houses here. The wet weather was responsible for the strength that appeared, and while higher values may be brought about, we favor sales for deferred futures.

Oats—There was a scramble for July with shorts eager buyers, due to the rain and small receipts. Reports of damage were numerous. Weather conditions will govern this cereal, but on hard spots we believe sales should be effected.

Provisions—Hogs were in small supply and higher. There was some commission house selling, but brokers absorbed ribs thought to be for Cudahy.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, July 18.—Flour, old wheat, Diamond patent, $5.10; second patent, $4.70; straight, $4.30@4.20; extra fancy, $4.00; fancy $3.85. First patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white, 88c; No. 2 white 87c; No. 2 mixed 86c. Oats, white clipped 64c; No. 2 white 62c; No. 3 mixed 60c; No. 3 mixed 56c. Bran $1.15. Brown shorts, $1.25; white shorts, $1.40. Early amber cane seed $2.10; orange $1.85. Victor food $1.40 per 100 lbs; Quaker food $1.40. Choice large bale hay $1.10; No. 1 small $1.00; No. 2 small 90c. Plain corn meal 82c; bolted 75c. Cotton seed meal $1.25 per 100 lbs. Hudnut's grits $2.00.

New York, July 18.—Flour was fairly active and steady. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 71; options strong and higher after the opening on rains west, better cables, covering and the wheat advance. This was followed by realizing, but the close was steady at 3@3-4c net higher; July 69 3-4; September 64 7-8; December 51 3-4. Oats, spot firm; No. 2 57; options higher on July at the west, but later eased off with other markets. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 79; options experienced an early sensation in a big advance; July wheat throughout the country, due to poor grading, light stocks, further rains west and a scare of shorts. Eventually offerings became larger in the afternoon and promoted reactions, although the close was steady at 5-8c net higher; July 80 3-4; September 77 1-2; December 77 7-8.

St. Louis, July 18.—Flour dull. Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 71 7-8c; track 72, new 75 for old; July 71 3-8@1 7-8; September 69 3-4; December 71 1-2; No. 2 hard 75. Corn weak; No. 2 cash 63 1-8; track 64@64 1-2; July 63 1-8; September 53 1-4@53 3-8; December 41. Oats higher; No. 2 cash, nominal; track 47, old; July 38 1-2; September 39 1-4; No. 2 white 56, old.

Cincinnati, July 18.—Flour dull. Wheat active; No. 2 red 74 new. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 66 1-2. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 54 1-2.

Chicago, July 18.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour easy. No. 2 spring wheat 75@77; No. 3 77; No. 2 red 77 1-2. No. 2 corn 65 1-4@65 1-2; No. 2 yellow 65 1-2. No. 2 oats 49 1-2@53; No. 2 white —; No. 3 white 54@56 1-4. No. 2 rye 61@62.

Provisions.

Atlanta, July 18.—Clear rib sides (boxed, 11 1-2; half ribs, 11 3-4; bellies, 12, ice cured bellies, 19 1-2. Sugar-cured hams 15; California hams, 11@12. Lard 12 1-4; compound 9.

New York, July 18.—Lard steady; July closed 11.30, nominal; refined steady. Pork steady.

St. Louis, July 18.—Pork 5c lower; jobbing $18.45 old; $18.85 new. Lard nigher at $10.77 1-2. Dry salt meats, boxed steady; extra shorts 11.12 1-2; clears ribs 11.25; short clear 11.50. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts 12.00; clear ribs 12.12 1-2; short clear 12.37 1-2.

Chicago, July 18.—Mess pork 18.32 1-2@18.37 1-2. Lard 11.00. Short ribs sides (loose) 10.70@10.80; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 9 3-4@9 1-2; short clear sides (boxed) 11.37 1-2@11.50.

Cincinnati, July 18.—Lard steady at 10.75. Pork meats firm at 11.00. Bacon strong at $12.25.

Groceries.

Atlanta, July 18.—Roasted coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckles, $10.30; Lion, $9.80; Cordova, $10.05; Blue Ribbon, $10; green coffee, choice, 10c; fair, 9c; prime 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5c. Syrup, New Orleans open kettle, 30@45c; mixed, choice, 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 25c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream, $1.25; common, 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, 14 1-2@15 1-2c. Matches, 85s, 45 3-4@55c; 200s, $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $3. Crackers, soda, 6 1-4c; cream, 7 1-4; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Candy, common stick, 5c; fancy, 7@10c. Oysters, F. W., $1.85; L. W., $1.25. Fancy head rice, 7c; head rice, 6c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, July 18.—Eggs, fresh stock, 13@13 1-2 per dozen. Butter, choice, 12@14c; fancy 18@20. Live poultry, hens, 32@35; fries, large, 18@20c; small, 10@14; ducks, puddle, 20c. Onions, 75@90c. Peas, white, $1.25@1.50; lady $1.25@2; field, mixed, $1; straight whips, $1.50@1.60. Cabbage, 2c per pound. Irish potatoes, No. 1, $2.50; small stock, no sale at all.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, July 18.—Bananas, per bunch, culls $1@1.25; straights, $1.50@1.75. Nuts walnuts, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 10c; almonds, 13c; pecans, 11c; Brazil nuts, 12 1-2c; peanuts, Virginia, 4@6c. Georgia, 2c. Pineapples, $3.50@4 crates. Dates, 5 1-2c; figs, 10@11c. Citron, 15c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., July 18.—Turpentine firm 43 1-2; receipts 748; sales 1,351; exports none. Rosin firm; receipts 2,450; sales 1,072; exports 1,451; quote A, B, C $1.10; D $1.15; E $1.20; F $1.25; G $1.30; H $1.70; I $2.05; K $2.55; M $3.05; N $3.40; windowglass $3.45; waterwhite $3.60.

Wilmington, July 18.—Spirits turpentine, nothing done; receipts 153. Rosin steady at $1.10@1.15; receipts 357. Crude turpentine firm at $1.40, $2.50 and $2.60; receipts 80. Tar firm at $1.50; receipts 200.

Charleston, July 18.—Turpentine and rosin unchanged.

The London Wool Market.

London, July 18.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 13,794 bales. Good light merinos were in demand or America. Other grades generally firm. Sales in detail:

New South Wales, 2,700 bales; scoured 7½d @1s 3d; greasy 2¾d@1s.

Queensland, 500 bales; scoured 1s 1d@1s 6d; greasy 5¾d@11d.

Victoria, 1,200 bales; scoured 5½d@1s 7½d; greasy 4d@1s 1d.

South Australia, 700 bales; scoured 1s 6d@1s 6½d; greasy 4½d@10½d.

West Australia, 45 bales; greasy 6¼d@9d.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, July 18.—Cotton seed oil unchanged; prime summer yellow 44c; off summer yellow 41½@42c; prime white 48@48½c; prime winter yellow 48@49c. Prime meal $29 nominal.

Memphis, July 18.—Cotton seed oil: Car load lots, per gallon, prime crude nominal; off crude 32½@33c; prime summer yellow 40c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, per gallon nominal. Cotton seed meal and cake: Prime $22.50; off nominal.

New Orleans, July 18.—Cotton seed oil products: Prime refined in barrels 43c; off 42c; prime crude, loose, 36c.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, July 18.—Coffee futures opened steady and unchanged to 10 points higher and followed an erratic course all the session, but it was dull, to manipulation by the "clique." Following the call general buying led by bull interests and shorts stiffened prices to a level 10@15 points above Thursday's close. Then the leaders turned sellers and under the pressure prices lost nearly the entire advance by early afternoon. Again, later in the day, a fresh bull movement sent the list back to the opening basis, the market closing steady and net unchanged to 10 points higher. Sales 56,750 bags; July 5; September 5.05@5.15; October 5@5.10; November 5.05; December 5.10@5.15; January 5.10@5.20; March 5.30@5.35; May 5.35@5.40. Coffee, spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 5¼; mild quiet; Cordova 8@11¾.

Sugar, raw steady; fair refining 2 13-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 5-16; molasses 2¾. Refined steady.

New Orleans, July 18.—Sugar strong; open kettle 2½@3 3-16; open kettle centrifugal 3@3⅛; centrifugal yellow 3⅛@4⅛; seconds 1⅝@3¼. Molasses dull; centrifugal 5@15

Foreign Finances.

London, July 18.—Consols for money 95 13-16; do. account 95 15-16. Atchison 91; do. preferred 104¼; Illinois Central 169; Louisville and Nashville 144¾.

Bar silver dull at 24 5-16d per ounce.

Money 2@2½ per cent.

Short bills 2⅝@2 7-16 per cent; three months' bills 2 7-16@2⅛ per cent.

Paris, July 18.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 72 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 15½ centimes for checks.

Berlin, July 18.—Exchange on London 20 marks 49¼ pfennigs for checks. Short bills 1¾ per cent; three months' bills 1¾ per cent.

EXCITEMENT GREAT IN THE GRAIN PITS

Shorts in Wheat and Oats Frantic in Efforts To Cover.

PRICES LITERALLY SOARED

July Oats Gained 5 3-4c—July Wheat 2 3-8c—September Deliveries Sympathized—Corn Only a Fraction Higher—Provisions Irregular.

Chicago, July 18.—There was great excitement in grains today. Heavy rains in the southwest frightened shorts, who bid so frantically to cover their outstanding accounts that prices, and especially in oats and wheat, literally soared. At top prices there was plenty of stuff for sale in the deferred options and prices sagged somewhat. July deliveries, however, fluctuated in a fashion that would have done credit to a corner, and at the close all prices were strong. July oats closed 5¾c higher, September oats 1c up, July wheat 2⅜c higher, September wheat 1½c up, July corn ⅜c higher and September corn ½c up. Provisions closed 7½c lower to 5c higher.

In point of spectacular display and phenomenal advances, oats—July in particular—held the center of the stage. The cause of the stampede was the simple situation of a goodly number of July shorts caught in a pretty tight trap. The unfortunates saw no other way out than to climb out at a high point, and in consequence fought to save themselves. The rain was the cause of much of the trouble. From points near this market, where the grain is yellow, reports came in that whole fields were down and had badly twisted. Receipts were only 87 cars, 25 of contract grade. Of these arrivals only 7 cars were new stuff, and these 7 showed no contract grade. This put the bears in a panic. It seemed impossible that with the cash market booming and a big export demand, there should be any chance of getting enough standard oats to fill contracts before the end of the current month. Added to this news, which in itself twisted the market in spasms, was the gossip that one house controlled all the short accounts in July, and that Mayor Patte, or Evanston, who cornered May oats, had the new July shorts under his thumb. There was a big trade in oats, notwithstanding the fact wild. July new started 3½c higher at 45½c, and touched 56½c before a reaction set in. September opened ½@¾c up at 35@33¾c, and easily touched 33¾c. After the first rush to cover there was a lull and prices slipped back. Just before the close, however, July new was given another severe turn and closed excited and strong 5¾c up at 57¼c. September closed strong, 1c advance at 33½c.

Wheat had a rush of buying orders to push prices up at the opening and a very strong market ensued. Houses with southwestern connections were among the best buyers, and gave as their reason for increased bids the damage to wheat in shocks by last night's heavy storm. July was in special demand, and was bid up excitedly by shorts covering until 78c was reached—a gain of 3¾c over yesterday's closing figures. Shorts were badly scared. There were several bearish influences at work, but little or no effect was felt from them. Cables were lower, but rallied. Receipts were much increased and foreign and domestic crop advices were good. One statistical journal issued a bearish report, and there was some selling as a result. The bullish incentives were the rain, depleted stocks of old stuff and a remarkable shortage of contract grade stuff in the new receipts. Today the contract grade equaled about ⅓ of 1 per cent, as against 90 per cent this time last year. This shrinkage is attributed largely to the long and disastrous rainy season. Wheat that naturally would reach this center in July, and was counted upon by shorts, was badly damaged by yesterday's rains in Illinois, Iowa, Neoraska, Kansas and Missouri. Still more rain is predicted. September wheat opened ⅝@¾c to ⅞@⅞c up at 72⅛@72⅝c, and sold at 72⅝c. Profit aking on the advance brought a reaction, but the close was firm for September with 1⅜c gain at 72⅛@72⅜c. July closed strong 2⅜c higher contract grade, and 222 of new stuff. Minneapolis and Duluth received 194 cars, making a total for the three points of 424 cars, against 317 last week and 458 a year ago. Primary receipts were 942,000, against 1,215,000 bushels last year. Argentine shipments were only 24,000 bushels, compared to 704,000 bushels last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour equaled 389,000.

Corn, after an early spurt, lapsed into dullness and fluctuated narrowly. Receipts of contract grade were materially cut down today, largely because of the decline in prices, it is thought. Selling on the bulge brought a reaction and there was little unusual about the market on the rest of the day. There was a fair commission house demand for December and May and the bull party supported July to a small extent. Cables were firm. July opened 2¼c up at 68c on support, but reacted to 65¾c on liquidation and closed higher at 67⅛@67½c and touched 67½c. On the selling this option dipped to 60¾@60¾c and closed only a trifle from ⅛c to 61¼c. Receipts were 445 cars, 75 of contract grade. Total contract stuff on the market amounted to about 250,000 bushels.

Provisions were depressed by early outside liquidation, but on a bullish hog situation packers gave the market some support and partial rallies resulted. September pork closed 7½c lower at $18.47½. September lard unchanged at $11.02½, and September ribs 5c up at $10.02½.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 205 cars; corn 415 cars; oats 105 cars; hogs 9,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
July	75½	78	75	77
September	72⅜	72⅞	72½	72⅝
December	72⅜	72⅝	72½	72⅝
CORN—				
July	68	68	65¾	66
September	61⅝	61⅝	60⅝	61⅛
December	47⅛	47⅛	46⅝	46⅞
May	44⅜	44⅜	43⅝	44
OATS—				
July, old	47⅛	47⅛	44½	47½
July, new	55	57¼	54½	57¼
September, old	31	31⅜	30½	30⅝
Sept., new	33⅞	33⅞	33	33½
Dec., new	33¼	33¼	32¼	32⅜
MESS PORK—				
July	18.22½	18.32½	18.22½	18.32½
September	18.50	18.52½	18.35	18.47½
October	18.20	18.27½	18.15	18.25
LARD—				
July	11.02½	11.02½	10.90	11.00
September	11.00	11.05	10.90	11.02½
October	10.80	10.80	10.70	10.80
SHORT RIBS—				
July				10.75
September	10.80	10.85	10.72½	10.82½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	6,000	11,000
Wheat, bushels	140,000	44,000
Corn, bushels	489,000	18,000
Oats, bushels	128,000	211,000
Rye, bushels	5,000	
Barley, bushels		

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 18.—Heavy rains in the southwest was the signal for a rush of buying at the opening this morning, and the wheat market was very strong, and continued to advance until September had passed 72¾c. Houses with southwest connections were among the best buyers, and commission houses were on that side as a rule. Selling was largely by local professionals. July was bid up to 78c by a big commission house supposed to be covering short wheat. Later in the day offerings became excessive, and there was a decline, July closing at 77c; September ½c higher and December ¼c higher. General rains and small Argentine shipments were about the only bullish news. Receipts were large and crop advices, both foreign and domestic were good. The Modern Miller was bearish, and some of the late selling was on this.

The corn market has been quiet. The Harris-Gates people have probably had some July for sale at 66c, through Barclay. About a quarter of a million sold so far. The market has been rather indifferent in view of the unfavorable weather, and the excitement in the other markets. July touched 68c early and then dropped to 66c. They have been for sale at that figure. There was some September covering early, and prices of the deferred months were up ⅝@⅞c. The market did not hold.

There was a wild opening in oats today, shorts scrambling to cover on rains and small receipts. There was a big trade notwithstanding the fact that there was not much for sale. Later in the day the market eased off some with other grains, but the price remained higher.

Outside selling of provisions at the opening caused weakness in products, but a good demand from brokers later caused a partial recovery of the early loss. There was a good trade in pork and lard. The hog situation was bullish.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, July 18.—Wheat, spot steady; No. 1 northern spring 6s 2½d; futures quiet; July nominal; September 6s 1¾d; December 6s 1¾d.

Corn, spot firm; American mixed 6d; futures quiet; September 5s 2¾d; October 5s ¾d.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, July 18.—Today was another animated day in the stock market with aggregate sales of over a million shares. The strength and variety of the market had no new development to account for them, but the large capital which has embarked upon the project of putting up prices and inviting an outside following pursued their operations with apparently unabated confidence. These operators are apparently firm in the conviction that the public sentiment of the country has arrived at that stage of confidence in the success of the year's crops, the continued prosperity of all lines of industry and the sufficiency of the money resources of the country that the example of a vigorous upward movement of stocks is all that is needed to induce them to come into the market and buy stocks freely and boldly, thus affording a medium for the liquidation of the holdings which the capitalists are taking on in their advance. The leaders of today's market were Pennsylvania and affiliated railroads. Southern Railway was brought into the movement in a way to make it appear that closer relations than those now existing might be in prospect between the two properties. The apparent determination of the coal miners' convention not to make their strike general was given as a reason for the aggressive buying of Pennsylvania, and all the seaboard soft coal carriers, and there was in addition a very circumstantial assertion that Pennsylvania had secured control of Reading. It is no new thing in Wall street that, with the approaching dissolution of the voting trust now in control of Reading, there was a large absorption of the stock with a view to controlling the board of directors, and it has often been asserted that Pennsylvania was one of the parties to this contest. No authoritative information on the subject was forthcoming today. The accompanying advance of New York Central was held to signify an acquiescence in the new control of the Vanderbilt interests. The banks have apparently gained cash this week to the extent of over $4,000,000, of which $1,622,000 was on subtreasury operations and the rest by receipts by express from the interior, showing the temporary nature of last week's unreasonable demand from the interior. New York exchange at Chicago rose to a premium of 15c. The Grangers did not share fully in the day's strength, but they were by no means depressed, in spite of the unwelcome rains in the crop regions and one or two unfavorable weekly reports of earnings. The market closed firm but below the best except in a few cases.

The bond market was active for the general list steady.

Total sales, par value, $3,626,000.

United States bonds were unchanged.

Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent; closed offered at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand and at $4.85⅝@4.85½ for 60 days; posted rates $4.86@4.86½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills $4.84¾@4.85¾.

Bar silver 52¾c.

Mexican dollars 41¼c.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds steady.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	89¼	Manhattan L	135¾
do. preferred	101¾	Metro. Street Ry	150¼
Baltimore & Ohio	109¾	Mexican Central	30
do. preferred	96	Nat'l Ry of Mex	19
Canadian Pacific	135¾	Minn. & St. Louis	113¾
Canada Southern	91	Missouri Pacific	113¾

NEW MEN JOIN LOCALS TODAY

Durrett and Busch Will Be Seen With Atlanta Uniforms.

ATLANTAS LOST YESTERDAY, BUT PLAYED CLEAN BALL

The Game This Afternoon Will Start at 2:15 O'Clock, Instead of 4, in Order To Allow Both Teams To Catch Train.

Southern League Standing.

Teams.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per C
Nashville	70	48	22	.688
New Orleans	66	43	23	.652
Little Rock	68	41	27	.603
Memphis	67	34	33	.507
Atlanta	66	33	33	.500
Shreveport	68	24	44	.353
Birmingham	67	23	44	.342
Chattanooga	65	21	44	.323

With a team badly crippled, but made up of men willing to play ball for all there is in it the Atlantas faced the Memphians yesterday afternoon. And they lost, as might have been expected, but the fans were better satisfied with the team than they have been in weeks. The spectators, and there were 1,500 present, were not inflicted with any exhibitions of childishness. They saw honest, clean baseball which they had paid to see and hence they were satisfied.

Charley Frank had St. Vrain in the box, and yet Atlanta's loss was not due to the presence of that pitcher as much as to the errors of the home team. Up to the fifth inning Baker pitched a finer game than did the visitor and even when the game had reached its conclusion the Atlanta pitcher's work looked as good as that of the man over whom so much has recently been made.

St. Vrain gave more bases on balls than Baker. He struck out fewer men than Baker and there was never a point of the game in which Baker was not more thoroughly and completely at home than was St. Vrain. St. Vrain was rattled by the noise from the grandstand and the bleachers, while never did Baker indicate that he knew what was going on while he was at work.

Baker in Good Form.

It is true Baker was hit oftener and harder than was St. Vrain, but much of that was due to the fact that Baker's heart was somewhat taken out of him by the ragged support he got rather than to St. Vrain's ability to do anything like the work the Atlantans have been expecting of him.

St. Vrain's support was of the best, while the men behind Baker appeared to have a case of stage fright at times.

Pabst's absence from the bench necessitated a new field captain and Winters who found in that place. He was on first base, and it was more to his work than the work of any other man that the game was lost. Few men could have put a more inferior game at the initial bag than did Winters. Five errors were charged up to him before the game was over and in nearly every instance the errors aided materially in run-getting by the visitors. But Winters' errors were of that character which can be excused, for there was not a minute of the game when he was not earnestly endeavoring to win. It may have been due to the fact that it was his first day in command of the team.

It was apparent to all that the men on the field were badly handicapped and that a perfect game could not be expected.

The Memphians put up an excellent game and the star plays were given recognition by the spectators the same as if the plays had been made by the Atlantas. With those who saw the game it is an assured fact that the Atlantas, under ordinary conditions, could easily have beaten the game the visitors put up yesyesterday afternoon. St. Vrain was not in the least a stumbling block. On the contrary, the Atlantas found him at times with an ease that was surprising.

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Frank, l. f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Leighton, c.	3	1	1	5	2	0
Taylor, 3b.	4	1	1	3	1	1
Winters, 1b.	5	0	2	8	0	5
Stouch, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Blankenship, s.s.	4	0	1	2	4	2
Streit, c. f.	2	1	0	3	0	1
Wilson, r. f.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Baker, p.	4	0	1	0	5	0
Totals.	34	4	9	*26	14	9

MEMPHIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Gfroerer, r. f.	5	1	1	2	0	0
Evans, 2b.	5	3	1	1	2	0
Babb, 3b.	5	2	4	0	3	1
Laroque, 1b.	4	3	2	11	1	0
Swacina, r. f.	6	2	2	3	0	0
Waldois, s. s.	6	0	4	0	1	1
Frank, l. f.	5	0	0	3	0	0
Armstrong, c.	4	1	0	6	0	0
Vrain, p.	3	1	0	1	7	1
Totals.	43	13	14	27	14	3

*Frank out on trapped ball.

Score by innings:
Atlanta. . . . . 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—4
Memphis. . . . . 0 0 0 2 0 0 5 1 5—13

Summary—Earned runs, Atlanta 2, Memphis 4; two base hits, Frank of Atlanta, Winters, Babb; bases stolen, Taylor, Gfroerer; bases on called balls, off Baker 4, off St. Vrain 4; hit by pitched ball, by Baker 2; struck out, by Baker 5, by St. Vrain 4; wild pitches, Baker 1. Time of game, 1:50. Umpire, Keefe.

The Game Today.

The Atlantas will finish the series with the Memphis team this afternoon and will leave as soon as the game is over for New Orleans. The game will begin this afternoon at 2:15 o'clock instead of 4, as usual, and this is done in order to allow the Atlantas to catch the train for New Orleans this afternoon, where they will play tomorrow.

When the game is opened today at least two new men will be on the field wearing Atlanta uniforms. Durrett, who has been an outfielder on the Chattanooga team, will be found in centerfield, while Busch, once with the Atlantas, will be seen again at shortstop.

When the team returns from its trip it will be stronger and in better condition than ever before.

New Orleans 17, Birmingham 1.

Birmingham, July 18.—New Orleans batted the ball all over the lot, and this, coupled with an abundance of errors by the locals, gave Birmingham the worst defeat ever suffered on the home grounds. Wilhelm, who has been laid up with a broken finger, went in to pitch, but was very wild and allowed the visitors to score eight runs. Deaver was substituted and fared a little worse, allowing seven hits and nine runs. The crowd was disgusted and several hundred left the park before the game was more than half over. Score:
Birmingham. . . . . 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 11
New Orleans. . . . . 0 1 3 4 1 0 4 4 0—17 14 2
Batteries: Wilhelm, Deaver and Blue; Stewart and Abbott.

Shreveport 7, Chattanooga 5.

Chattanooga, July 18.—The visitors won in a ragged exhibition today. Persons, Childs, Soffel and Pastor, of the North Carolina League, have joined Shreveport. Umpire Wilson Matthews made his debut and gave satisfaction. Attendance, 1,100. Score:
Chattanooga. . . . . 1 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0—5 10 4
Shreveport. . . . . 2 1 1 0 3 0 0 0 *—7 11 2
Batteries: Dolan and Roth; Persons and McGuire.

Little Rock 6, Nashville 1.

Nashville, July 18.—Little Rock outbatted Nashville today and the locals' errors came at critical times. Attendance 2,000. Score:
Little Rock. . . . . 0 1 0 1 4 0 0 0 0—6 8 2
Nashville. . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 3
Batteries: Guese and Lynch; From and Fisher.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

No Game at Washington.

Washington, July 18.—Detroit-Washington game postponed; rain.

St. Louis 4, Baltimore 3.

Baltimore, July 18.—The "transition" Baltimore American league team was defeated by St. Louis this afternoon after one of the fastest and most exciting games played here this season. Attendance, 900. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—3	6	2
St. Louis	3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—4	12	2

Batteries—Shields and Drill; Powell, Sudhoff and Kehoe.

Philadelphia 7, Chicago 6.

Philadelphia, July 18.—With Chicago leading with one run in the ninth, two out and two on bases, Schreckengost, for the home team, hit to left field fence, scoring two runs. Attendance, 4,000. Score:
Chicago. . . . . 2 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—6 11 2
Philadelphia. . . . . 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 2—7 15 2
Batteries—Callahan and Sullivan; Waddell and Scheck.

Cleveland 14, Boston 4.

Boston, July 18.—Hughes was wild and ineffective today and retired in favor of Williams in the second inning. The visitors batted Williams at will and won. Attendance, 4,760. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—4	10	2
Cleveland	4 0 1 4 0 5 0 0 0—14	16	1

Batteries—Williams, Hughes and Warner; Bernhard and Wood.

Niagara Excursion, $7.00, Via Erie Railroad, August 6, 1902.

Good twelve days. Stopover at Lake Chautauqua, Cambridge Springs. Toronto $1.00 more; Thousand Islands $6.50 more, and Montreal $10.65 more. Special train from Cincinnati 1:15 p. m. Through sleepers. Write Erie office, 11 W. 4th street, for particulars.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn 2, Boston 1.

Brooklyn, July 18.—Brooklyn defeated Boston in the tenth inning on safe hits by Keeler and Ahearn. Attendance, 3,000.
Boston. . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 7 1
Brooklyn. . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2 7 2
Batteries—Willis and Moran; Donovan and Ahearn.

Chicago 2, Pittsburg 0.

Pittsburg, July 18.—Doheny pitched a good game and was given excellent support, but Pittsburg could do nothing with Taylor's delivery. Only twice did the locals reach third base. Attendance, 2,070. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	5	0
Chicago	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	7	2

Batteries—Doheny and Zimmer; Taylor and Kling.

Standard Oil To Meet W. and A.

The baseball teams of the Standard Oil Company and the Western and Atlantic offices will cross bats at Ponce de Leon springs this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The game promises to be an interesting one, as both teams are capable of putting up high-class ball.



Our Artist's View of St. Vrain, That "Real Thing" Pitcher from Memphis Who Has Been Designated as a Contract Hurdler. At Any Rate He Jumped All Over Atlanta's Team Yesterday.

INDEFINITE SUSPENSION FOR FRANK, OF MEMPHIS

CHARLIE FRANK, the heavy weight manager and left fielder of the Memphis team, whose recent attitude in retaining St. Vrain on his pitching staff has brought on a serious rupture in the Southern League, was yesterday suspended indefinitely by Secretary Farrell, of the national board. The telegram ordering Frank's indefinite suspension was received in Little Rock by President Aaron Frank, of the Little Rock club, last night and was repeated to The Constitution at an early hour this morning. The telegram is as follows:

"Aaron Frank, Little Rock, Ark: No papers in St. Vrain matter submitted as per your meeting. Suspension of Manager Frank and Pitcher St. Vrain hereby continued indefinitely. Do not permit either to play. J. H. FARRELL."

Since the courts at Chattanooga have taken a hand in St. Vrain's case the management of the Southern League cannot interfere with the playing of that pitcher until the injunction has been settled. St. Vrain's case is set for hearing next Monday at Chattanooga.

Will Frank Play Today?

With Manager Frank, however, it is different. Prior to this last telegram from Secretary Farrell, Frank disregarded the act of the league management in suspending him and an indefinite suspension will probably not impress him any more than the ordinary kind of suspension.

Whether he will play today in defiance of the order of President Nicklin remains to be seen. It is possible that President Nicklin will telegraph instructions to Umpire Keefe, who will officiate in the game at Piedmont park today, to have Manager Frank hauled off the field in case he insists upon playing. This action would undoubtedly break up the game, as Charlie Frank can be counted on to take his team with him if he is ordered from the field.

As the matter stands at present the Atlanta team will probably be given the two games Memphis has already won on account of the fact that Manager Frank played in both contests.

On the receipt of the Little Rock telegram at an early hour this morning, Manager Frank, who had retired to his room at the Aragon, could not be seen in regard to the course he proposes to take. The indications are that he will wait for the first move to be made by Umpire Keefe.

The suspension of Charlie Frank was the result of his action in playing Pitcher St. Vrain, the contract jumper, in defiance of orders from President Nicklin.

KRUG FINED BY RECORDER.

Former Short Stop of Atlanta Team States That He Lost His Head.

Henry Krug, the erstwhile shortstop of the Atlanta baseball team, was fined $10.75 by Recorder Broyles yesterday morning for having thrown a ball into the bleachers during the Atlanta-Memphis game Thursday afternoon.

His only excuse to Recorder Broyles for the act was that he lost his head. The recorder stated that as no one was hit by the wild throw, he would only fine the shortstop $10.75. Krug paid the fine.

The case was made by Officers Hollingsworth, Norman and Barfield, and when called its nature was explained to the recorder.

Captain W. P. Manly, who was present at the game, testified to witnessing the act. He stated that he saw Krug get the ball, turn and speed it into the bleachers.

Louis Huff, who was in the grand stand, testified that the crowd in the bleachers hissed Krug and that some one threw a bottle and rock at him, after which Krug returned the fire with the baseball.

Krug stated that he was informed that a bottle and rock had been thrown, but that he did not see them. He said the hissing of the crowd caused him to lose his head and that he then threw the ball.

Huntsville 11, Nashville 3.

Huntsville, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—The J. S. Reeves team of Nashville was the victim in Huntsville's twelfth straight victory yesterday afternoon. The batteries were Kerwin and Curtis, for Nashville, and Bormar and Street for Huntsville. Kerwin allowed 13 hits. The score was as follows:

	R.	H.	E.
Huntsville	0 0 2 3 0 1 5 0 *—11	13	3
Huntsville	0 0 2 3 0 1 5 0 *—13	13	3

Concord 14, Hollinville 9.

Concord, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Concord defeated Hollinville in a game of baseball this afternoon by a score of 14 to 9.

Sylacauga 2, Anniston 1

Anniston, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—Sylacauga defeated Anniston today in the fastest game ever seen on the local diamond. Roberts was in the box for Sylacauga, but was outpitched by Lynch. He pitched yesterday's game also. Anniston's run was earned, while Sylacauga's were on errors. The time of the game was one hour and thirteen minutes. Score:

	R	H	E
Sylacauga	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2	5	0
Anniston	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	6	6

Batteries—Roberts and Dunlap; Lynch and Decosta. Attendance, 300. Umpire, Ragan. These teams have played eight games and each has won four. The last game will be played tomorrow.

AUGUSTA Y. M. C. A. TEAM KICKED ON A DECISION

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Nearly one thousand people gathered at Wildwood park this afternoon to see a double-header between Columbus and the Augusta Young Men's Christian Association ball team, the last of an exciting series of games. In the second inning of the first game the visitors kicked on a decision of Umpire Springer and left the grounds in a body. Practically the entire crowd sustained the umpire.

The Augusta team left for home tonight. Under the rules both games were given to Columbus. The management of the local team refused to divide the receipts of the last game with them and the matter will be left to arbitration.

At a meeting tonight the Columbus team was reorganized and strengthened.

No Races at Grosse Pointe.

Detroit, Mich., July 18.—Grosse Pointe races postponed today on account of rain.

Baltimore Franchise Forfeited.

Baltimore, July 18.—The American League board of directors today formally declared the franchise of the Baltimore Baseball and Athletic Company forfeited.

SECOND CHOICES AND OUTSIDERS

Go Under the Wire in Front at Brighton Beach.

ONLY TWO FAVORITES WIN

Hatasoo and Minotaur Reward Their Backers—Ethics, Even Money Favorite, Loses Through a Bad Ride—Results at Washington Park.

New York, July 18.—Hatasoo, 1 to 4, and Minotaur, 2 to 7, were the only winning favorites at Brighton Beach today, the other four races going to second choices and long shots. Ethics, a hot favorite at even money in the fourth race, at 1 1-4 miles, was beaten through a bad ride. Tommy Burns had the mount and was apparently winning at the sixteenth pole, when Shaw, on Tom Kenny, came through on the rail and beat the favorite a nose. Weather clear, track fast:

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Hatasoo, 120 (O'Connor), 1 to 4, won; Luxcasta, 102 (Wonderly), 9 to 2, second; Red Path, 118 (H. Cochran), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:12 4-5. Petra II, Macana and Belle of Lexington ran.

SECOND RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Warranted, 96 (Redfern), 15 to 1, won; Lucent, 99 (Wonderly), 30 to 1, second; Pleasant Sail, 91 (H. Michaels), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Bluff, Henry Clay Rye, Georgia Gardener, Mollie Peyton, Right Away, Ninonia, Annie Grace, Dachschund, Maximo Gomez, Alsike and Vesuvia ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Music, 112 (O'Connor), 8 to 1, won; Forward, 109 (Bullman), 7 to 1, second; Bright Girl, 111 (Odom), 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:14 4-5. Cincinnatus, Merry England, Handspinner, Irascible, Stonewall, Embarrassment, Demi Tasse, Kentucky Cardinal, Franklin C ran.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap, one and one-quarter miles: Tom Kenny, 110 (Shaw), 7 to 2, won; Ethics, 111 (T. Burns), even, second; Daffodowndilly, 95 (J. Jackson), 20 to 1, third. Time, 2:05 3-5. Sadie S. Surmise ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Minotaur, 107 (J. Martin), 2 to 7, won; Birchbroom, 94 (Force), 10 to 1, second; Eva Russell, 104 (Rice), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 2-5. Bismarck, Briers, Red Knight, Bob Hilliard, Frank Karrick ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Bessie McCarthy, 111 (Wonderly), 9 to 5, won; Clonmel, 126 (T. Burns), 9 to 2, second; Khital, 113 (O'Connor), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 3-5. Setauket, C. Rosenfeld ran.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

First Race—The Chantilly, 1 3-4 miles, over seven hurdles: Charawind, McGrathiana Prince, 151; Star Chamber, 146; Semper Ira, 145; Marylander, 137.

Second Race—Five furlongs, selling: Ring Dove, 112; Barkelmore, Mount Hope, 110; Full Back, Frank Karrick, Gentry, Damon, W. R. Condon, Amorous, Northern Light, 107; Australia, 106; Mexicana, 106; Squid, Isle of Wight, Niaxus, 104; John A. Scott, Menenfield, 102; Pine Top, Miss Glene, 99.

Third Race—Selling, mile and a half: Black Dick, Swiftmas, 105; Plohn, 104; Himself, 103; Operator, The Amazon, Bellario, 101; Potente, 94; Leonid, 91; Numeral, 84.

Fourth Race—The Produce, 6 furlongs: Injunction, 122; Hurst Park, Mexicana, 119.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: The Regent, 109; Waterton, 108; Illum, 105; Bonus, 104; Fair Knight, 101; Numeral, Leonid, 99; Early Eve, Golden Cottage, 94; Alack, 93.

Sixth Race—Five and a half furlongs: Pearl Diver, Albany Girl, Maintain, Epidemic, Futurita, Willful, Spring Violets, Stamping Ground, Miladi Love, Pink, Smiles and Kisses, 109.

Seventh Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Satire, 111; Fred Ackerman, 110; Potente, 108; Peninsula, Facile, 106; San Andreas, 105; Obia, 104; Mosketo, 103; Animosity, 96.

AT CHICAGO.

TWO STRONG FAVORITES FAILED TO MAKE GOOD

Chicago, July 18.—The Washington park track was a sea of slop today. Scratches was declared off, a six-furlong selling race being substituted. The sport was without especial feature except for the good exhibition by Air Light in the 2-year-old race. Captain Brown's filly broke last of her field, but moved gradually forward and, challenging Emir in the run home, beat the Corrigan filly handily. Two strong favorites met defeat in Trentham and C. B. Campbell.

Tomorrow will be the last day of the meeting, the feature of the card being the Wheeler handicap of $7,500 at 1 1-4 miles, the most valuable fixture for all aged horses in the west.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Huachuca, 105 (Woods), 9 to 2, won; Emma R, 109 (Birkenruth), 20 to 1, second; Henry of Franstamar, 111 (Davisson), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:19 3-5. Paquita, Little Gem, Afghan, Goal Runner and L'Etienne ran.

SECOND RACE—Mile, selling: Andy Williams, 108 (Ransch), 5 to 2, won; Hans Wagner, 105 (Woods), 18 to 5, second; Boaster, 112 (Knight), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:49 4-5. Trentham ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, five furlongs: Air Light, 105 (Coburn), 13 to 5, won; Emir 105 (Miller), 7 to 1, second; Senator Morrison, 108 (Wood), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 2-5. Senor, Flash of Lightning, Mirance, Mireina, Adirondack, The Forum, Olentz ran.

FOURTH RACE—Seven and one-half furlongs: Favonius, 114 (Ransch), 3 to 5, won; Ethel Wheat, 109 (Coburn), 4 to 1, second; A. D. Gibson, 101 (Birkenruth), 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:44. Private Nolan ran.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, six and one-half furlongs: Muresca, 101 (Ransch), 5 to 1, won; C. B. Campbell 107 (Meade), even, second; Peat, 111 (Knight), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:27 3-5. Evelyn Byrd, Pompino, Chorus Boy, Lovable, Ben Frost ran.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs: Ordnung, 111 (J. Woods), even, won; Geyser, 111 (Lyne), 4 to 1, second; Erema, 107 (Ransch), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 2-5. If You Dare ran.

Today's Entries at Chicago.

First Race—Five furlongs: Esherin, Mirance, 115; Daddy Bender, Sheriff Bell, Rhesa, 108; Adirondack, 105.

Second Race—Six furlongs: Escalante, Martin Burke, Brixton, Picquart, 107; Le Royd, 104; Moabina, Herse, 102.

Third Race—The Lakeview handicap, six furlongs: J. Sidney Walker, 121; Tom Cogan, 115; Sidney C. Love, 114; Gallant Smith, 112; Watkins Overton, Gold Bell, 111; Bob McLean, 107; Linguist, 110; Glendon, 109; Shooting Star, 108; Sheriff Bell, 107; Claude, 105; Albemarle, 104.

Couple McLean and Gold Bell as Schorr entry.

Fourth Race—The Wheeler handicap, mile and a quarter: Orantas, 115; Argregor, 122; Six Shooter, 118; Flying Torpedo, Wyeth, Aladdin, 110; Otis, 106; Lucien Appleby, 105; Hunter Raine, 100; Wild Pirate, 95; Inspector Shea, 91.

Fifth Race—Mile, selling: Trebor, Spurs, Henry of Franstamar, Chorus Boy, 105; David S, Marion Lynch, 103; Compass, 101; George Whitney, 93.

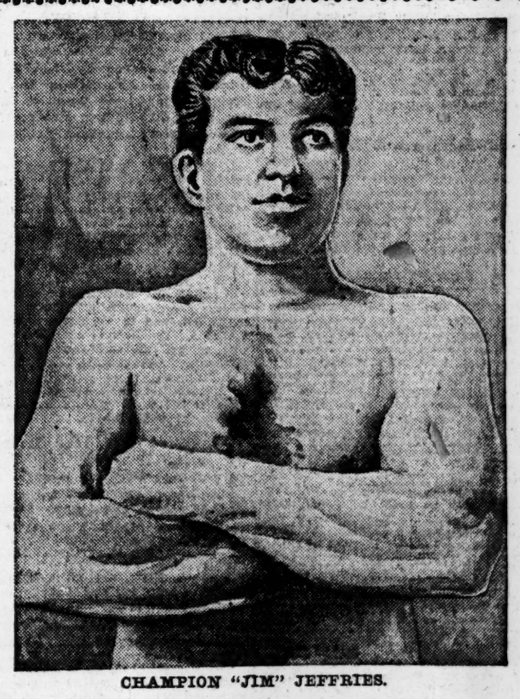
Sixth Race—Mile, selling: Colonel Ballantyne, 116; Star Cotton, 109; C. B. Campbell, 107; Peat, 105; Tammany Chief, Conundrum, Ed Adack, 103; Pyrrho, 101.

The largest selling brands of Cigars in the world!



One Band from "FLORODORA" Cigars or Two Bands from "CUBANOLA," "CREMO" "GEO. W. CHILDS" or "JACKSON SQUARE" Cigars are of same value as one Tag from "E. RICE GREENVILLE," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "OLD PEACH & HONEY," "STAR," "GOOD LUCK," or "RAZOR" Tobacco. 4

CHAMPION JEFFRIES SICK; HE HAS WORKED TOO HARD



CHAMPION "JIM" JEFFRIES.

Oakland, Cal., July 18.—Rumors were flying thick and fast around town today to the effect that Champion Jeffries was sick at his quarters as a result of overtraining. This gives rise to the report that Jeffries was out of condition and that he was laid up for repairs. It was pointed out that the champion is away below his normal weight. Trainer Delaney admits that Jeffries has worked too hard.

Jeffries arose at 1 o'clock today and showed up at the gymnasium at 2 o'clock. He said:

"I am not sick. I was tired after being at the theater last night. I have cut out my work today and will just take gymnasium exercise. I'll be ready for the fight."

Yesterday Jeffries fell asleep while being rubbed down.

Owing to persistent rumors to the effect that Champion James J. Jeffries is ill from over training and widespread gossip that he will not be able to make a showing against Robert Fitzsimmons in their battle next Friday night, Jeffries made an emphatic statement to the Associated Press today denying all these stories and denouncing the authors of the same.

"I slept late today," said Jeffries, "because I attended a theater in San Francisco last night and was very tired. I am not over trained and am in perfect form."

Billy Delaney, in Oakland, manager for the champion, however, is not at all satisfied with the situation. Jeffries did not leave his bed until nearly noon today. Fitzsimmons was up with the birds, however, and spent an active day at Skaggs. He will reach here on Sunday with his trainers. The betting is slow at 10 to 4, with Jeffries still favorite, rumors of the champion's indisposition seemingly having had no effect on the public yet. The sale of seats continues brisk and the amphitheater at Fourteenth and Valencia streets, where the battle will be fought, is almost in readiness. It is to be turned over to the club management within three days.

Ferns Gets Decision.

Eureka Springs, Ark., July 18.—Jim (Rube) Ferns was given the decision tonight over Billy Emerson after ten rounds of lively fighting. Ferns forced matters throughout and clearly had the better of the contest.

ATHLETIC CLUB VS. DECATUR.

The Two Strong Amateur Teams Will Clash at Brisbine This Afternoon.

The Atlanta Athletic Club and Decatur will cross bats this afternoon at Brisbine park. The game will be called at 4 o'clock. From the work the two teams have put up this year, the game promises to be a hot one. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged, but ladies will be admitted free.

The teams will present the following line-up:

ATHLETIC CLUB.	DECATUR.
Foster	catcher. Holcomb
Stockdell	pitcher. C. Cox
Reynolds	first base. Morgan
Dougherty	second base. Hurnbuckle
Glenn	third base. Williams
Tichenor	shortstop. Goss
Everett	left field. Wright
Moore	center field. T. Cox
Adair	right field. Hall

The two nines contain some of the best amateur ball tossers in the country. Floyd Foster, Jim Dougherty, Reynolds and Tichenor all played on the crack University of Georgia '97 team that defeated Pennsylvania. Wayne Moore was a star on the Technological school team last year, while Troup Cox, of Decatur, pitched for the university team in 1900.

Neither club has met defeat this year, and the contest will be for blood from start to finish.

Abbot Meets Lord Derby Today.

Cleveland, Ohio., July 18.—The Abbot, 2:03 1-4; The Monk, 2:07, and Lord Derby, 2:06 1-4, will trot a special race of 1 mile at the matinee races of the Gentlemen's row forenoon. There is no money consideration, the prize being a blue ribbon. Driving Club at Glenville track tomorbon.

BYERS AND JAMES CONTEST FOR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Glenview Golf Course, Golf, Ills., July 18.—E. B. Byers, of the Allegheny Club of Pittsburg, and Louis James, of the Glenview Club, Chicago, will meet in the finals for the amateur golf championship here tomorrow, both having won their way through the semi-finals today, when Byers defeated Dr. D. P. Fredericks, of Oil City, and James won from F. O. Remhart, of Baltimrol.

The finals will be played over the first nine holes of the Glenview course, as was the case today, the rest of the field being covered with from 2 to 10 inches of water.

The scores today follow:

Morning Play.

Byers—										
Out.	5	4	5	5	4	3	6	4	—41	
In.	5	4	5	5	5	7	3	6	—44	
										85
Fredericks—										
Out.	6	4	6	6	6	7	3	6	5	—48
In.	5	4	5	4	5	7	3	5	4	—43
										91
James—										
Out.	5	4	5	5	4	7	4	7	5	—46
In.	5	3	5	5	4	5	5	6	4	—43
										89
Reinhart—										
Out.	6	5	5	4	6	3	5	4	—43	
In.	5	3	6	4	4	6	3	8	5	—44
										87

Afternoon Play.

Byers—										
Out.	5	3	5	5	6	4	6	4	—43	
In.	5	4	5	5	5	5	x			
Frederick—										
Out.	5	4	6	5	5	5	3	7	5	—41
In.	5	4	5	6	5	5	6	5	x	
James—										
Out.	5	4	5	4	4	7	3	5	4	—43
In.	5	4	5	5	3	6	4	5	x	
Reinhart—										
Out.	5	4	5	6	5	4	6	4	—43	
In.	5	4	6	5	4	6	4	8	x	

On July 8 the Crescent hotel, at Eureka Springs, opens as an all-year-round resort, under the management of the Frisco system. Extensive renovations and improvements have been effected which will make the Crescent hotel the equal of any hostelry to be found in the southwest.

A·B·C BOHEMIAN "KING OF ALL BOTTLED BEERS." Order from Jacobs Pharmacy Co.



IT'S FREE!

Our little book for railroad men. It quotes all the new Watches required by the Southern Ry.

KELLEY, The Jeweler, 28 Whitehall St.

MAYA WON THE MOTOR RACE.

Walthour Not in the Contest at Charles River Park Last Night.

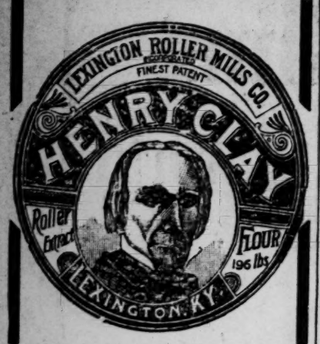
Boston, July 18.—In a twice-postponed 25-mile motor-paced race at Charles river park tonight, Maya won by about eight yards, his time being 36 minutes. Walthour was not able to race because of injuries received last night. The Atlanta rider is fast recovering from his fall and will be on the track again next Monday.

Very Cheap Rates to Colorado, Utah and California Points.

Less than one fare via Louisville and Nashville railroad. For rates, schedules, maps and full information write to J. G. Hollenbeck, district passenger agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Spend Sundays and Mondays at Tybee, "Where Ocean Breezes Blow."

$5.00 round trip every Saturday night via Central of Georgia railway. Ticket offices 16 Wall st. and union depot.



INVESTIGATE.

Do you use the best flour? Or are you using "just as good." Talk with your grocer about this. Ask him about "Henry Clay." Don't take the "just as good" brand of flour, when it costs as much as "Henry Clay." If your grocer has the best he has "Henry Clay."

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 10 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Established in 1857.

Peter Lynch,

95 Whitehall St.,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos.
Also at 7 W. Mitchell st. Dealer in Hardware, Guns, Pistols and Ammunition, Garden and Field Seeds, Shoes and Rubbers, Boots. Just received a lot of Fresh Turnip Seeds, Bush and Cornfield Beans, Ear Corn for mid-summer planting, &c., &c. Millville—Mason and Mason improved and Woodbury Fruit Jars, half gallons, quarts and pints, also fixtures extra for any of these Fruit Jars. A perfect variety store, as usual. Terms Cash. 150 spirit barrels, half barrels, 15 and 10 and 5 gallon kegs for sale.

Foote's Trunk Factory,

17 East Alabama St.,

ATLANTA, - - - - CA.

Manufacturers of

Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, etc.

All Kinds Pocket Books and Leather Novelties in Stock.

Wholesale and Retail.

Trunk Repairing a Specialty.

TELEPHONES 230

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the system in order and prevent morbid conditions of the liver which precede disease.

A Preventative of sick headache, dyspepsia, dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, coated tongue, loss of appetite, constipation and All Bilious Diseases.

TRADE E & W MARK MISSOULA COLLAR

Only 11 Hours' Ride TO Cumberland ... Island, THE Ideal Atlantic Coast Resort

Tourist's Tickets,

Good until Oct. 31st,

$13.00

Week-End Tickets,

Good leaving Atlanta Saturday night, and returning, leaving Cumberland Monday evening,

$6.50

Berths reserved and further information furnished on application at Southern R'y Ticket Office, corner Kimball House, 'Phone 142, or at Union Depot, 'Phone 178.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed at Sanitarium or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Cure Co., Drawer A, Austell, Ga. Home treatment sent if preferred. Correspondence strictly confidential.

DECLARES LAWYER WON'T PAY MONEY

Mrs. Hall Says Counsel Declines To Give Up Her Share.

HE COLLECTED A JUDGMENT

She Asserts, Also, That She Called at His Office Many Times and Spent All of $3 on Car Fare on Those Visits.

Alleging that her counsel collected the amount of a judgment rendered by a jury in the city court in her favor and refuses to pay over to her the share she claims is due, Mrs. Georgia A. Hall has instituted proceedings in the superior court against J. C. Jenkins, a member of the Atlanta bar, to secure the money.

Mrs. Hall asserts that in June, last year, Mr. Jenkins represented her as next friend of Lula Hall in a damage case tried in the city court. She sets forth that a verdict for $250 was rendered, and, according to contract, her attorney was to get half of the judgment. She claims he should pay her $117.50.

The plaintiff asserts that Lawyer Jenkins collected the money May 29 last. Out of her part of the money it was stipulated that she should pay $7.50, the cost of the court stenographer for professional service. Mrs. Hall avers that her former counsel refuses to pay her the amount she claims, and, further, she declares she has called at his office twenty-five or thirty times in regard to the matter.

She says she nearly always found that he was out, or, so she says she believes, he was locked on the inside. Mrs. Hall also asserts that she spent fully $3 for car fare calling on Mr. Jenkins and has, so she says, been put to the expense of paying a $25 lawyer fee in order to have a rule issued against him by the court. She asks for judgment for the various sums named.

Mrs. Hall is represented in this instance by Attorneys H. W. Dent and Walter A. Sims. Her petition for a rule nisi was presented to the court on July 5 and on that day Judge Lumpkin signed an order setting the case for a hearing September 6. The papers, however, were not filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court until yesterday.

Wants To Get Typewriter.

Attorney Charles A. Read, acting for H. M. Ashe, yesterday filed complaint proceedings in the city court against the Publishers' League Company in an effort to secure possession of a typewriter which the plaintiff claims. Mr. Ashe asserts that the league has possession of the machine, which he values at $105. The profits arising from the use of the typewriter he estimates at $5 a month. He asserts that the defendant refuses to deliver the machine or pay the profits.

Asks To Be Discharged.

Marvin L. Case, through his attorney, T. J. Ripley, yesterday filed his final report as receiver for the Atlanta Symphony Club and asked to be discharged as such. He sets out that he has paid all the creditors of the club 50 cents on the dollar for the principal sum due each and that he had now exhausted the assets of the concern. Incidentally he says ninety suits were brought in the justice courts against members of the club to collect amounts they owed the organization. The claims now in hand, the receiver states, are practically worthless. After paying creditors he has $23.30 in hand.

Thomason Will Probated.

The will of George W. Thomason was proved in solemn form yesterday afternoon before Judge Wilkinson in the ordinary's court. He left an estate estimated to be worth about $10,000 to his daughter, Jasper N. Smith qualified as executor of the will.

Will Be Examined Today.

Thomas J. Cole will be examined this morning at 10:30 o'clock in the ordinary's court as to his sanity. It was reported to the ordinary that Cole was in the habit of tearing up his bed clothing and gave evidence of softening of the brain. A jury has been summoned to look into the case.

He Sues for Damages.

In the city court yesterday Nelson Robinson filed suit against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company for $1,000 damages for alledged personal injuries said to have been sustained June 24. The plaintiff, who was a drayman, declares that while unloading his wagon at the corner of Alabama and Broad streets on the day mentioned he was run into by a car of the defendant company. He asserts that he received serious injuries. He is represented by Attorneys R. R. Shropshire and J. F. Golightly.

Property Transfers.

The following property transfers were recorded yesterday in the office of the clerk of the superior court:

From R. E. Burnham, McLennan county, Texas, to H. M. McKeldin, McMinn county, Tennessee, lot 49 by 210, on Capitol avenue, to secure loan of $3,000.

From Mrs. M. E. Spilman to Mrs. Maria S. Provano, lot 90 by 190, on Angier avenue, corner Jackson street, $4,600.

From Mrs. Maria S. Provano to M. F. May, of New York, lot 90 by 190, on Angier avenue, corner Jackson street, to secure a loan of $3,000.

From Nicholas Rooney to John S. Owens, lot 64 by 201, on East Baker street, $1,500.

Dubarry Is Dismissed.

Washington, July 18.—The secretary of the treasury has dismissed J. S. Dubarry, an immigrant inspector stationed at Buffalo, N. Y. The main charge was ungentlemanly conduct toward ladies traveling between Canada and the United States.

Reid Is Coming Home.

Washington, July 18.—Whitelaw Reid has notified the state department that he intends to sail for the United States on the 26th instant, and of course the special embassy to the coronation will be broken up.

1709 1902

Buy ONLY the GENUINE.

J. M. F. (Johann Maria Farina)

Sternengasse 9-11 In Köln



EAU DE COLOGNE is used by all Royal Heads of Europe. The most fashionable scent of to-day, very refreshing, lasting, sweet and delicate; produces an atmosphere of fascinating, exquisite refinement. 9-11 IS THE MOST POPULAR PERFUME in Europe.

For Sale by BROWN & ALLEN, 24 Whitehall Street.

AUSTIN SAID FATAL WORD, NOW LOOKING FOR A JOB

AUSTIN FOY, the mayor's colored porter, is reported as having said he "would be damned if he did" to an order given him by the mayor's private secretary and the remark, especially the "damn" part of it, cost him his job.

It seems that Will Goodwin told Austin to do some errand and he replied in the foregoing terms. Mr. Goodwin told the mayor and it took the mayor about two minutes to fire Austin.

If there is one thing that the mayor dislikes more than he does another it is profanity. He will have none of it about him, and especially none of it from colored porters. The mayor is said to have given Austin a very serious talk in which he discoursed at length upon the profanity habit and advised Austin to enter some colored reformatory.

Austin does not care so much about the lost job, but he declares that he has been wronged. He says if he used the word at all it was because he had probably heard some one else use it. He did not intend to be disrespectful.

Local politicians, it is said, are not as careful with their language as they might be, and while it is true that Austin is a pillar in the church, since he has been in local politics he has heard the word used once or twice and it may be that he contracted the habit without knowing it. At any rate, Austin is very much aggrieved over the fact that he was dismissed for supposed profanity. He wants vindication on that line, even if he don't get his job back. In the meantime the employees in the city hall are all anxious to have Austin reinstated. They hope that Mayor Mims will overlook just one little word and take him back.

IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS.

Seven thousand people attended the veterans' reunion at Statesboro on Thursday and Governor Candler, who was the chief attraction, says he had the time of his life. The governor returned to the city yesterday morning. "You see I'm hoarse; well, you'd be too if you had tried to speak to four or five acres of people as I did yesterday," said his excellency, in telling about it. "There were seven or eight thousand people there. It looked to me as if not only the whole of Bulloch county had put in an appearance, but that all the surrounding counties were represented. As a matter of fact, many people were there from other counties. The reunion and barbecue—there was a barbecue of course—were held in a beautiful grove and everything was conducted in the most perfect manner. I was met at the depot by four beautiful young women, who had been appointed to escort me, and an old confederate flag waved over the carriage in which we rode to the grounds. They were not the only beautiful girls on hand, however. The fact is, I never saw so many pretty ones in my life. They don't know what it is to have ugly girls or women down there. Speaking? Oh, yes; there was plenty of that; and there was plenty of barbecue, too. Seventy carcases were roasted over the pits. Altogether it was a glorious occasion. I'm sorry for everybody who could not be present."

Governor Bliss, of Michigan, has turned down the requisition of the governor of Georgia for C. D. Smith, who has been indicted by the grand jury of Lowndes county for larceny after trust. Smith is alleged to have sold a sewing machine entrusted to his care by the Singer company and to have pocketed the proceeds. The papers sent to the governor of Michigan were in proper form, but the executive office at Lansing seems to have a different idea of the duty of a governor than is held at the Georgia capitol. Governor Bliss says the law of Michigan provides that an affidavit and warrant must accompany requisition papers, and as these were not with the Smith requisition, it was returned to Governor Candler. The law of each state provides how a requisition must be made out by the governor of that state, and the federal statute provides that a governor "shall" honor the requisition of the governor of a sister state when properly made out. Governor Candler followed the Georgia law in making this particular requisition. The provision is that there shall be an affidavit and warrant unless an indictment has been found. The indictment by a grand jury is regarded as an act fixing the charge more specifically than the mere affidavit and warrant, and when there has been an indictment nothing else, according to the Georgia law, need be sent with the requisition papers than a copy of the indictment.

Officials of the comptroller general's office are very chary about making predictions concerning the state's probable total tax returns. In the five counties heard from, the increases and decreases about offset one another. Captain Tip Harrison, who has had long experience in handling the county digests, is of the opinion that it is unsafe to attempt predictions until about seventy-five counties have been heard from. Fayette county shows an increase of just $227. Jackson, which is the last county to come in, shows an increase of $113,467.

RAILWAY NOTES.

Southern Passenger Changes.

The following changes in the Southern's passenger department are announced effective August 1:

J. L. Meek, who has been traveling passenger agent at Knoxville, is appointed district passenger agent at that point. The office of traveling passenger agent at Knoxville is abolished.

J. C. Lusk, who has been traveling passenger agent at Chattanooga, is appointed district passenger agent at Birmingham. F. B. Jones, who has been traveling passenger agent at Selma, is transferred to Birmingham to succeed Traveling Passenger Agent C. E. Jackson, resigned. He will also continue to travel the territory formerly covered from Selma.

J. E. Shipley, who has been city passenger and ticket agent at Chattanooga, is appointed traveling passenger agent with headquarters at that point, succeeding J. C. Lusk. H. F. Latimer, who has been city passenger and ticket agent at Rome, is appointed city passenger and ticket agent at Chattanooga, succeeding J. E. Shipley.

M. H. Bone, western passenger agent, whose headquarters have heretofore been at Dallas, will in the future travel from Houston. In addition to his present duties he will perform those of Traveling Passenger Agent John M. Knight, who has resigned.

The Southern has heretofore not had district passenger agents at either Birmingham or Knoxville.

Rumored Coast Line Changes.

A number of changes are expected in the passenger organization of the Atlantic Coast Line in Florida on August 1. They will, of course, come as a result of the consolidation of the Plant system with the Coast Line.

It is understood that F. M. Jolly, who for many years has been division passenger agent for the Plant system at Jacksonville, is to be succeeded by Frank R. Boylston, who has been Florida passenger agent for the Atlantic Coast Line.

The Coast Line, it is said, will take care of Mr. Jolly, but as yet no information has been given out as to where he will be stationed or in what position he will serve.

S. P. Collier, who has been soliciting freight and passenger agent at Jacksonville, is to be made division passenger agent at Tampa, succeeding J. A. Taylor, who has represented the Plant system at Tampa with that title.

In these changes it will be noted that Coast Line men win as they have done everywhere else. It was thought that the Florida representatives of the Plant system would fare better after the consolidation than the outside representatives of the road, but it seems that all are to lose their heads together

Marsh Succeeds Hafer.

A. H. Marsh, who has been connected with the Georgia railroad at Augusta, has been appointed chief clerk to the receiver of the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern with headquarters at Gainesville, succeeding Ed M. Hafer, who has gone with the Peninsular and Occidental Steamship Company at Jacksonville, as announced by The Constitution several weeks ago.

As chief clerk to the receiver Mr. Marsh will in reality be traffic manager of the narrow gauge road, as he will have direct control of both the freight and passenger departments.

Shorter Time to El Paso.

The Choctaw and the Rock Island announce the inauguration of through service between Memphis and El Paso on a forty-six hour schedule. This is a reduction of several hours in time between those two points. The reduction also applies to Atlanta via Memphis over either the Southern or the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis.

The new train runs from Memphis to Amarillo over the Choctaw, from Amarillo to Dalhart over the Fort Worth and Denver City, and from Dalhart to El Paso over the Rock Island. The same Choctaw trains make connection at Amarillo for Denver over the Fort Worth and Denver City and the Colorado and Southern.

Spikes and Cinders.

George A. Reindeau, who has been connected with the local office of the Santa Fe for several months, has gone to Galveston, where he accepts a position in the office of the general manager of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe.

The Seaboard's excursion reached Wrightsville yesterday morning at 7 o'clock. The trains were in charge of Traveling Passenger Agents W. B. Clements and W. H. Fulton. A number of those who went up on the excursion are occupying Pullman cars which have been parked on the beach.

On July 17 the Central of Georgia handled fifty-one cars of peaches. The total number handled this season is 759. The first car to go north on the Western and Atlantic, the Georgia and the Atlantic Coast Line's fast fruit route went yesterday.

Haiden Miller, of St. Louis, general freight agent of the Mobile and Ohio, and C. P. Jackson, of Montgomery, general agent for the same line, were in the city yesterday.

The passenger department of the Rock Island has gotten out two very handsome booklets advertising the Colorado resorts. The booklets are entitled "Camping in Colorado" and "Under the Turquoise Sky."

J. C. Magness, of Cincinnati, traveling freight agent for the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, spent yesterday in Atlanta.

Memphis, Tenn., July 18.—The free delivery system inaugurated in Memphis by the Illinois Central and the Louisville and Nashville railroads as the extension of a fight originating in Louisville, is spreading.

Effective July 21, the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham, the eastern branch of the 'Frisco, and the Southern will adopt the free drayage system. The 'Frisco will not adopt the policy west of the river, and for this reason the likelihood of the other western roads taking a hand is minimized. It is thought that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis will be drawn into the fight.

Pierre, S. Dak., July 18.—Articles of incorporation were filed today for the Interstate Railway Company, with headquarters at Canton, S. D. The capital stock of the company is $50,000,000 and it is proposed to build a line of railway from Duluth, Minn., to Galveston, Tex.

Cincinnati, July 18.—There was a conference here today of representatives of the Chesapeake and Ohio, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, the Norfolk and Western and other coal carrying roads having Cincinnati terminals. They denied there was any investigation of alleged cuts in rates or other differences under consideration except news wishing arrangements between other roads over the new belt line that the Norfolk and Western has built from the eastern to the western limits of this city around through the northern suburbs and the appointing of most of the districts.

A Weak Stomach

Indigestion is often caused by overeating. An eminent authority says the harm done thus exceeds that from the excessive use of alcohol. Eat all the good food you want but don't overload the stomach. A weak stomach may refuse to digest what you eat. Then you need a good digestant like Kodol, which digests your food without the stomach's aid. This rest and the wholesome tonics Kodol contains soon restore health. Dieting unnecessary. Kodol quickly relieves the feeling of fulness and bloating from which some people suffer after meals. Absolutely cures indigestion.

Kodol Nature's Tonic.

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

DeWitt's Little EARLY RISERS

The famous little pills for constipation.

DECATUR STREET STORE.

On this street, at the corner of Courtland, we have recently had erected a building containing several nice stores with lofts above. These have all been rented except ONE, which we are now offering at a price that is especially inducive. This store is 40 by 60 feet and runs back to a 20-foot alley. It has the advantage of a loft twice its size, and also has a good cement floor basement. We have just completed the plate glass front, and now it is altogether the prettiest store on Decatur street.

There is no better location in the city for some up-to-date wholesale or retail business, for we all know that Decatur is the business street in the city.

Call on us for further particulars and terms. G. W. ADAIR.

Foote & Davies Co.

The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts

65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

For Sale by C. H. Girardeau & Co.,

24 Walton. Prudential Building.

$6,500 for a 10-room house, covered with slate, and in three blocks of the post-office; good neighborhood; corner lot, 100x100, and room enough to build another house. The house that is on this lot would cost $4,000 to build it; the lot is worth $6,000 alone. Come and see it.

$4,600 for a home close in on the very best part of Capitol avenue; real bargain.

$2,100 takes an Inman Park lot, nicely shaded, best part of the Park; 100x250.

$1,400 will take a new, up-to-date, 5-room cottage, mirror mantles and tile hearths, sewer, water and gas; near North avenue. Very place for an engineer's home. Glenn Faver, with C. H. Girardeau & Co. 'Phones 164.

Placed Americans in Front.

Jackson, Miss., July 18.—(Special.)—Gus Shingleur, a Jackson boy who has returned home from a trip to South Africa as a muleteer on a British transport which left New Orleans about five months ago, states that the British officers always placed the Americans in the front rank in battle and that this policy was followed in every regiment having Americans on the enlisted roll. The Americans, however, never rebelled at the injustice, and the commanding officers freely admitted that they performed the best fighting in every engagement.

HOTEL EARLINGTON

NEW AND ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

27th STREET WEST

NEAR BROADWAY.

Center of Shopping and Amusement District.

ORCHESTRA IN PALM ROOM CAFE.

It is the desire of the management to make the Hotel Earlington the New York home of Southerners.

E. M. EARLE & SON.

Single rooms, $1.50 and $2.00, with bath. Double rooms, $3.00 and $4.00, with bath. Suites, parlor, bed room and bath, $3, $4, $5 and $7. Parlor, two bed rooms and bath, $7 and $10.

Richfield Springs, N. Y.,

FIFTEENTH SEASON

HOTEL EARLINGTON

Directly opposite the Great White Sulphur Springs Bathing Establishment.

HOTEL ST. JAMES

Moderate Rates.

E. M. EARLE & SON,

New York Booking Office, Hotel Earlington. GOLF LINKS. 27th St., West, near Broadway.

Tate Spring, Tenn.,

THE CARLSBAD OF AMERICA.

The most delightful health and pleasure resort in the union. 164 miles east of Chattanooga, in the loveliest valley of the East Tennessee mountains.

Two hotels, 25 cottages, 40 acres lawn, electric lights, water works, steam heat with modern baths, telegraph and long-distance telephone. The water cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all troubles of liver, stomach, bowels and kidneys. Shipped any time anywhere. The Southern railway grants stop-over privileges on round-trip tickets.

Open throughout the year. Send for 50-page book.

Thomas Tomlinson,

Owner and Proprietor, TATE SPRING, TENN.

LONG BRANCH.

WEST END HOTEL AND COTTAGES.

Situated on bluff facing ocean. Transient rates $4.50 a day and up; American plan.

Hotel and Cottages Now Open.

New York office, 115 Broadway (Room 76).

W. E. HILDRETH, Mgr.



HOTEL EMPIRE.

BROADWAY AND 63d ST., N. Y. CITY,

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

RATES MODERATE.

Excellent Cuisine — Modern
Efficient Service — Exclusive
Extensive Library — Accessible

Orchestral Concerts Every Evening.

All Cars Pass the Empire.

From Grand Central Station take cars marked Broadway and 7th Ave. Seven minutes to Empire.

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CHARLES E. COPE.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, July 18.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Georgia, North and South Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday. Sunday increasing cloudiness, probably showers and not so warm; light variable winds, mostly southwest.

Virginia—Showers and not so warm Saturday. Sunday fair; light to fresh southwest winds.

Eastern Florida—Occasional showers Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds.

Western Florida and Alabama—Fair Saturday. Sunday probably showers and not so warm; light variable winds, mostly south.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Showers and thunder storms Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds, mostly south.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature in north portion Saturday; fresh southeast winds.

Western Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday, rising temperature in north portion.

Tennessee—Scattered showers and thunder storms Saturday and Sunday; not so warm.

Kentucky—Showers Saturday and not so warm. Sunday fair.

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature at 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in Past 12 Hours.
Abilene, partly cloudy	92	96	.00
Augusta, clear	90	96	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	70	74	.02
Charleston, clear	82	92	.00
Charlotte, partly cloudy	90	96	.00
Chattanooga, clear	92	98	.00
Chicago, cloudy	66	70	.36
Cincinnati, cloudy	72	90	1.14
Corpus Christi, clear	84	88	.00
Detroit, rain	64	70	.22
Dodge City, clear	74	76	T
Galveston, partly cloudy	84	88	.00
Huron, cloudy	70	72	.00
Jacksonville, clear	82	94	T
Kansas City, rain	70	86	1.44
Knoxville, partly cloudy	84	94	.00
Memphis, clear	88	90	.00
Mobile, clear	84	88	.00
Montgomery, clear	92	96	.02
New Orleans, partly cldy	82	90	T
New York, cloudy	76	86	T
Norfolk, clear	88	98	.00
North Platte, partly cldy	70	72	.00
Omaha, cloudy	70	74	T
Palestine, clear	88	92	.00
Raleigh, clear	90	98	.00
Rapid City, rain	58	66	.30
St. Louis, partly cloudy	84	88	.12
St. Paul, rain	64	70	.02

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

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No. 1559.

Report of the condition of

THE ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK, AT ATLANTA,

In the State of Georgia, at the close of business, July 16, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,096,087 95
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		65,152 08
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		150,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		150,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		360,628 80
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		75,000 00
Other real estate owned		12,262 78
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		362,901 59
Due from state banks and bankers		120,768 32
Due from approved reserve agents		277,501 51
Internal revenue stamps		519 44
Checks and other cash items		5,499 48
Exchanges for clearing house		28,673 58
Notes of other national banks		109,704 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		829 97
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie $203,312 64; legal tender notes $141,236 00		344,547 64
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		7,500 00
Total		$4,167,577 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	150,000 00
Surplus fund	200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	427,884 41
National bank notes outstanding	150,000 00
Due to other national banks	141,671 48
Due to state banks and bankers	169,121 13
Individual deposits subject to check	$2,540,411 05
Demand certificates of deposit	225,965 07
Certified checks	1,848 85
Cashier's checks outstanding	12,504 70
United States deposits	139,780 55
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	8,389 90
Total	$4,167,577 14

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, SS: I, C. E. Currier, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. E. CURRIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of July, 1902.

D. B. DeSAUSSURE, Notary Public.

Correct Attest: P. ROMARE, HUGH T. INMAN, FRANK E. BLOCK, } Directors.

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